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Regd. No. B. 7065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXIV NO. 279 BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1936 PRICE: ONE ANNA

British Submarines For Spanish Waters

CONGRESS ELECTION CAMPAIGN

Plan To Approach Every Voter For Support To Party Candidates

Preliminary arrangements in connection with the election campaign on behalf of the Congress candidates in the City are now complete and the Election Campaign Office situated at the ground floor of the Congress House is now working in full swing, with a staff of about 50 persons.

Some of them are now engaged in sorting out the names and addresses of 300,000 voters in the city, according to streets and wards.

It is expected that each and every voter in the City, as far as possible, will be approached at least thrice on behalf of the Congress candidates, if not on more occasions. The aim of those in charge of the Election Campaign Office is that a complete contact with all the voters should be established, no matter to what Party they may belong, or whichever candidate they may choose to support.

At first, the Congress workers will visit the voters personally and hand over to them the Congress Election Manifesto, thousands of copies of which are printed.

Again shortly before the day of polling, the Congress volunteers will go to the voters and acquaint them with the method of polling and give him particulars of his registered number on the rolls, and the polling booth where he could vote.

And finally on the day of polling, the voters would be reminded that they should go to their respective polling booths, so as to avoid confusion and rush.

Besides posters and placards, election pamphlets are being printed and the City will be shortly flooded with them. Barring the holding of public meetings, every step is being taken by the Congress leaders to make the election campaign as thorough-going and comprehensive as possible. And if the present disturbed conditions continue, these measures, it is stated, may counteract to some extent, the handicap of the absence of public meeting for purposes of election campaign and propaganda.

All Quiet On Tuesday Night

The situation on Tuesday night was all quiet except for two minor incidents which are not connected with the communal tension. One of these occurred at Mohamed Ali Road where a Hindu was stoned and the other at De Lisle Road where a person was assaulted with sticks.

In both cases the injured persons received treatment in Hospital and were allowed to return to their respective homes.

(Other Riot news on page 8).

DETENU SUICIDE AGAIN!

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

While the whole country has been stirred by Dr. Rabindranath Tagore's press statement demanding an independent and impartial committee to enquire into the causes which led to suicide by two Bengal detenus recently, comes a report from Maldah (a district in North Bengal) of yet another suicide by Krishna Pankaj Goswami, a detenu in home internment, on last Saturday night.

He was staying with his father who is a pleader in the local Bar. It is understood that the youngman left behind a letter asking his parents not to mourn for him. —United Press.

First Flotilla Leaves Malta

FRENCH REPLY TO REBEL BLOCKADE THREAT

Can't Admit Right As Franco Govt. Is Not Recognised

MALTA, November 24.

The first submarine flotilla of the Mediterranean Fleet consisting of nine submarines and the depot ship "Cyclops" have left Malta.

BOUND FOR MALTA

Though no official information regarding their destination is given, it is understood that they are bound for the Spanish waters.—Reuter's Special.

NO MENTION OF BARCELONA

Franco's Reply To Britain

HENDAYE: Nov. 24.

The British Ambassador, Sir Henry Chilton, has received a reply from Gen. Franco, containing no mention of Barcelona but indicating right of anchorages for British ships in Valencia, Alicante and other ports.

Sir Henry Chilton has again asked Gen. Franco to give precise information.—Reuter.

FRANCE TAKES PRECAUTIONS

For Guarding Her Ships In Spanish Waters

PARIS: Nov. 24.

The Government has instructed the Ministry of Marine to take all precautions necessary for the protection of the French flag in Spanish waters.

The French authorities take the view that they cannot admit the right of insurgents to blockade Barcelona as Gen. Franco's Government has not been accorded the belligerent rights.

Maritime circles point out that according to Maritime Law, neutrals are not obliged to observe the blockade, unless it is effective and warships in the possession of the Burgos Junta are too few to accomplish this.—Reuter.

For Protection In International Waters

PARIS, Nov. 24.

The instructions to protect the French Flag apply to waters off the coast of Spain. In other words, outside Spanish territorial waters. It is learned that the French Government is not intending to take steps different from those adopted by Britain.—Reuter.

Snow And Rain Hold Up Operations

MADRID: Nov. 24.

Snow and rain are preventing military operations to-day. Government claims that insurgents are still pinned in the University District. The Militia is now resting, helping to evacuate the civil population. They have arranged safe storage of artistic and scientific treasures.—Reuter.

Tanks Aid Moors On Madrid Streets

LONDON, Nov .24.

Reuter's special correspondent with the insurgents states that the insurgents, employing strong reinforcements of men and tanks thrust forward their line after severe fighting and occupied the whole of West Park.

They then attacked the model Prison and the Don Jaime Barracks.

Thrice before the insurgent advance began, Government fiercely counter attacked.

During house-to-house fighting, tanks advanced into the streets with a section of the Moors crouching behind each. When a house was reached the Moors leaped out and battered the door while the tanks continued to spray the facade with machine gun bullets. —Reuter's Special.

Insurgents' Claim

SEVILLE: Nov. 24.

The insurgents claim to have repulsed several Government attacks yesterday also destroyed a food supply train proceeding to Madrid from Valencia.—Reuter.

British Steamer's Crew Arrested?

LISBON, Nov. 24

The crew of a British steamer which put into the Bay of Rosas for shelter from storm were arrested and, taken to Barcelona by the Government authorities according to Gen. Delbano's wireless. —Reuter.

NO TRUTH IN REPORT

GIBRALTAR Nov. 24.

Nothing is known in naval circles of Lisbon's report that the crew of a British steamer have been taken prisoners by Government troops.—Reuter

Berlin Denies Charge Of Spying By Ships

BERLIN, Nov. 24.

Official quarters describe Spanish allegations mentioned in Valencia's message as nonsense and declare that German ships have other duties than spying.—Reuter.

WAS IT SPANISH GOVT. SUBMARINE?

Speculation About Attack On "Cervantes"

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Is the submarine alleged to have attacked the Spanish Government cruiser "Cervantes" a deserter from the Spanish navy?

This surmise is advanced in London diplomatic circles on the strength of a report that Government sent out a submarine about a month ago to patrol the Straits but did not return to the base and is thought to have joined the insurgents.—Reuter.

(Earlier news on page 7).

SALENGRO'S SUCCESSOR

PARIS, Nov. 24.

M. Marx Dormoy, Socialist Under-Secretary of State at the Premier's Office, is appointed to succeed M. Salengro.—Reuter's Special.

Roy Meets Jawahar

Nature Of Prolonged Consultations Kept Close Secret

BAREILLY, Nov. 24.

Mr. M. N. Roy, who came here on Saturday last, had a prolonged consultation with Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru about the political situation in the country. Both Pt. Nehru and Mr. Roy refused to disclose the nature of talks they had.

Approached by a "United Press" representative on the eve of his departure for Lucknow for a further clarification of his attitude with regard to the Congress movement in India, Mr. Roy said:

"I find my first public statement issued from Dehra Dun immediately after my release, declaring my adhesion to the Indian National Congress, has caused some surprise in certain quarters. Very likely, the Anglo-Indian Press will mis-interpret it as still another evidence—this time decisive—of the National Congress going red. Therefore, I find it necessary to make it clear that the situation is just the reverse.

DEFENDER OF CONGRESS.

The Congress is not becoming Communistic, but on the contrary, Communists, as determined fighters for freedom of the Indian people, are joining the ranks of the Congress. I personally have also been a persistent defender of the National Congress, though I would not always agree with some of the details of its critical terms. Besides, being outside the country, I could not function formally as a Congressman.

FOR DEMOCRATIC FREEDOM.

Now being in a position to do so, I have decided to make only this formal change in my political attitude. I have no intention of urging the Congress to adopt any other programme than that of democratic freedom".—United Press.

LUCKNOW GREETS M. N. ROY

LUCKNOW, Nov. 24.

Mr. M. N. Roy arrived at Lucknow this evening along with Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, to consult medical opinion about his health which has deteriorated much in jail.

He was accorded a great reception at the station by the local Congressmen and Labour leaders.

According to the present programme he will stay at Lucknow for two days, and then go to Allahabad.

The programme is provisional and depends on medical advice. He will be examined by Dr. Vyas to-morrow.United Press.

CIVIC ADDRESS TO VALLABHBHAI

Madras Corporation To Fly Tri-Colour On Occasion

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

At a special meeting of the Madras Corporation held this evening under the presidentship of the Mayor, Mr. Sriramulu Naidu, it was resolved to present a civic address of welcome to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel during his ensuing visit to Madras in December.

At the same meeting on a motion of Mr. Satyamurthi it was also resolved that the National Flag would be flown over the Corporation building along with other decorations on that occasion.—United Press.

SARDAR PATEL'S MADRAS TOUR

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will arrive in Madras on December 13 for his Tamilnad tour.—United Press.

RANGOON: U. Tin Gyi, Registrar of Co-operative Societies, and U. Ba Maung, ex-M.L.A., sailed for Calcutta 'en route' to New Delhi to attend the Co-operative Conference.

Free Peasants From Burden Of Debts

U. P. Congress Agrarian Report Recommends Curtailment Of Zamindars' Rights

DEATH DUTIES PROPOSED

LUCKNOW: November 24.

Drastic curtailment of the Zemindars' rights, the writing off of arrears of rent, the wiping out of debts and the alteration of the Law of Inheritance are some of the recommendations made by the U. P. Congress Agrarian Inquiry Committee Report, which is now released to the Press.

Unanimous Recommendations

The recommendations of the Committee are unanimous and were considered by a meeting of the Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee, held at Bareilly, during the last week-end.

Death Duties

The Committee urges the imposition of death duties on the Zamindary property above certain level and suggests that rent be charged on the surplus produce after the deduction of the cost of production and the maintenance expenses of peasants.

Co-operative Farming

Among other suggestions are the consolidation of holdings, prevention of fragmentation, exemption of uneconomic holdings from rent, co-operative farming and development of cottage and large-scale industries.—United Press.

U. P. CONFERENCE RESOLUTION

April 1 To Be Observed As Anti-Constitution Day

BAREILLY: Nov. 24 (Delayed).

The United Provinces Political Conference concluded late last night after adopting resolutions recommending to the All-India Congress Committee to observe April 1 next, on which day Provincial Autonomy would be inaugurated as "Anti-Constitution Day" urging the Congress to advise the people not to participate in the Coronation if held in Delhi. The latter resolution was moved by Mr. Sampurnanand who made a strong speech.

Pandit Jawaharlal proposed a resolution on the Spanish situation with a stirring speech on it.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant moved a resolution appealing for funds to carry on the election campaign, while Babu Purshotamdas Tandon had a resolution on the Agrarian problem.

The Conference was attended by about 10,000 people.

The next session would be held at Aligarh.—United Press.

STOP PRESS

MORE GERMANS ARRESTED

BERLIN, Nov. 24.

Three more Germans have been arrested by Soviet authorities, according to report received from Moscow by a German News Agency. Their names are Friedrich Boesherz, Engineer, Reinhold Schinder and Herman Stammer. The German Embassy is trying to obtain further information with regard to arrests which took place on Saturday.—Reuter.

INSULT TO GERMANY.

BERLIN: Nov. 24.

Award of Nobel Peace Prize to Herr Von Ossietsky is described by the German news agency as "Shameless insult to Germany". It declares "The fact that the Nobel Peace Prize has been awarded to the notorious traitor is such a shameless provocation and insult of new Germany that suitable and clear answer will follow".—Reuter.

NAZI TERROR CONDEMNED

Nobel Prize For Peace Awarded To Carl Von Ossietzky

OSLO, Nov. 24.

The Pacifist, Carl von Ossietsky, who was released on November 17, after three years' detention in a Nazi concentration camp has been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize for 1935 and the Argentine Foreign Minister M. De La Mas for 1936.

Von Ossietsky's present whereabouts are unknown.

M. De La Mas presided over the League Assembly in October when he made a striking speech asking whether civilisation was on the verge of a breakup.—Reuter.

U. S. TIGHTENS HOLD ON GOLD

Treasury Abolishes Right Of Private Individuals To Export It

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.

Mr. Morgenthau has announced the abolition of the right of private individuals to export gold.

Gold exports in future will be made only through Stabilisation Fund to countries adhering to the Monetary Agreement concluded on 13th October.—Reuter.

FURTHER WINDFALL FOR OXFORD MEDICOS

(Special Cable)

LONDON, Nov. 24.

Lord Nuffield has given another £750,000 towards the Medical Research Foundation, Oxford University, for which he has already donated £1,250,000.

Lord Nuffield came to this unsuspected decision and made the sensational announcement towards the termination of a meeting of the Convocation, presided over by the Chancellor, Viscount Halifax, which was called to accept the previous gift. Lord Nuffield said he gathered that the money already subscribed was insufficient to produce the effect he anticipated and it would be a great pity if the scheme should not be brought to fruition as soon as possible.

"C. R." MAY COME BACK AGAIN

Declines To Say Anything About Acceptance Of Congress "Gadi"

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

Interviewed by the "United Press" about the proposal of his name for the presidentship of the Congress session at Faizpur, Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar declined to make any statement.

He said that the A. I. C. C. Office would issue, in a few days, the final list of names of the candidates proposed for the presidentship and meanwhile he was not free to make any statement.

Regarding the report of an interview granted by him and published in certain local papers about his view on his election to the presidentship and the same being wired outside, he said that he had never given any interview to the representatives of any local papers on the subject uptil now. —United Press

SATYAMURTI'S FUTILE EFFFORT

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

Mr. Satyamurthi who returned here last evening from Bombay was closeted with Mr. C. Rajagopalachari last night in connection with Congress Presidential election.

It is understood that Mr. Rajagopalachari is unyielding and is not agreeing to accept the honour and it is definitely learnt that he is withdrawing.—A.P.

THEFT OF SOVIET DEFENCE PLANS

Sensational Moscow Revelations

MOSCOW, Nov. 13.
(By Air Mail).

Sensational revelations about the theft of State documents of high military importance from the fortress cellars of Kremlin will come out when the recently arrested foreigners, including Germans and Poles along with some Soviet officers, will be brought to trial for conspiracy against the State.

It is understood that Soviet defence plans known to only five—all highest in the Military department—and locked in one of the latest safes which the imagination of mankind has been able to device, were not only stolen, but photographed and returned to its place.

Two of the Military Collegium whose duty it was to supervise the documents from time to time suspected that the documents had been tampered with. A secret Council of the highest Military Intelligence officers was called and it was concluded that the documents had been taken away for photographic purposes before they were returned.

By a process of elimination one of the five high officers were suspected. Immediately his flat was raided and the clues found there led to the arrest of one Baroness who also was one of the secret "Okhrana" agents working in Warsaw and Berlin.—United Press.

NO POLITICAL SALUTES IN FRENCH NAVY

PARIS: Nov. 24.

The Communists' clenched fists and the Fascists' raised arms will, no longer, be tolerated in the French Navy, under the new saluting circular issued by the Minister of Marine. The circular, which will be read in all ships and naval quarters on four consecutive days, reminds the officers and sailors not to participate in political manifestation.

Only three salutes are permitted when men are in uniform, namely, the Military Salute, Salute to the Colours and the Civil Salute.—Reuter.

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words "Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:—"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted a clerk knowing Gujrathi Account, English correspondence and Type work pay Rs. 40 apply with certificates to Box No. 7317 "Bombay Chronicle"

Wanted educated and influential ladies to work as our representatives. Tempting prospects for really capable workers. Apply to The Standard Policy Co. of India, 174, Hornby Road, Bombay. 7315.

Wanted a capable Manager to open Branch Office in Bombay, for the well-known products of James Perfumery Co. Reasonable pay. Cash security of Rs. 5,000 for holding our stocks, etc., required. Interest 4 1/2 per cent allowed on security. Office, Godown rents and other expenses to be borne by the James Perfumery Co. Apply Messrs. James Perfumery Co., 35, 36, 37, 38 Thambu Chetty Street, George Town, Madras. 4373.

The Millowners' Association, Bombay. Applications in own handwriting are invited from persons not over 30 for the post of Assistant Labour Officer to the Association. Salary Rs. 120 per month. Applicants should hold a degree of a recognised Indian University with Economics as a special subject and must be able to write and speak English, Marathi and Hindustani fluently. Applicants should in addition have a knowledge of Labour problems and Cotton Mill processes and routine. Applications must be submitted not later than 9th December to the Secretary, Millowners' Association, P. O. Box 95, Bombay. (4367).

Wanted Cashier for Commercial Firm, cash security Rs. 500 essential. Apply stating salary Box No. 7311, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a first class writer and journalist with experience of editorial work, for an established publication dealing with important industries, economics and allied subjects. Those with honours degree of the Oxford or Cambridge Universities will be preferred. Good prospects, salary according to qualifications and experience. Apply Box No. 7289. "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

One block of four rooms, all getting westerly breeze and open on all sides in Keshav Bhuwan situated at Dikshit Road near Vile Parle Municipal office for High Class vegetarian Hindoos. 7322.

To Let—Whole of Spacious, Airy First Floor of Premises at Mathew Road, area over 5000 sq. ft. with complete sanitary arrangements, independent entrance and staircase, suitable for a large Office or Show Room upto now in occupation of Goodyear Tyre Co.'s Offices. Apply Bombay Cycle & Motor Agency Ltd., 534, Sandhurst Bridge. (7290).

12. TO BE LET.

To let new premises at 510 Arthur Road, near Tardeo Tram Terminus, best ventilated, airy single, double rooms, shops with latest conveniences for high class Hindus only. Apply on premises. (7304)

Hornby Building, 174, Hornby Road, above Abdoola Company. rooms, flats for office, club, school, hotel, residence, with lift. Rent 20 to 250. Apply Cassinath's office, 19, Bastion Road. Telephone 20367. (7218).

69. LOANS & MORTGAGES.

A gentleman in trouble requires a loan of Rs. 2,500. Willing to pay 5 per cent. interest per annum. Apply Box No. 7319 "Bombay Chronicle".

73 AGENTS WANTED

One of the Five Leading Indian Life Insurance Companies invites applications for Hyderabad Chief Agency from respectable gentlemen who can guarantee business of at least two lacs a year. Please apply Post Box No. 7320 "Bombay Chronicle".

Rs. 5|- bring Rs. 500|- per Month. Wanted canvassing agents Indians and Anglo-Indians throughout India on commission basis for our famous steel and iron furniture. Terms and samples etc. supplied on remittance of Rs. 5|- by M.O. to:—J. Govinda Row & Sons, Manufacturing Dept., Dhanalaxmi Road, Hindupur. (7318).

Good opportunity for reliable men: Wanted urgently capable organisers and chief district agents for an old established Life Insurance Company of Bombay for the districts in the provinces of Punjab, Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, C. P., Berar, U. P., Madras and Colombo on salary and commission basis. Applications should reach before 30th December stating age, experience and business expected to Box No. 4366, "Bombay Chronicle", Bombay.

123. FURNITURE.

Gujarat Furniture Works means "Quality Furniture" in Modern style. Showroom and factory, Shree Krishna Panta Nivas, near Prarthana Samaj, Girgaum. Phone 25498. 7316.

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Tea with excellent flavour and of best quality available at cheapest price. Trial solicited. You are sure to be satisfied. Apply Jamsetji D. Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi.

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
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3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

WANTED.

TEMPORARY AGRICULTURAL CHEMIST FOR BURMA.

1. Candidates must be British subjects of good character and sound physique, age not to exceed 35 years on 30th June, 1936, except in the case of candidates with exceptional qualifications.
2. Qualifications required:—Honours degree in Chemistry of a British University and a pass in the Examination in Agricultural Chemistry by the Institute of Chemistry, London. Research experience will be regarded as an additional qualification.
3. Selected candidate will be employed on research work in the Agricultural College, Mandalay, and may also be required to lecture to students.
4. The appointment will be on agreement for three years terminable on six months notice on either side. Pay will be offered according to the qualifications of the successful candidate but will in no case exceed Rs. 750. There is no prospect of permanent employment.
5. The successful candidate if selected in India, will get first class passage for himself and family from his place of residence to Mandalay (the headquarters) and return; leave will be admissible according to the Burma Leave Rules applicable to temporary officers.
6. Candidates will have to appear for a personal interview at a suitable place, if necessary, and before a Medical Board for examination.
7. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to enlist support from Government officers or other persons or otherwise with disqualify him for appointment.
8. Applications on printed forms obtainable from the Registrar, Forest Secretariat, Rangoon, will be received up to the 15th December, 1936.

TIN TUT,
Secretary to the Government of Burma,
Forest Department.
Rangoon,
The 2nd November, 1936. 4296.

MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY CO., LTD. (Incorporated in England).

NOTICE.

TENDER FOR THE SUPPLY OF COAL DURING 1937-38.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the following Steam Coal to the Madras & Southern Mahratta Railway during the 12 months ending 31st March 1938:—
Coal to be delivered by sea at Mormugao into wagons to be provided by the Railway ..... Up to 75,000 tons.

2. The coal must be either of Selected Grade or Grade 1, either hand-picked or screened and be free from Shale or other deleterious matter. It must be fresh coal. "Weathered" coal will not be accepted.
3. Forms of Tender, Specifications and Instructions to Tenderer may be obtained from the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of Re. 1 for each set.
4. No tender will be considered unless it is submitted in the prescribed Form.
5. The Tenders which may be submitted for the whole or for any portion of the quantity noted above should be addressed in sealed covers to the "Agent, Madras & Southern Mahratta Railway, c|o the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, Calcutta" superscribed "Tenders for the supply of Coal." The Tenders should be lodged in the Tender Box kept in the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, before 11-00 A.M. (Calcutta Time) on FRIDAY, the 11th December, 1936.
6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender or to assign any reason for non-acceptance; he further reserves the right to accept any Tender wholly or in part at his option.

J.R. HARRISON,
Chief Mining Engineer,
Railway Board.
Calcutta:
Dated, the 18th Nov. 1936. 4348.

Public Notices.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

An ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the Corporation will be held in the Municipal Office on THURSDAY, the 3rd December 1936, at 3 p.m. (Bombay Time), for the consideration of the following business:—

1. (a) Letter from the Municipal Secretary—Reporting the name of a Councillor who has ceased to be a member of the Markets, etc., Committee; and (b) election of a member on the said Committee.
2. Interpellations.
3-5. Letters from the authorities of the (3) Congress Free Hospital; (4) Marathi Granth Sangrahalaya; and (5) Hindu Sevak Samaj—Applying for grants in aid of their respective institutions.
6. Letter from Mr. R. M. Velu Maistry and others—Requesting that a Reading Room may be provided in the Dharavi locality.
7. Letter from Mr. J. D. Nanjiwalla—Regarding the conduct of the owner of a local girls' school receiving grant-in-aid from the Municipality.
8. Letter from the Bombay Sanitary Association—Forwarding the annual report of the Association.

RESOLUTIONS OF THE STANDING COMMITTEE—

9. Regarding the renewal of the contract with the B. E. S. & T. Co., Ltd., for the supply of electric energy to the Arthur Crawford Market Refrigerator.
10. Recommending an additional grant from Surplus Cash Balance to meet the excess cost in street lighting of the City.
11. Regarding the construction of a sewer in the proposed Cross Road between Lady Jamshedji Road and Mori Road.
12. Regarding the grant of a subvention to owners of a particular class of buildings in the Kamathipura area for converting privies of their buildings into water-closets.
13. Regarding provision of separate water connections on third floors of Chinch Bunder Chawls.
14. Recommending an additional Budget grant to meet the cost of constructing the Sabha Mandap at the Maruti Temple at Byculla.
15. Fixing, subject to the Corporation's orders, the amount of security, to be furnished by a Jamadar of the Land Manager's Department.
16. Forwarding copy of Government Resolution giving sanction to the raising of a loan for the current year.
17. Regarding revised estimates for taking exploratory borings in the Tansa Dam to ascertain its strength safety, etc.
18. Regarding additional staff required in the Architectural Branch to carry out the heavy programme of loan and new works in the near future.
19. Regarding the appointment of additional Medical Assistants in the Public Health Department.
20. Forwarding the Test Audit Officer's periodical report on the working of the Estate Agent's Department.
21. Regarding settlement of certain matters with the B. B. & C. I. Rly. Co., in connection with the Mahaluxmi Road Overbridge Scheme.
22-23. Regarding Budget Transfers sanctioned by the Committee (22) finally; and (23) subject to the Corporation's orders.

LETTERS FROM THE COMMISSIONER—

24. Forwarding monthly Analytical and Bacteriological Reports on the Bombay Water Supplies.
25. Forwarding a list showing the breeding places of malaria carrier mosquitoes detected in October 1936.
26. Forwarding a statement giving reasons for delay in submitting reports on certain Corporation Resolutions.
27. Forwarding quarterly statements of motor vehicles taxed and exempted.
28. Regarding application for lease of a portion of land in the Worli Estate.
29-30. Recommending sanction to encroachments on compulsory open spaces of certain plots in the (29) Worli Estate; and (30) Dadar-Matunga Estate.
31. Reporting the detention under surveillance for Yellow Fever of a person who travelled by an aircraft not fumigated either at Cairo or at Alexandria.
32. Government communications—(a) and (b) Regarding the appointment of Mr. W. R. G. Smith to be a member of the (a) Corporation and (b) Standing Committee, vice Mr. J. W. Rowland, resigned.

REPORTS OF THE COMMITTEES OF THE CORPORATION—

33. Regarding the widening of the Hornby-Vellard, etc.
34. Regarding the laying of a water main in a portion of Vincent Road.
35-37. Regarding the periodical inspection of Municipal (35) Maternity Homes; (36) District Dispensaries; and (37) Hospitals.
38. Regarding a Housing Scheme for Municipal employees.
39. Confirmation of the Special Committees Proceedings.
40. Schools Committee's letters—Forwarding copies of the Committee's proceedings.

NOTICE OF MOTION—

41. From Sir Jehangir B. Bomon-Behram, Kt.,—Regarding the provision of additional benches at the Hornby-Vellard.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
D. V. NADKARNI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 24th November, 1936. 4371.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

PERCENTAGE RATE TENDERS for the execution of special repairs (1) to the S.P. sheds (550 rooms), Scheme 32, East Agripada, and (2) to the S.P. sheds at Mahalaxmi will be received up to 1-0 P.M. (Bombay Time) on THURSDAY, the 3rd December, 1936.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification etc. will be issued on payment of Rs. 5 for each tender copy to any one deputed to receive them by the City Engineer, who will, on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort,
Bombay, 24th November, 1936. 4375.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(Railway Board).

NOTICE.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF COAL TO THE STATE-MANAGED RAILWAYS AND TO THE ASSAM BENGAL, BENGAL & NORTH WESTERN, MADRAS & SOUTHERN MAHRATTA AND SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAYS DURING THE YEAR 1937-38.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the following quantities of coal for the above Railways during the period 1st April, 1937 to 31st March, 1938:—

	Tons.
1. Steam Coal, by Rail ..	32,33,000
2. Steam Coal, by Sea ...	2,00,000
Total	34,33,000
3. Coke Breeze	3,100
4. Soft Coke for Workshop purposes	6,500
5. Hard Coke	4,520
6. Soft Smithy Coke by Sea	940

Forms of Tender, Specifications and Instructions to Tenderers may be obtained from the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, No. 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of Re. 1 for each set.

The successful Tenderers will be required to execute an Agreement (paying the Stamp Duty thereon) on a Form provided by the Company-Managed Railways mentioned above, if so desired. The Agents of the Company-Managed Railways do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender or to assign any reason for non-acceptance of Tenders; they reserve the right to accept any Tender wholly or in part.

Tenders should be deposited in the Tender Box, kept in the Office of the Chief Mining Engineer, Railway Board, before 11-00 A.M. (Calcutta time) on FRIDAY, the 11th December, 1936 and they will be opened at 11-15 A.M. in the presence of Tenderers on the same day.

J.R. HARRISON,
Chief Mining Engineer,
Railway Board.
Calcutta:
Dated, the 18th Novr. 1936. 4349.

WE TEST SIGHT by the latest and best methods, known to Optical Science.
Our consultants are English Qualified Opticians. Fellows of the British Optical Association and Institute of Ophthalmic Opticians.
LAWRENCE & MAYO, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)
274, Hornby Road, Bombay.
For Appointment 'Phone 21827.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Assistant Medical Officer for the Acworth Leper Home, Matunga, Bombay, from persons possessing M.B.B.S. or other higher medical degrees with experience in the treatment of leprosy on modern lines.

The grade of the appointment is Rs. 150—10—200 with quarters for which 10 per cent. of the salary will be charged as rent. The appointment will be made in April 1937 and will be terminable on a month's notice on either side.

No private practice will be allowed.

Applications stating age, nationality, qualfications and previous experience, should reach the Undersigned with copies of testimonials, on or before the 15th December, 1936.

J. S. NERURKER,
Honorary Secretary.
Acworth Leper Home.
Municipal Head Office, Fort, Bombay.
Dated 23rd November, 1936. 4369

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.
(Works Branch).

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the work of laying 9" pipe sewers and accessories along 80' and 40' roads, near the site leased to Cricket Club of India in Block II and along roads A, B, C, D and 60' road to the west of Churchgate Station in Block I, Back Bay Reclamation Scheme, will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on Thursday the 3rd December, 1936.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc. will be issued on payment of Rupees 5 to any one deputed to receive them by the Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK,
City Engineer.
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 23rd November, 1936. 4370.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that VIRCHAND DALAJI, of Bombay Marwadi Hindu Inhabitant, one of the partners for self and other partners of the firm of Messrs. Virchand Punamchand & Co., doing business as Shroffs at Shaik Memon Street and Nagraj Hinduji and Lawji Khubaji also of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants for self and other partners of the firm of Messrs. Hinduji Pragaji & Co., doing business as Shroffs at 3rd Kubharvada Lane, Bombay, have contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property free from all incumbrances.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Lentin Chambers, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date of Publication hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULES.

All those several pieces or parcels of land now formed in one plot situate lying and being at Old Kurla Taluka South Salsette Bombay-Suburban District in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra district Thana the particulars and numbers whereof are as under:—

Survey No.	Hissa No.	Area	Assessment.
19	5	0-14½	Rs. 4-3-0
	6	0-6½	Rs. 1-7-0
	10	0-8½	Rs. 1-14-0
	14	0-1½	Rs. 0-3-3
	15	0-3½	Rs. 0-11-3
	22	0-23½	Rs. 1-7-0
	23/2	0-¼	Rs. 0-0-3
23	1	1-8½	Rs. 4-10-0
	4	0-2½	Rs. 0-4-6
		2-29½	Rs. 14-12-3

Dated this 23rd day of November, 1936.
MAZAGONWALA & CO.,
Purchasers Attorneys. 4368.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 1962 of 1936.

(1) PADAMSHI SHIVJI, a Merchant, doing business at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay and residing at Ghatkopar in the Bombay Suburban District. (2) HIRJI KANJI, a Merchant, doing business and also residing at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay. (3) VIRJI GANGAJAR, a landlord, residing at Mulund in the Bombay Suburban District. (4) DEVJI RAISEY, a Merchant, doing business at Hubli in Dharwar District and (5) LALJI MEGHJI, a Merchant, doing business at Hyderabad in the Nizam Territories. ..... Plaintiffs.

vs.

(1) The Hon'ble the ADVOCATE-GENERAL of BOMBAY, having his Office in the High Court premises, within the Fort of Bombay. (2) VELJI SHIVJI, a Merchant, carrying on business at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay and residing at Ghatkopar in the Bombay Suburban District. (3) RATANSHI MANECKCHAND, a landlord, residing at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay. (4) GOVINDJI LAKHAMSEY, a Merchant, doing business at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay. (5) Dr. POONSEY HIRJI MEISHERI, a Medical Practitioner, having his dispensary at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay. (6) BHAWANJI ARJAN KHIMJI, a Merchant, doing business at Outram Road, within the Fort of Bombay. (7) KANJI VISSONJI PALANY, a Merchant doing business at Mandvi without the Fort of Bombay. (8) VIRJI LADHA, a Merchant, doing business at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay and residing at Ghatkopar in the Bombay Suburban District. (9) HIRJI BHARMAL, a Merchant, doing business at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay and residing at Ghatkopar in the Bombay Suburban District. The Defendants Nos. 8 and 9 for themselves and on behalf of all other members of Shri Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain Caste. (10) VELJI SHIVJI, a Merchant, carrying on business at Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay and residing at Ghatkopar in the Bombay Suburban District ..... Defendants.

To,
The Members of the Shri Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain Caste.

Sirs,

Pursuant to the Order made by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Wadia on the 6th day of November, 1936, notice is hereby given under Order I, Rule 8 of the Code of Civil Procedure that the above suit has been filed in this Hon'ble Court by the abovenamed plaintiffs inter-alia against Virji Ladha and Hirji Bharmal the defendants 8 and 9 for themselves and for and on behalf of other members of the Shri Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain Caste for the following reliefs.

(a) That the plaintiffs and defendant No. 10 may be authorised to transfer to the defendants Nos. 2 to 7 the trustees of Shri Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain Boarding School the said leasehold property trust funds and other movable properties belonging to the said Cutchi Dasa Oswal Sewak Samaj on such terms as this Hon'ble Court may deem fit.
(b) That it may be ordered that the said trust properties and funds may be vested in defendants Nos. 2 to 7 as trustees of the said Cutchi Dasa Oswal Jain—Boarding School.
(c) That it may be declared that the trust created by the declaration of trust, dated 26th June, 1924, has become extinct and that the plaintiffs and defendant No. 10 may be discharged from their Office as Trustees of the said Sewak Samaj on rendering accounts of their management of the said trust funds for 8 Years 1991 and 1992 (1934-35 and 1935-36).
(d) That for the purposes aforesaid all necessary directions may be given, inquiries made and accounts taken.
(e) That the plaintiffs costs and the costs of the parties to this suit may be provided for.

AND PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the 8th day of February, 1937, has been fixed for the hearing and final disposal of the said suit.

Dated this 12th day of November, 1936.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,
Prothonotary and Senior Master.

(Sd.) TAHIR ALI.

This 12th day of November, 1936.
Messrs. MOHILE PAREKH & MANECKLAL
Plaintiffs' Attorneys. 4374.

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Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that FOZMAL BHUTAJI JOHAR MAL FOAJI and POKHRAJ HIMA TMAL, all Marwari Hindus, trading in partnership in the name and style of Himatmal Monji and Co., have contracted for the absolute sale to our client of the undermentioned property All persons, therefore, having or claiming any right, title or interest in or to the said property or any part thereof, whether by way of inheritance, bequest, trust possession gift, sale, mortgage, charge, llen, lease, or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 5. Military Square, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from this date, otherwise the said sale will be completed without reference to any such claims, and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

1. Schedule of the property at Khawshi Kuran Taluka Deogad, Zilla Ratnagiri.

No	Survey No.	Pot Hissa No.	Acres	Land Gunthas	Survey Rs. as. ps.
1	3	1	1	18	2 6 6
2	4	1	0	3 2	0 8 0

2. Schedule of the property at Govindbag Taluka Deogad, Zilla Ratnagiri.

No.	Survey No.	Pot Hissa No.	Acres	Land Gunthas	Survey Rs. as. ps.
1	1	1	1	38	0 11 8
2	2	1	10	30 and 2½	0 4 0

3. Schedule of the property at Ghera Vijaydurg Taluka Deogad, Zilla Ratnagiri.

No.	Survey No.	Pot Hissa No.	Acres	Land Gunthas	Survey Rs. as. ps.
1	126 in Bazar	3	0	4	0 6 0
2	1	44	0	11-3¼ 3¼	1 8 0
3	18	2	0	1⅛	0 4 0
4	55	3	0	2	0 3 0
5	22	1	0	1½ 1½	0 9 0
6	78	7	0	26 11	0 3 9
7	58	1	1 1	32 5	0 9 3
8	77	46	0	2	0 0 9
9	95	21	1 1	17 35-1½	0 11 9
10	36	5	0	22	0 4 0
11	57	7	0	2-1½	0 0 6
12	69	10	0	16	0 0 6
13	77	4	0	2	0 2 0
14	80	4-5	0	19	0 1 6
15	101	3-4-5-6	0	12	0 9 6
16	101	1-2V	1	4-1½	0 4 6
17	102	16-18-20	2	2	0 3 0

Dated this 23rd day of November, 1936.

RUTNAGAR & KHATKHATAY,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4363

Public Notices.

THE SHAHABAD CEMENT COMPANY, LTD.
(Incorporated in Hyderabad State)

REMOVAL NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Office of the Agents of the above Company will be REMOVED with effect from 30th November 1936 from "Bombay House, Bruce Street" to "Esplanade House, Waudby Road, Fort, Bombay.

TATA SONS, Ltd., Agents,
By their Constituted Attorney,
P. J. BILIMORIA.
4372.

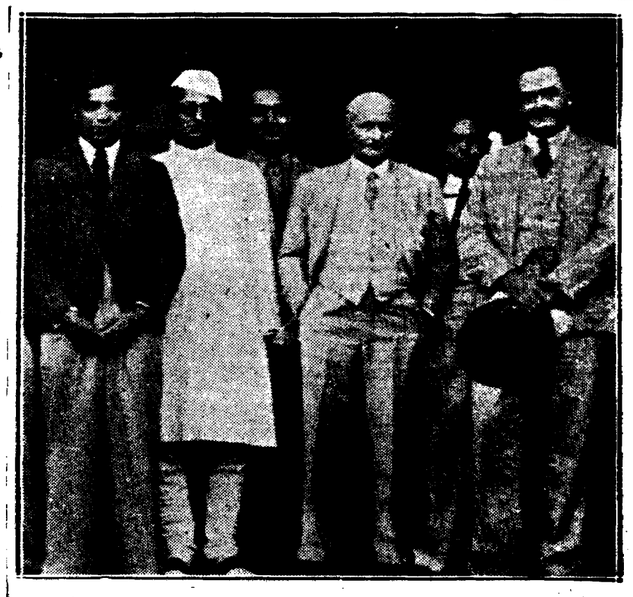
HINDI VERSION
of
HUNS PICTURES'
Great social Musical Super
CHHAYA
from
NEXT SATURDAY
AT
WELLINGTON
Talkies: Dhobi Talao
Make a note—in your diary. . .

CENTRAL
Near Girgaum Tram Terminus
off Queen's Road.
3 SHOWS DAILY.
3-30; 6-30 & 10 p.m.
THE UNRIVALLED
KINGS OF COMEDY
LAUREL
and
HARDY
in
"OUR RELATIONS"
based on a story by
W. W. JACOBS.
Plans open—Phone 27787

OPERA HOUSE
DAILY 3 SHOWS:
2-30, 5-15 & 8 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES' LATEST HIT
JANMA BHOOMI
Starring:

DEVIKA RANI
Hear "Janma Bhoomi" songs on H.M.V. Records
Rs. 2-4 & 1-8 tickets can be had from 9-30 a.m.
3RD WEEK
Saturday & Sunday Morning Show 10-30 a.m.

COME UP WITH YOUR FAMILIES TO ENJOY "DEV-DIVALI"
To-day Matinee at 2-45
NEW THEATRES' MASTERPIECE
Maya
Directed by: P. BARUA.
Starring
JAMUNA, P. SANYAL, AZURIE, K. C. DEY, NAWAB, HARIMATI DEVI
at
MINERVA
TALKIES Lamington Road.
Time: Daily 5-15
To-day Special Show at 2-45



Sir John Beaumont, the Chief Justice of Bombay, presided at the debate organised by the Students' Brotherhood, when the resolution that "War Will Establish Peace," was hotly contested and lost by an overwhelming majority. (From left): Mr. V. B. Shanbag, speaker for the proposition, Mr. Joachim Alva, opposer of the resolution, Sir John Beaumont and Mr. Stanley Jepson, the mover.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Seven Hindus who were arrested by Maharbowri Police for rioting during the last month and who were in Police custody, were placed before the Presidency Magistrate Mr. Oscar H. Brown to-day. They were ordered to be further remanded into Jail custody for a week.

Papa Sankar, arrested by the Nagpada Police for rioting on November 23 last, was placed before Mr. Oscar H. Brown and was ordered to be remanded in Jail custody for a fortnight.

"Homicidal stab wound inflicted on him during the disturbances by a culprit who cannot be traced," was the verdict returned by the Coroner's Jury, to-day at the inquest held on the body of Krishna Rama, fatally stabbed on Dharamsi Street, of Bhendi Bazar Junction, on November 7 last.

A verdict of death by accident was returned by the Coroner's Jury to-day at the inquest held on the body of Luxmibai Pandoo, a "Koli" woman knocked down by motor-car No. Y1029, driven along Queen's Road on November 22 last.

Sakharam Narayan, Police constable on traffic duty on that evening standing at the junction of Queen's Road and Charni Road at the time, told the City Coroner to-day that he saw the woman with baskets on her head running across the road, just when he had allowed a string of motor-cars to pass in the direction of Fort.

The woman died in the J. J. Hospital the same day.

The driver of the motor-car stated that he applied brakes and swerved a little to the right, when he saw the woman running from left to right on the road. But the woman ran into the left mudguard and fell on the road. He picked her up to the J. J. Hospital accompanied by a Police constable.

"The horse of the Victoria had become restive at the noise of the crackers fired by the people on the Falkland Road," remarked the Coroner's Jury, to-day, after hearing evidence at the inquest held on the body of Cowasji Edulji, a Parsi aged 60, knocked down by the horse on November 16 last.

The Jury classified the case as accidental.

Remarking that he had a clear memory to have seen the man in the Court, the City Coroner adjourned the inquest to Wednesday next on the body of an unknown Hindu, aged 40, found with stab-wounds at Chuna Bhatti Lane, picked up by Sergeant Riley of the Dongri police last evening.

While burning Divali crackers, a 3-year-old child named Lilavatibai Popatlal, sustained fatal burns, when the fire ignited by the crackers caught her clothes, yesterday at Kalbadevi.

A verdict of death by accident was returned by the Coroner's Jury to-day at the inquest on her body.

Dayaji Anna, who was arrested by the Bhoiwada Police on November 2 last at the Vincent Road while receiving Sutta bets, was convicted by the Dadar Presidency Magistrate this morning, under the provisions of the new Gambling Act, for a period of one month's rigorous imprisonment.

The accused, while pleading guilty, admitted of one previous conviction in 1932 under the provisions of the old Gaming Act, when he had been fined Rs. 15 "which showed that the gambling he carried on must have been on a very pretty scale."

Sentenced Not Enhanced

An enhanced sentence was not awarded in the present case since only Re. 1-12 was found on the person of the accused at the time of arrest and the chits he had with him showed only a small "turn-over". Besides, he had been in custody for 21 days.

Anant Baboo, who was also charge-sheeted in the same case was discharged for want of sufficient evidence.

Dayaji, in his statement stated that Anant was merely sitting by his side over a cup of tea on his own invitation and it was he (Dayaji) alone who was dealing in Sutta at the time of arrest.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Maclin, sitting on the criminal appellate side of the Bombay High Court, admitted the appeal filed by Stanislaus Tucker against his conviction early this month by the Chief Presidency Magistrate and sentence of seven months' imprisonment.

Tucker was charged at the instance of his mother, Mrs. M. B. L. Azavedo, with misappropriating two sums of money lying at the Bank of India and the Imperial Bank of India respectively in the joint names of the mother and himself, which the mother claimed belonged exclusively to her.

At the hearing of the case, Tucker, contended that part of these moneys was his own and part had been gifted to him by his mother under an arrangement that in case of his death, they were to go to the mother.

The defence story was, however, disbelieved by the Magistrate, who convicted the accused of having committed criminal misappropriation by writing to the banks from Goa to close the joint account and hold the moneys in his own name.

Mr. Christy Fonseca appeared for the appellant.

(Continued from column 7.)

ment and are under a statutory obligation to obey its orders and directions. Under provincial autonomy the provincial governments will be less and less amenable to central control or guidance, and the Central Government will be more and more reluctant to exercise even their influence with the provincial governments.

It is therefore essential that uniformity in excise duty and excise rules and procedure must be established throughout India before provincial autonomy is duly inaugurated.

Adulterated Drugs

Apart from excise restrictions, the pharmaceutical industry in India is open to attack from trade in adulterated and spurious drugs which has in recent years increased to large proportions. An Indian Drug and Pharmacy Act is an absolute and urgent necessity and though the Indian Drug Enquiry Committee made recommendations in the matter nearly six years ago, the Government of India have not yet taken action in such a matter of vital importance to public health. It is hoped that under the inspiration of Your Excellency's concern for the rural classes action will no longer be delayed.

To Your Excellency in particular, I beg most earnestly to make a personal appeal. It is the personal interest that the Head of the Government takes in a measure of reform that accelerates its progress. This is especially so in India. It is my earnest prayer to Your Excellency that you should take personal interest in the Spirit and Pharmaceutical Industry and expedite the removal of the handicaps to its progress.

Library For Bombay Kanarese

The Jont. Hon. Secretaries of the "Karnatak Noothan Sangith Sabha writes:—

The "Muddanna Vachanalaya," library of the Kamarese Reading Public of Bombay, has shown remarkable progress and has a collection of over 200 useful interesting books, besides getting about 20 dailies and Magasines. It is the earnest desire of the Sabha, that the interest evinced in it by the Kanarese Reading Public of Bombay may increase more and more along with increase in membership and contributions.

Vital Factor In Rural Reconstruction

Raj Mitra B. D. Amin Appeals To Viceroy To Remove Difficulties Of Pharmaceutical Industry

Few people realise the part that medicines play in the health of the rural classes, and so long as reliable "Standard Medicines" are not within the purchasing capacity of the agriculturists, cheap, adulterated and spurious medicines will be consumed by them, which is a menace to their health.

To bring these reliable Standard Medicines within the purchasing capacity of the agriculturists, forms a vital part of the rural reconstruction campaign, and for this reason Raj Mitra B. D. Amin, Managing Director of the Alembic Chemical Works Company Ltd., Baroda has submitted a comprehensive memorandum to the Government of India with an appeal to Lord Linlithgow.

Inter-Provincial Barriers

In the course of this appeal Mr Amin says:—

My long experience of the country-side and my close and active connection with the pharmaceutical industry, have convinced me that, (1) one most important part of the rural re-construction campaign ought to be, to bring standard medicines satisfying B. P. tests, within the purchasing capacity of the rural classes in India and that (2) under the difficulties and the disabilities which the Indian pharmaceutical industry is labouring under at the present moment, it is next to impossible to bring standard medicines within their reach.

The difficulties and disabilities under which the Spirit and Pharmaceutical Industry of India is labouring, arise principally from the excise restrictions and regulations of the various provincial governments and the inter-provincial barriers they have formed themselves into, as regards the free flow of trade and business.

The Government of India know perfectly well that such inter-provincial barriers to trade in spirituous products have come into existence owing to provincial excise restrictions, as is evident from their replies to recent interpellations in the Assembly, but it is not yet clear what means they desire to adopt, to remove these barriers, or whether they would make any move at all.

Impetus To Provincialism

I have reason to think that after a careful perusal of this memorandum, Your Excellency will begin to feel that a new orientation of the excise policy in regard to the Spirit and Pharmaceutical Industry is necessary. If this industry is to progress on right lines and is to fulfil its main purpose, namely to bring standard medicines within the purchasing capacity of the rural classes and render vital assistance to the upkeep of public health and the promotion of rural welfare.

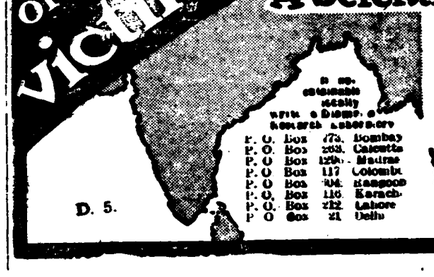
With the inauguration of provincial autonomy within the next few months, there is every likelihood of a strong impetus being given to the growth of provincialism and under its influence the excise policies and excise restrictions may be devised more and more in isolation, and the inter-provincial barriers may come to be still further intensified.

Under present conditions, the provincial governments are subordinate to the Central Govern-

(Continued in column 3.)

FOUR YEARS' CONSTANT USE PROVE IT THE PERFECT SACLESS PEN!
NOTWITHSTANDING that sacless pens are nothing new, Governments all over the world have recognised the genius of the Parker Vacumatic by granting special patents!
This marvelous tool of hand and brain has features no other sacless pen has ever had. And what is most important, they work and stay in working order! In this pen are no "one-time" pumps, no packing, no valves. *Working parts of the patented filling device are never touched by ink* — hence cannot get out of order.
Thus over a period of four years this sacless marvel has proved itself the One Sacless Pen which can safely be guaranteed *mechanically perfect!*
So be sure to ask for the Parker Vacumatic by name. Say that you want the pen which holds 102% more ink — shows when to refill — has the two-way point. The pen that works *always!*

PRICES: Rs. 33; 25; 16-8.
At All Better Dealers.
Factory Sales Representatives:—
DODGE & SEYMOUR, LTD.,
3, Wittet Road, BOMBAY.

Are you one of 40,000,000 victims of DIABETES
10% of the population of India, Burma & Ceylon
are diabetic. The vast majority bear this malady without treatment. A small proportion undergo injections and fasting, year after year, without benefit. But now, an ever-growing number are taking.
A Scientific New-Theory Treatment that cannot fail

DIAMELIN eliminates Diabetes without injections or fasting ..... a simple home-treatment method you, if a sufferer, should at once investigate. Ask at your Chemist's for free explanatory booklet.
DIAMELIN
The New-Theory Home-Treatment for Diabetes.
abolishes DIABETES without injections or fasting!

D. 5.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97 m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82 m.)
GSB 9.51 Mc/s (31.55 m.)
TIME: P. M.

7-30 Big Ben. Brass Band Concert. 8-30 "The Policeman's Lot" 4. A talk by an Inspector of Police, Straits Settlements. 8-45 The BBC Dance Orchestra Directed by Henry Hall. 9-30 Light Studio Concert, 10-0 The News and Announcements, 10-20 Gilbert and Sullivan Selection.

Bombay Programmes

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 kc|s.
(TIME: A.M.)

11-30 Selection of Indian music (H.M.V. records).
(TIME: P.M.)

1 Available market rates. A concert by Jules Craen's Quintet, relayed from the Taj Mahal Hotel. 5-30 Violin solos by K. Ganapathi Rao. 6 Flute solos by S.K. Palkar, 6-15 Talk (Marathi) "The Value of Literature for Life" by Prof. V. N. Naik. 6-30 "Bhajan" by Eknath Hatiskar and his party. 7-15 Talk (Gujerati) "Stories from Ramayan" by Kavi Lalitji. 7-35 Light classical music by Saratchandra Atmaram Arolkar. 8-30 The Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9 Brija Bala in Hindustani songs. 9-30 Talk (English) "International Affairs" by E. J. Gough. 9-45 The news. 10 SB A light orchestral concert by the Radio Salon Orchestra.

Calcutta Programmes

VUC 370.4 metres, 810 kc|s. 49.10 metres 6,109kc|s.
(TIME: P.M.)

12-36 SB The Grand Hotel Orchestra relayed from the Palm Court. 1-16 SB Talk (English) "Economics" No. 4 The Future of the Business Man by the Rev. John Kellas. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Talk "Believe it or not" by Chitra Gupta. 1-51 Gramophone records. 2-6 Religious songs by Sjt. Nitai Motilal. 2-16 Talk "Women and Civil Duties" by Mrs. Bina Sen. 2-31 Instrumental music violin and piano Sjt. N. Motilal and Sjt. Phoni Bose. 2-36 Religious Talk "Seetarbanabas" by Gour Mohan Mukherjee. 5-6 A Broadcast for rural areas. 5-36 Kirtan by Karuna Gose. 5-51 Tagore Song by Shibabrata Bose. 6-6 Modern Bengali Song by Nitai Ghatak. 6-21 Classico-Modern Song by Harshadeb Roy. 6-36 "Kishori," a Lyrical Variety, written and produced by Bani Kumar, accompanied by the Jantri Sangha. 8-6 p.m. (S.B.) Talk: "The Need of Primary Education." By Kshitish Prosad Chatterjee, Educational Officer, Calcutta Corporation. 8-21 p.m. (S.B.) Kheyal (Surat) By Maya Devi. 8-41 p.m. (S.B.) Commercial News and Weather Report (In Bengali), 8-46 p.m. (S.B.) The News and Announcements. 9-1 p.m. (S.B.) Commercial News and Weather Report (In English), 9-6 p.m. (S.B.) The News and Announcements, 9-21 p.m. (SB) The Aerial Players present "Affinities". A Tragical Farce by Vernon Woodhouse Characters: Deward Richoro. A well-to-do young Bachelor. Harry Sherwood. His friend. Lola Macrae. Dawson. A Butler. Scene. The Bachelor Flat of Mr. Edward Richoro in London His friend, Harry Sherwood, is waiting for him. The time is afternoon. 9-51 p.m. (S.B.) Dance Music from the Studio.

Delhi Programmes

VUD 340.13 metres, 822 kc|s.
(TIME: A.M.)

8 Indian music (recorded). 9 Talk (Hindustani) "Outline History of the World" No. 13 by Prof. Mohd. Mujeeb. 9-15 AIR Orchestra Malkauns. 9-25 Niaz Bai of Patiala "Mitwa balamwa ja pardes" Khayal Desi. "Son ladli man na kije" Khayal Gandhari. 9-55 Darbari Todi on Sitar accompanied by Tabla. 10-5 Ghulam Farid "Lazim hai kuchh to khatir-i-dildar ke liye, Duniya samet lun migah-i-yar ke liye" (Jigar). "Na surat kahin shadmani ki dekhi, Bahut sair duniya-i-fani ki dewhi" (Hasrat). 10-23 Ilayya Bilawal on Sarod accompanied by Sur Bahar—Tabla.
(TIME: P.M.)

12-30 AIR Orchestra Suha. 12-40 Ghulam Farid "Khar-i-gham se zindagi dushwar hai, Ek barchhi hai keh dil ke par hai" (Bekhud). "Paihle niga phir miri dushman nigah hui, Woh ek thi yeh dusri ae dilruba hui" (Amir Minai). 1 Niaz Bai of Patiala "Phool wall kant mai ka basant garwa mol le de, Megh ki Bahar. "Kis qayamat ki kashish is jazba-i-kamil men hai, Tir un ke hath men paikan hamare dil me hai." 1-25 A dance tune on Banjo and Cornet. 1-30 "Fragrant Lavender" (a Potpouri of old melodies). 5 1st News and Weather Report (English). 5-10 1st News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 5-20 "More ghar ae piharva" Thumri Purbi. 5-30 Ghulam Farid "Betab nazar aya badnam nazar aya, Ashiq jo nazar aya nakam nazar aya" (Hasrat). 5-40 Niaz Begum "Ta na re ta na re" Tarana Aiman. "Sanchi kaho mose batiyan" Thumri Khammaj. "Tire gaisu ko ashiq halqa-i-zanjir kaihte hair Khamsa." "Betabiyon men kium shab-i-furqat basar hui, Ai zabt-i-gham bata tujhe kis ki nazar hui" (Bekhud). 6-20 Bundu Khan of Indore Sarangi. 6-40 Shankar Rao Vyas of Bombay classical music. 7 "For Villagers Only" (Delhi Market Rates at 7-30 p.m.) 8 Talk (Hindustani) "Pilgrimage to Amar Nath" by Prof. A. N. Puri. 8-15 "Krishna and Gopis" a chorus "Chalo ao sakhi is nat khat se ab" by AIR artists. 8-25 Shankar Rao Vyas of Bombay classical music. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English) "Life among the Industrial workers of India" No. 4 Jamshedpur by B. Shiva Rao. 10 Scenes from Famous Operas and Chorus assisted by H. E. the Viceroy's Orchestra conducted by Lt. C. H. Fenner, M.B.E., L.R.A.M.

Java Programmes

(Wave-length 20,25 27 and 31 metres.)

4-45 Light gram music, 9-00 Gymnastics for ladies, 9-25 Concert, 10-00 Weather Report and popular music, 11-20 News, 11-30 Dance music, 12-0 Popular Gram music, 12-20 News, 16-00 Light music, 16-30 Lessons in singing for children, 17-00 News, 17.20 Dance music, 17-45 Greta Keller and Peter Kreuder-Orchestra, 18-10 Religious talk, 18-30 Nirom Orchestra, 19-30 Popular music.

Phohi Programme

18-30—21-30: Wavelength 19.71 m.
HAPPY PROGRAMME

BIG TASK FOR M. C. C.

With 256 To Save Innings Defeat, They Lose 5 Wkts. For 160

SYDNEY, Nov. 24.

The Australian Eleven declared their innings closed to-day at their overnight score of 544 for eight wickets.

With the task of making 256 runs to avoid an innings defeat, the M. C. C. took their second knock and had scored 50 for three wickets at lunch. Resuming after lunch, the visitors took the score to 160 for 5 at tea.

In the Australian first innings Verity took three wickets for 130 and Farnes two for 112.

MATCH DRAWN

The match between the M.C.C. and Australian Eleven which commenced at Sydney on Friday, ended in a Draw to-day.

Closing scores:—M.C.C. (Second Innings 245 for 8.—Reuter.

M. C. C. (First Innings) 238

AUSTRALIAN XI
(First Innings)

Fingleton, l.b.w., b Verity	56
Brown, l.b.w., b Farnes	71
Bradman, b Worthington	63
Badcock, c Farnes, b Verity	182
Robinson, c Worthington, b Farnest	0
Gregory, c Worthington, b Verity	14
Chipperfield, c Duckworth, b Voce	39
Tallon, c Hardstaff, b Robins	31
Ryan (not out)	40
Waite (not out)	11
Extras	37
Total (for 8 wickets)	544

M. C. C. (Second Innings)

Fishlock, b Waite	2
Worthington, st. Tallon, b Chipperfield	28
Fagg, c Ebeling, b Ryan	10
Leyland, not out	118
Ames, b Gregory	37
Hardstaff, b Gregory	2
Robins, c Ryan, b Ebeling	32
Verity, l.b.w., b Chipperfield	2
Farnes, b Ebeling	1
Vote (not out)	1
Extras	9
Total (for 8 wickets)	245

Bowling Analysis: Ebeling 2 for 38, Chipperfield 2 for 88 and Gregory 2 for 56.—Reuter.

Havildar's Plucky Work Praised By Magistrate

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

An exciting chase, interspersed by hide-and-seek game of a returned deportee with five previous convictions, on November 17, 1934, by a Police Havildar, was commented upon by Mr. M. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, to-day.

The name of the returned deportee is Abdul Rehman Sultan alias Umashanker residing at Sunawalal's Chawl, New Foras Road.

JUMPED OUT OF WINDOW

The deportee was arrested by Havildar Shanker Anand who asked him to accompany him to the police station.

The accused first consented, then turned round and finally jumped from the first floor of the building to the road through a window.

The Havildar sharply swung round and swirled through the same window and was, within a few minutes, on the trail of the fast-running deportee.

Exciting Chase

Then followed a chase in the night through main roads and bye-lanes and after much trouble they came near the Elphinstone Bridge.

Shanker Anand followed him and found him within an arm's reach; but, the accused suddenly turned into a bye-lane took a surprise turn and once again came on the main road and raced on, eluding the Police Havildar.

Near the Bridge, the Police Havildar shouted and served persons joined in the hunt and the man was ultimately captured.

Desperate Character

"There is no doubt that the accused is a desperate and dangerous character," observed the Magistrate in sentencing him to 15 months' rigorous imprisonment.

"But for the pluck of the Police Havildar in jumping after him from the first floor," he added, "he would have escaped."

Highly commending the work of Shankar Anand, Police Havildar of the De Lisle Road Police station, the Magistrate remarked that the Havildar risked his life in the performance of his duty.

"This is one of the numerous instances," Mr. Coelho observed, "in which I have had occasion to appreciate the work of this able Policeman."

The accused pleaded guilty and added that he returned to Bombay without the written permission of the Police Commissioner.

SATYAMURTI MEETS SHAREHOLDERS

Mr. S. Satyamurti, Secretary, Congress Asembly Party, met the Committee of The Bombay Shareholders' Association on Saturday last.

Principal Davar, President of the Association thanked Mr. Satyamurti and his party for their efforts in connection with the Indian Companies Act (Amendment) Bill. Mr. S. Satyamurti made a suitable reply and thanked the Committee for their invitation.

RED ASSASSINS' LATEST

Olympic Secretary's Car Fired: Threat To Urdu Daily

LAHORE, Nov. 24.

Another case of deliberate incendiarism-bringing the number to twenty-one—occurred this afternoon, when a car belonging to Mr. G. D. Sondhi, Honorary Secretary, Indian Olympic Association, parked in front of his bungalow was found to have been set on fire. The fire was put out but the hood and the rear cushions were completely burnt. The Inspector-General of Police and other officials visited the spot from whence two posters of the "Society of Red Assassins" were picked up.

MODUS OPERANDI.

The fact that so far all the cases of incendiarism occurred without any one actually seeing the culprits in action has led to strong suspicion that a mysterious gang has been employing chemicals which start the fire sometime after the perpetrators leave the scene. The police, it is understood, are conducting an enquiry in this direction and the materials collected from the cars set on fire, have been sent to the chemical examiner for examination.

A reward of Rs. 500 announced earlier for the arrest of the culprits has now been increased to Rs. 2,000.

The police are also investigating into a bearing letter received by the "Inquilab", an Urdu daily, purporting to be from the Society of Red Assassins, threatening dire consequences, if the paper did not stop writing against the Society. —A. P.

Sholapur Congress Elections

(From A Correspondent.)
SHOLAPUR, Nov. 22.

On the 17th inst. a meeting of the City-Congress-Committee was convened for electing members of the executive body. The following candidates were unanimously elected. 1 Jivrajbhai Walchand Gandhi, (President), 2 Ramkrishna Ganeshram Jaju (Vice-President), 3 Abdulkarim Lunje (Secretary), 4 Motilal Hirachand Shaha (Secretary), and 5 Anant Keru Bhosle (Member).

Afghan War Minister Returns

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

The Afghan Consulate has issued the following statement:—

His Royal Highness Sirdar Shahmahmud Khan, Minister for War, who went to Europe last March, returned to Herat by train yesterday. He was given a warm public reception.—A. P.

GIRL GOLFER IN BOMBAY

To Tour India As Amateur Conjuror

BOMBAY Tuesday.

A vivid and unusual personality landed in Bombay from the Viceroy of India". She is Miss Gloria Minoprio, sometimes known as the "Greta Garbo of Golf",—the girl who for the past three years has created a sensation at the British Women's Golf Championship by playing with only one club,—a cleek with a slightly straighter face than a No. 1 Iron.—and using it with almost incredible skill and versatility.

AMATEUR CONJUROR.

The object of her visit to India, however, is not golf but magic. Golf is a secondary matter in her life; conjuring is her real interest and she ranks as one of the leading magicians of the world.

It is understood that Miss Minoprio's first engagement in India will be a performance at Baroda before the Gackwar, who was also a passenger on board the "Viceroy of India". The Gaekwar of Baroda had an opportunity of witnessing Miss Minoprio's skill as a magician at a number of private performances on board during the voyage, and it is believed was greatly impressed by her skill.

£100 CHALLENGE.

In addition to a repertoire of over fifty first class illusions, Miss Gloria Minoprio, has invented an illusion of her own which she calls "The Oracle.".

In this amazing trick she challenges not only the general public but the professional magician as well, and will forfeit £100 to anyone who solves her mystery.

Briefly the illusion is as follows:—A stranger in the audience chosen by a Committee of four asks on a sheet of paper the date of the birth and death of any prominent figure in history, philosophy, music poetry, art, science, politics, medicine or sport,—for example William of Orange, Demosthenes, Lizt, Jenner and W. G. Grace have been past subjects of enquiry. The paper containing the question is then placed by the questioner in an envelope on a stand in the middle of the stage, where it remains throughout in full view of the audience.

Silence is called for the telephone, an extension of which has been installed for the occasion—rings, the writer of the question answers it and a voice informs him that the reply to his question will be found in the breast pocket of his coat. Here the correct answer is discovered, and the seals of the envelope, after minute inspection are seen to be still in tact.

Miss Minoprio pledges her word that the four members of the Committee and the person selected by them are all bona-fide strangers and not accomplices; that the telephone call is received from the Exchange in the ordinary way and that the envelope has not been opened.

"Structure Of World Commerce Will Change"

WELL-KNOWN LEATHER MAGNATE FEARS ANOTHER DISASTROUS CRISIS

Mr. G. A. Bata, Proprietor of the world famous Bata Shoe Factory in Zlin, Czechoslovakia, recently addressed the British-Czechoslovak Section of the Chamber of Commerce in London on the development of world commerce. He expressed some very frank ideas meant for Great Britain and other countries which have sufficient stocks of gold and possess raw materials.

He explained the unavoidable consequences of the artificial limitation of international exchange of goods and barriers against free flow and exchange of currencies. The Central European States, of which Czechoslovakia is an important member, have not sufficient gold to pay for the raw materials they require. They could pay only with their own export of goods but the countries which possess raw materials raise custom barriers against these imports. This is the main reason why in Czechoslovakia, Germany, Austria, Yugoslavia, Italy and in other countries huge, industrial plants are erected to manufacture substitutes for raw materials.

Mr. Bata pointed out that this self-sufficiency of the big States must bring about, in the very near future—probably in 10 years, a complete change of the structure of world commerce.

There is a huge industry for manufacturing artificial rubber. This industry of raw material substitutes is the direct consequence of the barriers which have been erected against our industrial and agricultural products. We have no other means to maintain our modest scale of employment and to prevent social unrest.

NEW CRISIS MUST COME.

But what would be the consequences, if the European States begin to turn out better and cheaper substitutes for cotton, wool and other raw materials than tropical countries can cultivate. What will become of the riches of Texas, Egypt, India and other countries. Therefore, I am obliged to expect that after this world crisis, which has spared countries possessing raw materials, a new crisis far much more disastrous must come, which would affect countries producing raw materials unless rich and powerful States will revert as quickly as possible to a policy of free world trade. The actual economic policy amounts practically to a blockade of Central Europe and must bring about as logical consequence that she will cease to be a customer for cotton, wool, rubber, silk, mineral oils, etc., etc.

This would mean annihilation of world production in its actual shape. This development can be prevented if the producers of raw materials will have due consideration for their customers, i.e., countries without gold and raw materials, and, if they will discontinue to put hindrances against the export of their goods, with which they pay not only for the raw materials but also the interest on British Capital invested in raw material producing countries.

Delegates To All-India Women's Conference

A meeting of the women who have become members of the Reception Committee of the All-India Women's Conference will be held on Friday the 27th inst. at 4 p.m. at the Bhagini Samaj Bal Mandir (Kennedy Bridge) to elect one delegate for the conference to be held in Ahmedabad in December. Those ladies who desire to attend the conference will be supplied with Boarding and Lodging at Ahmedabad on becoming a member of the Reception Committee by paying Rs. 5. They can get the Reception Committee ticket at the Bal Mandir Hall on 27th inst at 4 p.m.

Communication Restored

CHITTAGONG, Nov 24.

A correspondent wires as follows:

Through communication on the main line of the Assam Bengal Railway which was interrupted as a result of the derailment of vehicles on 402 Down Mixed near Lakwa on 22nd, was restored yesterday morning.—A. P.

ADULT EDUCATION COMMITTEE'S TENTH LECTURE

The tenth of the series of lectures arranged by the Adult Education Committee of Vile Parle night school was given at Gokalbai High School Hall on last Saturday at 9 p.m before a packed house.

Amongst the interesting films exhibited were "Dairy Farm" and "Breathing."

The film on "breathing" was explained with a running commentary.

THE EMPIRE
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
REVIVED BY SPECIAL REQUEST
M. G. M.'s
ROSEMARIE
with
JEANETTE MACDONALD
NELSON EDDY
NEXT SATURDAY
M.-G.-M.'s Greatest Epic of the Century!
ROMEO AND JULIET
with
NORMA SHEARER
LESLIE HOWARD
and A MIGHTY ALL-STAR cast
Plans Open. Phone 20286.

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AT
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Dubash Theatre
Where
The Record-breaker of 1936
AMAR JYOTI
Prabhat's great picture with novel message to millions is being shown
Directed by V. SHANTARAM
Other shows at 5 and 7-45 p.m.
If you have not seen AMAR JYOTI You have seen nothing in Film art!

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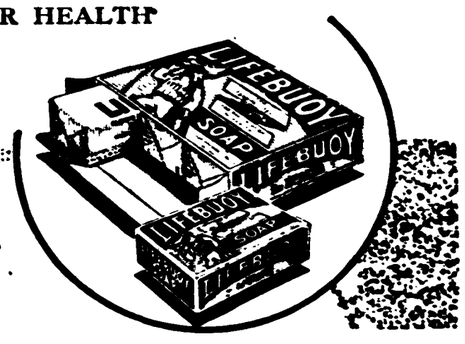

LIFEBUOY SOAP

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LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

City & Suburbs

LOCAL

ENGAGEMENTS

To-day.

Hindu: Kartak Shud 11, 1993
Muslim: Ramzan 10, 1355
Parsi: Khordad 21, 1306
Hightide: 8-04; 21-31
Lowtide: 2-07; 14-51
Sunrise: 6h. 51m.
Sunset: 6h. 0m.

Ninth annual boxing championships, C. J. Hall, 5 p.m.
S. N. D. T. Indian Women's University, opening of new college building by H. E. the Governor, Carnegy Road, Queen's Road, 5-30 p.m.

Thursday, November 26

Municipal Corporation, 3-40 p.m.
S. S. "Rajputana" with English mails ok November 12, due at 6-30 p.m.
Ninth annual boxing championships, C. J. Hall, 9 p.m.

Friday, November 27

Ninth annual boxing championships, C. J. Hall, 9 p.m.

Saturday, November 28

S. S. "Viceroy of India" with homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

DR. VAD ELECTED SYNDIC

Dr. B. G. Vad has been elected to be a member of the Syndicate from the senate in place of the late Mr. A. M. Kajiji.

B P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Professor M. R. Parakh. will meet his students in French to-day (Wednesday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) in the South Wing, University Buildings.

SEVA SADAN SOCIETY

The Twenty-Eighth Annual General Meeting of the Society will be held on Monday next at 5 p.m. (S.T.) in the Malabari Memorial Hall, Gamdevi.

GIRGAUM D. C. C.

An ordinary meeting of the Managing Council of the Girgaum District Congress Committee will be held today (Wednesday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the committee's office.

THE EXCELSIOR
THREE SHOWS DAILY:
AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
The master of dramatic art
GEORGE ARLISS
Is at his best as
"ALEXANDER HAMILTON"
A WARNER BROS.' Historical Masterpiece

CAPITOL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
A Drama of Fiery Love and Fierce Conflict

Also
"MENDELSOHNN"
—portraying the life of the famous composer in music!.

REGAL
Daily at 4 6-30 & 10 P.M.
3 GREAT STARS
ANNA NEAGLE,
TULLIO CARMINATI
LESLIE BANKS
In the Herbert Wilcox Production
THE THREE MAXIMS
COMEDY, DRAMA, THRILLS!

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"The Last of the Mohicans" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Our Relations." Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Alexander Hamilton." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EMPIRE—"Devil is a Sissy." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Amar Jyoti". Daily at 5-15 p.m.
MINERVA—"Maya". Daily at 5-15 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Janma Bhoomi". Daily at 2-30, 5-30 and 8-30 p.m.
PLAZA—"Savkari Pash". Daily at 5, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Desire" Time as usual.
PATHE—"White Angel". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Three Maxims". Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Griha-Dah". Daily at 2-45, 5-15 and 8 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"Sulochana" or "Temple Bells" Daily at 5-15 and 7-45 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICES

Parcels for Germany direct per S.S. "Rotenfels" will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 9-0 a.m. on Saturday 28th instant.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Steamer Clan Murdoch left Suez on Sunday evening November 22.

MANDVI RASHTRIYA SENA

The general meeting of the Volunteers of the Mandvi Rashtriya Sena' will be held to-day (Wednesday), at 4 p.m. (S.T.) at the offices of the 'Mandvi Congress Committee' (Kharek Bazar Naka, 1st floor). All the volunteers must be present in due time.

PUBLIC MEETING

Under the auspices of the Bombay Students' Conference Committee, a meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday), at the Blavatsky Hall at 6-30 p.m. when Lieut, Col. Jalal Shah I. M. S. will speak on 'Students and Sex'. Lieut. Col. Sokhey will preside.

DELEGATES TO PARSI MATRIMONIAL COURT

The meeting of the Parsi Justices of the Peace to elect delegates to the Parsi Chief Matrimonial Court will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sir J.J.P.B. Institution, 209 Hornby Road, Fort.

S. N. D. T. INDIAN WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY.

"Chicago Loudspeakers will be installed on the occasion of the opening ceremony of the building for the S. N. D. Thackersey College for Women, Bombay to-day (Wednesday) at 5-30 p.m. at Carnegy Road, by H. E. the Governor of Bombay."

KARNATAKA KALA MANDALA

The draft constitution prepared by the provisional committee of the Karnataka Kala Mandala will be considered and adopted at a meeting of members of the Mandala at 6-30 p.m. today in the hall of the Karnatak Sangha, Dwarkadas Mansion, Benham Hall Lane, Girgaum. The office-bearers for the current year will also be elected at the meeting. All members of the Mandala and others willing to join the Mandala are requested to be present.

LATE SWAMI SHRADDHANAND

The Organising Secretary of the All-India Swami Shraddhanand Memorial Trust, Delhi writes:—

The Shraddhanand death Jayanti Celebrations come off on the 23rd December this year. This being the tenth anniversary, the All-India Swami Shraddhanand Memorial Trust Delhi, have decided to make special arrangements for countrywide celebration in a manner befitting the memory of the great Swami. The programme of the All-India celebration will be shortly released for publication.

SOCIAL SERVICES OF GOVT. OF BOMBAY.

The Sir Dorabji Tata Graduate School of Social Work Announces Nine Public Lectures on "the Social Services of the Government of Bombay", as under:—

Tuesday, (Dec. 1) "The Public Health Programme of the Government of Bombay", Dr. R. V. Shiveshwarker, D. P. H. Asst. Director of Public Health, Southern R. D., Belgaum.

Tuesday (Dec. 8) "The Work of the Civil Hospitals and Dispensaries." Lt. Col. Jelal M. Shah, M.B.E., I.M.S., Specialist in Venereal Diseases for the Bombay Presidency.

Tuesday, (Dec. 15) "The Work of the Labour Office." Mr. N. A. Mehrban, B.A., F.S.S., F.R. Econ. S., Asst. Commissioner of Labour, Bombay.

Tuesday (Jan. 5) "The Work of the Labour Officer." Mr. A. W. Pryde, Labour Officer for the City of Bombay and Bombay Suburban District.

Thursday, (Jan. 7) "Factory Law and Its Administration." Mr. T. W. Johnstone, M.B.E., A.R.C.S., D.I.C., J.P., Chief Inspector of Factories for the Bombay Presidency.

Tuesday, (Jan. 12) "Industrial Housing in Bombay City." Mr. T.A.J. Ayyar, B.A., Manager, Development Department Chawls, Bombay.

Tuesday, (Jan. 19) "The Work of Co-operative Societies in the Bombay Presidency". Dewan Bahadur H. L. Kaji, J.P. I.E.S., Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay.

Tuesday (Jan. 26) "The Rural Reconstruction Programme of the Government of Bombay" Mr. E. W. Perry, I.C.S., Collector of Nasik.

Tuesday (Feb. 2) "Work Under the Bombay Children Act, 1927-1937" Miss M. K. Davis, M.B.E., The Children's Aid Society, Bombay.

The place on the lecture is The Nagpada Neighbourhood House, Byculla and the time: 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) The public are invited.

SEWRI "GHOST CASE APPEAL"

High Court Quashes Conviction

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court acquitted A. Saint Niblett who was sentenced to a fine of Rs. 100 by the Presidency Magistrate, 5th Court on the charge of cheating one Gustad Namdar in what is known as the "Sewri Ghost case".

Their Lordships held that the complainant did not sustain any loss or physical pain or discomfort nor did he suffer any monetary loss.

Dr. K. A. HAMIED

Standing For Bombay Council

Dr. K. A. Hamied is standing as an Independent candidate for election to the Upper House from the Bombay City and Suburbs Muslim constituency.

INTER CASTE WIDOW MARRIAGE

Under the auspices of Jain Ashram Akola an inter caste widow marriage took place between Seth Popatlal Chunilal (Swetambar Jain) of Ahmedabad and Shrimati Gulabbai Parwar Digambar Jain of Ashram. Many Jain and Hindu leaders joined the procession. Mr. Takwale and secretary gave a speech on the plight of widows.

BOMBAY HIGH SCHOOLS ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION

The Tata Athletic Challange Sports Competition Meeting will be held on Thursday and Friday, 26th and 27th inst. at the Cooperage Ground at 2 p.m. The Heats will be run off on Thursday while the Finals will be run off on Friday. Col. K. M. Mistry will preside and give away the trophies.

With effect from 24th instant the restricted hours of business introduced in the town sub offices owing to the issue of the Curfew Order are withdrawn, and the post offices in Bombay City will resume the same hours of business as before.

However, so long as the Curfew Order is in force the 1st delivery of ordinary unregistered correspondence will be issued between 9-0 a.m. and 9-30 a.m.

STANDING COMMITTEE MEETING

A Special Meeting of the Standing Committee will be held to-day, Wednesday, at 2 p.m. (B.T.) for the further consideration of the Budget Estimates.

Another Special Meeting will be held on the same day after the Weekly Meeting of the Standing Committee for the further consideration of the Budget Estimates.

INSTITUTE OF BOOK-KEEPERS, LTD., LONDON

Examinations in Book-keeping and Accountancy of the above body will be held at the Laxmi Tutorial and Commercial Institute, Dadar, Bombay in four stages, viz., Fellows, Associates, Elementary, and Preparatory, on Tuesday, the 1st December, 1936. Forms and other particulars can be had at the above Institute. The last date for receipt of entries is 27th inst.

CHARGED AT INSTANCE OF HIGH COURT

At the resumed hearing on Monday before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, Mr. Chimanlal M. Nanavatti, complainant in the case in which Chandulal Punamchand Shroff and Mohamedally A. Kapadia, are being charged at the instance of Mr. Justice Chitre, of the Bombay High Court, was cross-examined by Mr. A. S. R. Chari, Counsel for the first accused.

The accused are charged with having in collusion obtained a decree against the Overseas Transport Co. from the Bombay High Court, in a suit filed by the second accused for a sum of money which was not due and payable by the company. The first acused is a partner in the Overseas Transport Company and suffered the decree to be passed against the firm.

Mr. C. N. Kanuga, Advocate, appeared as Special Crown prosecutor for the prosecution. Mr. A. S. R. Chari defended the first accused while Mr. Laibhai Javeri defended the second accused.

Mr. Chimanlal M. Nanavatti in the course of his cross-examination stated that he was dealing in stocks and shares at present, and that prior to joining the Overseas Transport Co., he was in the colliery business. The firm of Kantawalla Nanavatti & Co., Ltd., had the contract from the Baroda State for the clearance of shipments of goods at Bombay. The Overseas Transport Company had obtained a licence for the clearing work at Okha.

PURPORT OF QUESTIONS.

The Magistrate questioned the relevancy of these questions, as it was outside the ground covered by the case in Court. Counsel then explained to the Court the purport of the questions which he stated would show that there existed certain ill-feeling between the members of the firm.

Counsel proceeding questioned the witness regarding the constitution of the two firms which had obtained contracts from the Baroda State. Witness denied that Mr. Ratilal Nanavatti had anything to do with his firm. He and the accused Shroff were the partners of the Overseas Transport Co.

At this stage further hearing was adjourned to Monday next.

YAKSHAGANA DANCES

Classic Art Of Karnataka To Be Shown On Bombay Stage

The newly started Karnataka Kala Mandala in Bombay is appropriately announcing its formal inauguration to the wider public by presenting specimens of the classical dances of Karnatak, together with a few modern adaptations of the same by the Nritya Karnataka troupe of Mangalore, at the Jinnah Hall and Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, at 5 p.m., on the 23th and 29th Nov. respectively. Mr. K. Shivaram Karanth, the young talented playwright and author of Karnatak, is leading the troupe and the performances will be the first of their kind in Bombay.

UNIVERSAL APPEAL OF YAKSHAGANA.

The Yakshagana dance ventured out of its home in Kanara for the first time to Madras two years ago and drew the admiration then not only of the art-loving public but of the students of Natya Shastra, who while

Mr. Shivram Karant of South Canara, who is bringing a troupe of Nritya Karnatak, will give performances in Bombay on 28th and 29th instant.

noticing in it many points of similarities with folk dances in other parts of the country, were also struck by the certain unique features which are of universal appeal. The rhythmic movements, the picturesque dresses, the fantastic but by no means grotesque make-up, and to the accompaniment of appropriate music, are all expressive of the emotions dominant in the various themes drawn from the Epics and Puranas.

NO COMPLICATED TECHNIQUE.

The manner is different from that of Kathakali, which is a highly specialised, almost localised art, in that only the people of Malabar accustomed to and trained in the interpretation of its complicated technique can follow it with sustained interest. The spirited martial or "veera" and "raudra" rasa dances of the Yakshagana are unique in that they are realistic and evoke, without exception among the audience, irrespective of the country or class to which it belongs, a lively and sympathetic response.

THE ACTORS.

The actors that are coming with the Nritya Karnataka troupe are the greatest living representatives of the art in the respective roles that they are playing. Ganpat Prabhu, over 70 years old, who will act as Karna in "Karna-Arjuna" and Bhishma in "Bhishma Vijaya," is a veteran Yakshagana dancer whose performance in Madras elicited wide encomiums and comparisons in his favour with some of the celebrated dancers of India in classic style. He has the gift of combining in quite an original manner the subtle techniques of allied styles of dancing and gesture, making the blend most expressive of the emotions without the least damage to the Yakshagana base and background of his Art. Saligram Manjunath as Arjuna first in "Karna-Arjuna" and then in "Samasaptaka-Vadha," will portray the same character in two different situations, which is an indication of his mastery of the art. Krishnappa, the leading actor in Kanara of the role of the fierce Rakshasa or demon, as Samasaptaka in the Bombay performances is sure, by his make-up and dress and mode of dancing, to present the part he plays in a manner at once realistic and thrilling.

Mrs. Leela Karant, who is a prominent artiste in the Troupe of Nritya Karnatak.

THE MODERN TOUCH.

Mr. Karanth and his young wife Srimathi Leela will give dances in the allied Kinnara Style in "Shabara-Shankara" (Shiva the Hunter) and other individual pieces, which will show the possibilities of modernising the ancient forms if directed by persons of artistic genius.

The troupe has had enthusiastic and appreciative reception in Hubli, Dharwar and Belgaum. Bombay too is sure to enjoy the performances both for their novelty as well as for their artistic excellence.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

As a result of persistent appeal from the sweepers of the Bandra municipal area, there is a proposal to the effect that sweepers' quarters be erected at Santa Cruz, adjoining the open ground to the south of the Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana.

This, writes a correspondent, has caused a lot of dissatisfaction among the residents of this surrounding and the Gymkhana, who have protested against this move.

The President of the Housing Society, in his letter of protest to the Municipality, points out how undesirable it is to have sweepers quarters in such close proximity to the Gymkhana and the Catholic Colony. The proposal he writes "would not only lead to the ruin of our Gymkhana but would also involve our Society in an enormous loss in-as-much as no one will come forward to take up our land close to that area."

The correspondent adds that at the annual general meeting of the members of the Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana held on Sunday a resolution of protest was also passed against this move.

"CHATTER BOX."

St. Andrews High School, Bandra, I understand, is the first school to have a monthly magazine under the name of the "Chatter Box." This magazine was established five years ago, through the initiative of the boys of the sixth standard, on the 24 of the month of June (St. John's Day).

With the help of a generous master they brought out their first issue in a cyclostyled form, which was greatly appreciated by both the students and the school authorities who have shown great interest in its upkeep.

In this its fifth year of existence they have now managed to issue it in a printed form. Looking at the November issue, though the whole issue comprises about a dozen pages, in number, it reveals a lot to my journalistic self

It deals in subjects that are of interest to the school boys in general.

Bombay Students' Brotherhood

MR. NARIMAN RE-ELECTED PRESIDENT

The 40th annual general meeting of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood was held at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall, on Sunday morning. About 150 members were present. Mr. K. F. Nariman, President of the Brotherhood was in the chair.

After the annual report and statement of accounts were adopted by the meeting, the election of office-bearers took place.

Mr. K. F. Nariman was re-elected President for the ensuing year.

Mr. S. A. Brelvi was re-elected Vice-President for the next term

Messrs. V. K. Daghe and B. R. Munshi were appointed auditors for the year.

NEW MANAGING COMMITTEE

There were 28 candidates for the 15 seats on the Managing Committee.

IN AND AROUND — BOMBAY —

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Controlling Tuberculosis

The proposal to take more active steps for controlling the spread of tuberculosis cannot be too much commended. It is a belated measure and, consistent with the funds available, the Corporation should brook no delay in putting the scheme of the Municipal Commissioner into execution. A step in the right direction was taken by the Municipality, in appointing Dr. C.S. Patel to the Maratha Hospital, for surgical treatment of Pulmonary Turberculosis. This practice of adopting surgical treatment in Municipal hospital is not unknown in several of the Municipal hospitals in the West. And the Bombay Corporation has done the right thing in introducing this kind of treatment in Bombay too. ment in a Municipal hospital is not And Dr. Patel is eminently fitted for the task on account of his wide experience. Having done this the only wise course open to the Corporation is to proceed to take measures in other directions such as prevention and isolation of children of patients in pre-tubercular stage. The proposal of the Commissioner is modest. He intends providing two additional dispensaries for treatment of tuberculosis, a fully equipped X-Ray Department in one of the central dispensaries for screening and taking Skiagrams, an increased number of beds in the Sanatorium and increased accommodation for advanced cases in the Isolation Hospital.

So far nothing has been done on the preventive side and this is a matter which must be taken in hand by the Corporation at the earliest, so that in the near future complete measure to check the dread disease may be effectively taken.

Smoking In The Buses

The grievances of the passengers travelling in the B.E.S. and T. Company's buses who complain in regard to smokers who sit in the front seats and smoke cigars or cigarettes will be redressed very soon. Many cases have gone to Court owing to this contravention of the bye-law but the B.E.S. and T. did not adopt the easy method of putting a board in front of the passengers or at the back of the drivers' seats stating that smoking is only allowed in the rear seats just as it is done in the tram cars. Many a time this grievance was ventilated in these columns. The Passengers' and Traffic Relief Association took up this matter and represented to the management of the B. E. S. and T. Company to put up boards behind the drivers' seats as suggested in these columns warning the passengers to smoke only on the rear seats. The Manager of the B. E. S. and T. Company, it is understood, has agreed to do so. It is hoped to avoid squabble every day among the passengers. The boards will be placed without delay.

CHAWL FOR HARIJANS

Sweepers' Proposals To I. T. Committee

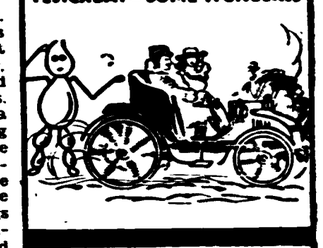
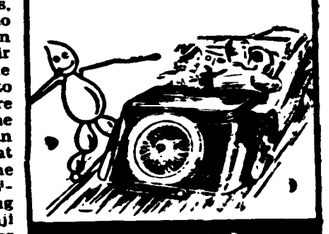
An interesting application was made by a sweeper to the Improvements Committee stating that if he was given a plot of land in Fort area, he would get money from Seth Lalubha' Samaldas Bank to build a two or three storeyed chawl for Harijans.

The application was recorded. In his letter to the Improvements Committee dated 7th instant Lalubhai Karsondas, a sweeper, stated "much harship is caused to the Harijans such as sweepers. etc., employed in the Fort area for want of suitable housing accommodation for them in the locality and that they are compelled to live in rooms under the staircases of buildings or in the open passages between buildings which are no better than dungeons or gutters; that they and their women folks are thus exposed to harassment by Mawalis, Pathans and others and they do not receive help from policemen if they approach them with their grievances; that sometimes the police constables order them to extinguish fire while they are cooking in the gullies with the result that they have to remain without meals. Requesting that in the circumstances stated he may be allotted a piece of Municipal land out of the plots lying vacant at Fort Street or Homji Street, for erecting a two or three-storied chawl for housing the Harijans and adding that he has arranged for the money required for the construction of the chawl from the Seth Lalubhai Samaldas Bank.

The Committee considered the letter on Tuesday and resolved to record it.

PATHE Daily 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. Ph. 41561.
ANOTHER SCREEN MASTERPIECE from the Producers of "LOUIS PASTEUR."

THE BRAVE STORY OF AN IMMORTAL HEROINE WHOSE NURSE'S CLOAK..... BLACKENED WITH THE SMOKE OF BATTLE-FIELDS..... BECAME THE SPOTLESS SYMBOL OF SACRIFICE OF THE "WOMEN IN WHITE."
SEE—IT—TO-DAY!

"AD INFINITUM"
YESTERDAY—SOME WONDERED

TO-DAY—MOST KNOW

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1936

STOCK EXCHANGE INQUIRY

The Government of Bombay have appointed a Committee to examine and report on the organisation and methods of working of the Native Share and Stock Brokers' Association, to consider whether any modifications are desirable in the interests of the investing public and to make recommendations. The chairman, Mr. W. B. Morison is reported to have both practical and theoretical experience of the London Stock Exchange, while of the other two members, Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala has handled large finances and Sir Rahimtoola Chinoy is the President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. An Indian ought to have been appointed as Chairman.

Forward Transactions

As a result of repeated crises due to reckless speculation both the Press and the Indian Chamber demanded modifications in the present mode of working of the Association. It may be said that, under the present constitution and rules, the Stock Exchange is not seldom used by professional operators and even members of the Stock Exchange as a medium to mint money through excessive speculation. In India the Bombay Stock Exchange is the only market which affords facilities for forward trading and people throughout the country often use the Exchange as an instrument for getting rich quickly. This facility of forward business and particularly of selling short is mainly responsible for the undesirable crises which we have often experienced. Those who sell short in large volumes without possessing a single share, mostly pay and receive differences. Thus if the object of the appointment of the Committee is to check reckless speculation, there seems no other way than to put the whole business on a cash basis. This is the only measure which will prevent violent fluctuations in prices and safeguard the interests of investing public. Such safeguards are likely to inspire confidence and will help a great deal in financing big industries and in building up industrial India. But we recognize that it is not feasible to do away with forward transactions, though it is possible to control them.

Control Speculation

The Stock Exchange, in defence of the present trading methods, may, of course, urge many reasons to show that there is no room for any drastic changes and may even strive to make out that outsiders are mostly responsible for the troubles of the Exchange. In this case they may draw a line between jobbers and operators but without effective control it will be impossible to check reckless speculation. If the Committee cannot see its way to put the entire business on a cash basis, it will be necessary to adopt some effective safeguards to control speculation. To fight the evil it is necessary that the link which enables the switching of business from one settlement to another must be broken at least three to four times in a year, so that prices may remain on their due merits. The monthly settlements may be changed to fortnightly ones to reduce liabilities. It is also desirable to impose a system of deposits based on a certain percentage of the market value, and these deposits must be made safe against any liability prior to the stock exchange liabilities. This move will also help to some extent in checking reckless speculation and will deny facilities which are given to small operators by brokers. Those who are interested in the Share Bazar will be too glad to see the stable prices fluctuating on merits. The Indian Merchants' Chamber will, of course, come forward with its views about necessary changes. These views will be entitled to respect. But there are some men representing Big Business who use the Stock Exchange as a means of making money. These are not likely to come forward to call a spade a spade. Thus the committee has a hard task to perform and if the interests of investors are to be safeguarded and the industrial progress of the country is to be assured, there is no alternative than to devise means for effective control by limiting the extent of operations of each individual member of the Exchange. Nobody will of oppose "bonafide" business within limits. Such business is sure to increase the stability of the Exchange. Forward trading has become a necessity and the committee should at least suggest a rule that no one who does not pay income tax on a particular amount will be entitled to enter into forward contract of the Stock Exchange. We want to do away with reckless speculation and minimise the evils of speculation beyond the means of the operator. This can be achieved by effective measures and we trust the Committee will do its utmost to find out ways and means and arm the Directors of the Exchange with powers to deal with reckless operators.

Muslims And Congress

Maulana Habibur Rahman, the Punjab Muslim leader and President of the All-India Majlis-e-Ahrar, has made an appeal to Muslims which we heartily endorse. We are afraid we do not agree with the Maulana in his criticism of the Congress leaders whose attitude, according to him, led many Muslims to leave the Congress. But now it is neither useful nor even relevant to convass the question of blame or that of its distribution. The main issue for patriotic Muslims to decide is, as Maulana Habibur Rahman points out, "what is more useful for hastening the advent of national independence—the boycott of, or co-operation with, the Congress." Muslimans have, we hope, realised that, even apart from their obligations to the Motherland as Sons of India, freedom of this country alone can remove the troubles, internal and external, that have been agitating them. This was the lesson taught them by their leaders in 1920. This lesson they, unfortunately, forgot in their preoccupations over minor problems and prejudices. It is time they remembered the lesson. It is time they re-discovered their true obligations both as Indians and Muslims.

As regards the Maulana's anxiety "to save the Congress from the influence and dominance of the Hindu Mahasabha," it is an unwarranted suggestion that the Congress is at all dominated by the Mahasabha. The Congress is not dominated by any communalist bodies, Hindu or Muslim, and that is why Hindu and Muslim communal organisations oppose it at the elections and in other spheres. The Congress stands for national interests, which cannot prejudice the true interests of any community in the nation. This fact needs to be appreciated by those who always think exclusively in terms of their own communities. Mr. M. Azhar Ali, M.L.A., who also appeals to the Muslims to make common cause with the Congress, rightly observes: "In this democratic age we, as a community in India, cannot effectively function as a separate, isolated entity. Our fortunes are bound up with those of the Hindus. Let us, for once, try to look beyond our noses—and beyond trivalities. A minority has no future unless it coalesces with the majority for the advancement and attainment of common national aims and objects." What is true of Muslims is equally true of other communities in the country. They can serve their own interests best by making common cause with the Congress.

MUSLIM MUST JOIN CONGRESS

Independent M. L. A.'s Appeal

(By M. AZHAR ALI M.L.A. of Lucknow.)

Readers of the "Bombay Chronicle", especially Moslem readers, will, I hope, be interested to read the following illuminating comments on the Balfour Declaration regarding Palestine by a distinguished American journalist and author:—

"Though the phraseology of the declaration was guarded and noncommittal, and though nothing, it would seem, could be clearer or more explicit than the reservation "that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine," the Zionists as might have been expected gave it an interpretation wholly different from that intended by its authors. Emphasising the first half of the declaration and ignoring the remainder, they loudly proclaimed it to be a pledge on the part of the British Government to turn Palestine over to the Jews, who would be permitted to erect there a sovereign state in which political power would be in the hands of the Jewish minority." (At the time, the Mohamedans numbered over 600,000; the Christians 85 000; and the Jews 90,000.)

"The Zionists not only expected the British Government to turn the administration of Palestine over to them, lock, stock, and barrel, but they also expected Britain either to coerce the non-Jewish elements of the population into accepting Jewish rule or to force them out of the country altogether.

"Various schemes for realising the ambitions of the Zionists, most of them impracticable many of them grossly unjust, were advanced. Some of the Zionist leaders proposed to rid themselves of the embarrassing Arab majority *by buying up the Arab lands.* Others asserted that, *by flooding the country with Jewish immigrants* from eastern Europe, the Arabs would soon find themselves in a minority" (italics are mine).

Coercing Arabs.

Both of these processes are now going on in Palestine under the aegis of the British Government and twenty-five thousand "British bayonets" were recently sent to Palestine to coerce the Arabs, who were fighting for their national existence, and to overawe the Arab rulers.

"They (the Zionists) assert that if Great Britain will only consent to maintain order in the country and to keep the Arabs in check, they will bring in large sums of Jewish capital to be used in comprehensive development schemes, which include the extension of the railway system, the building of a great port at Haifa, and the harnessing of the waters of the Jordan. By thus providing power, water, and transportation, agriculture, the only existing industry, would be greatly stimulated and new industries developed. There would also be created a considerable demand for labour, which would be met by the importation of large numbers of Jews from the countries of eastern Europe."

And thus, in a few years, the Jews would outnumber the native Arabs whose subjection to the political domination of the Jews would be assured.

Imperialist Aim.

The British Government is now actively co-operating with the Zionists (i.e., with those who advocate the colonising of Palestine by modern Jews) to achieve this object—in pursuit of its imperialist aim to secure British hegemony in Western Asia and the moral support and co-operation of the Jews in international affairs. (There are—according to latst estimates—about 16 million Jews and 210 million Mohamedans in the world at the present time).

The Arabs have been in occupation of Palestine since the dawn of history, but at no distant date—that is, if the Jewish immigration and the sale of Arab land to the Jews are not forthwith stopped—they will be reduced to the position of hewers of wood and drawers of water in their own home-lands. This is the cheering prospect that faces them. Is it any wonder that they have risen in revolt?

We, the Mohamedans of India, may fret and fume at the hard lot of our co-religionists, but we cannot influence the Government—placed as we are—in any way. Whatever we do, we cannot deflect it from the course on which it is set. In reply to our entreaties and protests we are given lessons in political economy and treated to any number of fine phrases and platitudes, which are an insult to our intelligence.

Support Congress.

What, then is to be done? In this democratic age we, as a com-

(Continued of Page 7 Col. 4)

Indian Companies (Amendment) Act

Review Of Principal Features

By JAGMOHANDAS J. KAPADIA
VIII.

Existing section 130 requires a company to keep proper books of account as to its affairs and transactions. The section is worded in general terms and does not contain any penalty for default. A new section has, therefore, been substituted in its place which indicates in some detail the matters in respect of which the accounts have to be kept and includes a penalty for default. The penalty provision is contained in sub-section (3) which is somewhat remarkable. It provides that in the case of a company managed by a managing agent the managing agent and, in other cases, the directors who may be responsible for non-compliance with the provisions of the section would be liable to a fine not exceeding rupees one thousand. In the Bill as introduced, the penalty consisted of a fine not exceeding Rs. 2,000 and imprisonment for a term not exceeding six months for wilful default. It applied to directors and no distinction was made as regards companies with managing agents. This distinction was made by the Select Committee. It was in my opinion misconceived and is inconsistent with the compulsory adoption of Regulation 71 by which a company's management is vested in the directors. In the Assembly a further inroad was made by deleting the imprisonment provision and reducing the amount of the fine to rupees one thousand.

Annual Balance Sheets

Every company is now required to submit to the general meeting not only a balance-sheet but also a profit and loss account or, where a company does not trade for profit, an income and expenditure account. Both accounts must be made upto a date not earlier than nine months before the meeting, unless the company has interests abroad in which case twelve months are allowed. In special cases the Registrar is empowered to extend the period by three months. The balance-sheet must be sent to shareholders fourteen days before the meeting instead of seven days as at present. This will leave more time to study the accounts. The Amending Act now makes it compulsory for *every* company to send a copy of the auditors' report to the shareholders. This is an important change as it removes a grave hardship which is being experienced at present when auditors make separate reports which shareholders are only entitled to inspect and copies whereof are not available to them except on payment.

Directors' Report

A new section (section 131A) requiring that the balance-sheet must have annexed to it a report by the directors with respect to the state of the company's affairs, the amount of dividend recommended and the amount proposed to be carried to reserve fund, general reserve or reserve account shown specifically on the balance-sheet or to be shown on a subsequent balance-sheet. The directors' report has thus become a statutory document which it is not to-day. For non-compliance with the new section, directors alone are to be liable to the penalty imposed by sub-section (3) of section 130. This, I am afraid, leaves a loophole as in the case of companies with managing agents, nobody will be liable for non-compliance.

Contents Of Profit And Loss Account

Perhaps the most important provisions made are those with regard to contents of a profit and loss account. For the first time the matters to be included in this account have been statutorily laid down. The Profit and Loss account must, as per Regulation 107 which is made compulsory, show the amount of gross income distinguishing the sources from which it has been delivered and the amount of gross expenditure distinguishing the expenses of the establishment, salaries and other like matters. Shareholders will now have before them some details about income and expenditure which may enable them to judge the working of their companies. The account should also show particulars of the total amount paid whether as fees, percentages or otherwise to managing agents and directors as remuneration and where a special resolution is passed, the remuneration paid to the manager. The provision about special resolution is rather understandable in face of the fact that the manager's remuneration has to be disclosed in the Prospectus. The account must also show the total amount written off for depreciation. It should be noted that this provision is comprehensive and is not confined to depreciation on fixed assets only. The account should also show the remuneration received by a director from other companies where he owes his nomination to the company submitting the account. Thus in the accounts of the holding company the remuneration of directors nominated on the Boards of subsidiary companies will be liable to disclosure. Auditors are required to report on the Profit and Loss Account and to state whether the same is in conformity with the law. Penalties have also been imposed for issuing a Profit and Loss Account in violation of the legal requirements. That these changes are a great step forward on the existing position cannot be fairsaid. From the point of view of publicity they are of great value to shareholders. It is sincerely hoped that those concerned in the preparation of accounts will carry them out faithfully and help in arousing an intelligent interest among Shareholders.

Balance Sheet (Form F.)

A few changes of importance have been made in the statutory form F of the balance-sheet. They are as follows:—

(1) Hereafter it will be necessary to show in the balance-

(Continued on Page 11, Col 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

NO PRESSURE, NO!

Replying to a question in the Commons on Monday about the political officers detailed to visit the Indian Princes in connection with the draft Instrument of Accession, Mr. R. A. Butler stated that the officers were meant only to assist the Princes "in determining their view towards accession" and not to exert any pressure on them. It may be assumed that the officers will exert no more pressure than they have done in the past and that they may only give advice, as they have done often before. However, at the close of this mission of advice, many Princes may be found accepting the advice and ready to join the Federation, despite the fears they expressed at their recent conferences in Bombay. If by any chance they fail to do so, it will certainly not be for want of advice—of course free from pressure—from the officers now going the round.

"NOT BRITISH INTERESTS ONLY."

In his presidential speech at the fifteenth annual general meeting of the East Indian Cotton Association on Monday Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas did well to emphasise the view, shared by all business bodies in India, that the trade treaty that is being negotiated between India and Britain must be "in the interests of both countries and not merely of the United Kingdom." The significance of the latter part of the remark will not, we hope, be lost upon Government. As Sir Purshotamdas points out, the question involves more interests than merely commercial and economic. There is, however, every possibility of a "treaty" being once again foisted upon India, which is in the interests of only the United Kingdom. Business bodies in India must, therefore, be prepared to meet the situation that will be created by such an unfair treaty.

WELCOME TO GEN. BOOTH.

The great welcome extended to General Evangeline Booth on her arrival in Bombay on Monday was more than well-deserved. The Salvation Army is, perhaps, the most famous institution of its type throughout the world, and General Evangeline Booth, the head of the Army, is maintaining very ably the high traditions set up by her distinguished father. Her name is a household word in America as well as in Europe, and she is the recipient of numerous marks of honour from a number of countries. In India also, the Salvation Army is rendering great service to the needy and suffering and has thus endeared itself to thousands of Indians. As the Mayor of Bombay aptly pointed out at the reception meeting, though Indians belong to a different faith they gratefully recognize in its social and moral activities the actual working of some of the noblest tenets of their own faith. We are afraid, however, that General Booth's references to the Harijans were not exactly felicitous. For one thing, the origin of "the mighty movement" to which she referred, was more due to Mahatmaji than to Government. For another, we believe that the best interest of the Harijans would not be served by trying to wean them from their ancestral faith. The Harijan today is in need of not so much spiritual as material salvation, and genuine efforts towards that end from Gen. Booth's Army will be more welcome than mere proselytising activities.

MR. PETIGARA.

Khan Bahadur Petigara retired from the Bombay City Police yesterday after thirty-three years of distinguished and efficient service. Mr. Petigara joined the Force as a sub-inspector and, considering the obstacles placed in the way of Indians rising to higher posts in the Police Department, his appointment as Deputy-Commissioner of Police was due solely to the fact that he had proved himself indispensable by his remarkable ability and the vast and varied experience gained by him in the Political Branch of the C.I.D. for nearly two decades. His duties brought him into contact with the leaders and workers of the Congress during the various phases of the Non-Co-operation movement, and though the rules of classification of prisoners were more arbitrarily violated by the Government of Bombay than by any other Provincial Government, and the treatment of political prisoners in the jails of this Presidency left much to be desired, it must be said to the credit of Mr. Petigara that he was in no way responsible for this policy and that his attitude towards political offenders was invariably marked by courtesy and considerateness, which earned him popularity among them. That he won for himself the reputation of being one of the ablest officers in the Police Force affords a fresh proof that, given the opportunity, there is no position of responsibility and confidence in which an Indian cannot acquit himself with credit and distinction.

NAMES DO MATTER.

It is difficult to lay down hard and fast rules about the naming of streets and public places in any city, and we can give only qualified support to the rules suggested by the Land Revenue and General Purposes Committee of the Bombay Municipality and by the Municipal Commissioner. It is clear, however, that streets and public spaces should no longer be named after officials merely because they are officials and that they should be more often named after men who have worthily served the country in general or the locality concerned. It should also be clear that the names of great men should not be made pawns in the games of party politics.

LEAVE HIM OUT.

Our Dharwar correspondent states that when certain members of the Vijaynagar Centenary Celebration Committee asked Dewan Bahadur Kambli to lead the movement, he is reported to have replied that he would neither lead nor support it, as it was a political movement. The excuse, assuming that the report is true, will deceive none. The Dewan Bahadur knows but too well that to the bulk of the people of Karnatak he would hardly be acceptable as the leader of the movement. The movement, however, will be none the worse for his keeping out of it, and the public will know him better.

作东-白-事作

WITHOUT COMMENT—

"Britain is the retired burglar of the world. We own a fifth of the earth and we have got it through aggressive wars. We say we will not do it again, but we have the needle."

—Dr. J. J. North in a discussion on the present armament race at the annual assembly of the New Zealand Baptist Union.

* * * *

We are glad that Sir Maurice Gwyer "is thought likely to be chosen for the post of Chief Justice" of the Federal Court.

It is such a relief. We were afraid that the post might go to some inexperienced backward native like Sir Shadi Lal, or Sir S. M. Sulaiman.

We are glad that the British "National" Government has not proved oblivious to obligations re. teaching and training Indians. And we are perfectly certain that Sir Maurice Gwyer will successfully train Sulaimans and Shadi Lals in the administration of Federal Justice.

* * * *

Bori Bunder is gratified that a certain statement issued by the Hindu Mahasabha demonstrates Hindu dissatisfaction against the Congress because of its attitude towards the Communal Award and cutely insinuates that in that statement "there is much food for thought for the Hindu community."

We do not know if the "Hindu community" will bite the bait. But in the meantime the "Muslim community" should not rush to any conclusions, unfair or unjust to our contemporary. It should hold its communal soul in peace.

For, very soon there is bound to be another article along patronisingly approving dissatisfaction against the Congress because of its attitude towards—the Communal Award. And, of course, offering much food for thought, etc., etc.

There is also "much food for thought" for both the Hindu and the Muslim communities in an attitude that incites Muslims to accept and Hindus to oppose the Communal Award.

But the food is rather rotten and must stink in mental nostrils.

* * * *

And there is, further, much, very much food for thought in the British genius that invented the Communal Award.

* * * *

VICEROY'S EMISSARIES AND PRINCES

"NO PRESSURE"
Reply To Questions In Commons
—Headline.

Of course "No Pressure," only pressing persuasion.

* * * *

"Italy will give General Franco moral support in any blockade he may institute of Spanish ports."
—Rome message.

And what more does General France want than the support of Fascist morality?

* * * *

Germany, says a Berlin message, has agreed to sign a protocol for humanising of submarine warfare.

One recalls Italy's signatures to protocols, covenants and conventions, one also recalls Germany's signatures to many of them and one cannot help wondering about the fate of this latest victim of the typical Nazi-fascist jobs.

* * * *

GAEKWAR ARRIVES AT BARODA
—Headline.

"A Distinguished Visitor To Baroda" would, perhaps, be more apt.

* * * *

Didn't some idiot propose to you before we got married? he said, when the row was at its height.

'He did,' she replied with honeyed sweetness

'Well, I wish you'd married him.'

'I did, darling, she murmured.

K.

Bomb Falls On War Ministry

Britain's Earnestness In Preserving Neutrality

DUBIOUS ATTITUDE OF GERMANY AND ITALY

MADRID, Nov. 23.

The bombardment of the city continued last evening. A number of shells fell in the centre of Madrid causing much damage and a number of casualties.

A message from Seville states: The evening broadcast says that a high explosive bomb dropped by an insurgent plane fell in courtyard of the War Ministry, Madrid, where munitions are stored.

A vast explosion was followed by huge fire. The flames were visible hours afterwards from insurgent lines.

SIGNIFICANT CHARGES

VALENCIA, Nov. 24.

A War Ministry Communique alleges that Italian and German warships have been spying on the Spanish loyal fleet and conveying information to the insurgents.

The Communique declares that Port Bilbao was mined by a German Cableship, whilst on examination of the debris of a torpedo fired at the Cruiser "Cervantes" shows that its origin is neither Spanish nor Italian and that a German destroyer was observed off Port Carthagena after the attack.—Reuter.

WITH TONGUE IN CHEEK?

ROME, Nov. 23.

It is stated that that Italy will give General Franco her moral support in any blockade he may institute of the Spanish ports.

FRENCH ATTITUDE

PARIS, Nov. 23.

France does not intend to grant belligerent rights to either side in Spain, Reuter is officially informed.

France's attitude towards Non-Intervention remains unaltered, and as has often been pointed out, is identical with that of Britain.

AMERICANS IN MADRID

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.

The State department instructed by telephone Mr. Eric Wendelin, American Charge d'Affaires, to close the Madrid Embassy and proceed to Valencia.

Mr Wendelin replied that he would evacuate on Wednesday with his staff and 200 Americans still in Madrid. They will travel by car and bus.

BRITAIN TO BAN ARMS EXPORT

LONDON, Nov. 23.

With the intention of making Britain's bonafides clear, a Bill prohibiting the shipping of arms to Spain will be drafted ready for introduction on Wednesday. The Bill will make it a criminal offence for British vessels to carry arms to any Spanish port from any other port in any part of the world.

At present, the British Government has effective powers only to prevent the export of arms from Britain, whereas the Government, on several occasions recently, received reports alleging that British ships were used to carry arms from foreign ports to Spain. Penalties under bill will be monetary and heavy enough to deter owners.

The definition of what constitutes "munitions of war" will be identical with the list drafted by the Non-Intervention Committee. It is understood that there is every likelihood of France imposing similar regulations.

Mr. Eden's announcement that legislation to make carriage of arms to Spain illegal had been received with pleasure in Italy, Germany and France. A "sign of goodwill" was the description given to the move in Berlin.

French authoritative circles described it as a "very wise measure," while Rome approves of it as a necessary extension of Non-Intervention.

MADRID MOORS TO HELP GOVT.

LONDON (By Mail.)

The anti-Fascist Moorish residents of Madrid held a meeting under the chairmanship of Mustafa Ibny-Jaia on the 3rd of Oct. and passed the following resolutions.

1. The Fascist generals are the enemies of Moors. The duty of the Moroccan people is to support the popular movement against the generals in Morocco.

2. The Republican regime alone guarantees the democratic liberties of the Moroccan people.

3. The Moors fighting on the side of the Fascists do so because either they are deceived or are compelled.

4. The Moroccan residents of Madrid, therefore, resolve to raise a battalion among themselves against the Fascist army and place it at the disposal of the 5th Regiment in Madrid.—United Press.

but Italy has not given, and will not give, material assistance and will continue to maintain Non-Intervention.

This attitude is a logical outcome of the Italian recognition of the insurgent government.

It is argued that Gen. Franco is fully justified in taking steps to prevent the landing of war material from Russia. It is strongly denied that Italian submarines were responsible for torpedoing the Spanish warships and it is officially stated that Italy has neither loaned, nor sold any submarines to Gen. Franco.

Mr. Eden's announcement in the Commons that Britain will not accord belligerent rights has come as a surprise since the Italian press had led their readers to believe that Britian was on verge of according such rights.

NO BREAKING OF GERMAN-SOVIET RELATIONS

Compromise Solution To Be Found By Expulsion Of Stickling?

BERLIN, Nov. 23.

Precipitate breaking off of German relations with Russia is regarded as unlikely in diplomatic circles provided Stickling is not executed.

It is anticipated that a compromise solution will be found perhaps by the expulsion of Stickling of his exchange for some Soviet prisoner held in Germany.

An earlier message from Berlin said:

Official circles decline to make any statement regarding Herr von Ribbentrop's visit to Mr. Baldwin. Diplomatic circles do not expect an immediate break between Germany and the Soviet.

If such a break was to come, it is believed that it would have been made after fiery speeches delivered at the recent Nuremberg Congress.—Reuter.

GERMANY AGREES TO HUMANISE WARFARE

BERLIN, Nov. 24

Germany has agreed to sign the protocol for humanisation of submarine warfare, as provided under the London Naval Treaty

The German Embassy in London handed to the Foreign Office a note to this effect to-day

Washington Treaty powers have already acceded.

ANGLO-FRENCH-U. S. MONETARY PACT

LONDON, Nov. 23.

The British Government, in a statement expresses pleasure at the adherence of Holland and Switzerland to the principles of Anglo-French-American monetary agreement.

It says further that the Government is informed that the United States treasury is extending to Belgium the Netherlands and Switzerland its arrangements for technical co-operation in exchange matters referred to in a statement published on October 13th.

The British Government welcomes this step as it harmonises with the arrangements already made between the United States and Britain, and the United States and France, and also with the general basis of mutual co-operation existing between the British, Belgian Dutch and Swiss monetary authorities.

An earlier Cable from The Hague stated that it is officially announced that the Netherlands Government have approved the Anglo-French-American gold agreement. They propose to co-operate in it.

A Berne Cable stated,

Switzerland's adhesion to the British, American and French monetary convention has been brought a stage nearer by her communication addressed to the three Governments notifying them that Switzerland approves the general principles of the convention and wishes to conduct negotiations with a view to co-operation therein.—Reuter.

SASTRI IN DELHI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

The Right Hon'ble Srinivas Sastri arrived here from Madras, and accompanied by Mr. Bozman, I.C.S., he leaves on the 27th for Calcutta. They will sail on the morning of the 29th for Penang reaching there on the 6th December. Their enquiry into the condition of the Indian population in the colony will last for less than a month.—A. P. Special.

First Fruits Of Congress Victory

Successful Fight In Madras Corporation To Lower Salaries

MADRAS, Nov. 24.

The Congress Party in the City Municipal Council scored their first victory when their proposition over the appointment of various heads of the Corporation under the new City Municipal Act to the effect that applications be invited for posts of the Health Officer, Revenue Officer and Electrical Engineer on a minimum salary of Rs. 500 each, for the Water Works Engineer on Rs. 400 and the Educational Officer on Rs. 250, and pending the receipt of applications the consideration of the question of appointments be postponed for two months, was carried in the Council this evening.

It may be mentioned here that the above posts now carry about twice the salary proposed.

Excitement often ran high and after a heated debate in which however, there was unanimity of opinion that the salary should be lowered but there was difference only as to whether it was proper and just to force the present incumbents to accept lower salaries, the proposition was passed.

The speakers from the Congress benches appealed to the present incumbents of these posts to accede cheerfully and willingly to the lowered salary and thus set an example to the rest of India by their noble act of self-sacrifice.

This resolution of the Congress Party is in fulfilment of their programme of not offering more than Rs. 500 for any office and keeping up their pledge to the voters in the City.

A sum of Rs. 1,000 was sanctioned by the Council for flood relief in the cyclone-stricken Guntur District.—United Press.

COMMUNAL FRACAS AT SASARAM

One Killed And Several Injured

(From Our Correspondent.)

PATNA, Nov. 24.

A report just received from Sasaram in the Shahabad District shows that a Hindu-Muslim clash occurred there last night resulting in one Hindu being killed.

Two people were seriously injured, and others received minor injuries, and the shops were looted.

It transpires that the trouble arose on the occasion of the taking out of the Gopastmi procession from one house, when brickbats were thrown.

Sporadic attempts are still continuing and police force has arrived, but no arrests are yet made.

At Sasaram this morning there was a recrudescence of stray assaults and street brawl resulting in injuries to a few. Armed and mounted police have been rushed to the spot. The Deputy Inspector General of Police, the District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police are now on the scene.

Railway Conference Association

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

The Railway Conference Association will conclude on Saturday and Mr. Colam, President, leaves for Madras on Sunday. The selection of the President for the next year's session will be made probably on Saturday and the incumbent will be chosen to State railways.—A. P. Special.

MUSLIM MUST JOIN CONGRESS

(Continued from page 6.)

munity in India, cannot effectively function as a separate, isolated entity. Our fortunes are bound up with those of the Hindus. Let us for once, try to look beyond our noses—and beyond trivialities.

So long as we are slaves in this country, all our efforts to render effective help to our afflicted brother-Muslims in other lands would be vain and stricken with sterility.

How fine it would be if our leaders and the wise heads among us would consider, seriously and dispassionately and with a single eye to the good of our country (and therefore of our community), whether the time has not yet come to come to terms with the National Congress in the pursuit of "common" aims! We will have to do it sooner or later, unless we choose to remain an important minority for ever. A minority has no future unless it coalesces with the majority for the advancement and attainment of common national aims and objects. Let us take a long, long view of things and consider major Indian problems in relation to European and Asiatic problems.

C. J. PETIGARA RETIRES

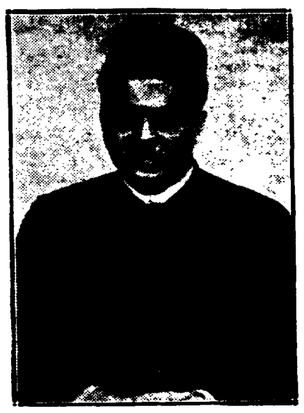
Surat Pleader Who Rose To Top Most Rung In Police Dept.

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Khan Bahadur Cowasji Jamsedji Petigara retires from the Bombay City Police Force as Deputy Commissioner of Police Special Branch from to-day.

With his retirement an important chapter of the history of the Bombay City Police Force in the city closes.

Born at Surat and educated in the Mission High School of that city, Khan Bahadur Petigara started as a District Pleader in Surat but within a few years he found the life as a District Pleader too monotonous and too humdrum and aspired for something more adventurous. He, therefore, joined the Bombay City Police Force in 1903 as Sub-Inspector, very little realising that, in view of the very limited prospects for rise in



Khan Bahadur Petigara.

the Police Force at the time, he would rise to the top most rung of the ladder and retire as Deputy Commissioner of Police.

Studied Political History

For many years past, Khan Bahadur Petigara has been connected with the political activities of the city and had mastered his portfolio so thoroughly that there was hardly a political matter of importance which did not come under his hand directly.

From the time the late Lokmanya Tilak started this propaganda for Swaraj in 1908 till today he made a special study of the political history of the country and of the city in particular and has been closely associated with all the activities of the political department of the C.I.D.

During the presence of His late Majesty King George in Bombay in 1911 and again when H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, now King Edward, visited India in 1921 Khan Bahadur was appointed on special duty by the Government.

Various Awards

In 1917 he was made Superintendent, C.I.D. In 1923 he was awarded Kaiser-i-Hind Medal, in 1926 he was made O.B.E. In 1933 C.I.E. and in 1936 he received the King's Police Medal for meritorious service. He is the first Indian to rise from the junior ranks to the highest post open to Indian officers and by his retirement the Bombay City Police Force will lose an experienced officer, who, despite the nature of his official work has always retained the respect of the public and won the liking of those with whom he came in contact.

It is understood that Khan Bahadur Cawasji Petigara, is settling down in Bandra in his new house, "Dhan Villa", 21, Palli Hill, Bandra after retirement.

DUKE OF NORFOLK ENGAGED

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON: Nov. 24.

The engagement is announced between the Duke of Norfolk and Hon. Lavinia Strutt, daughter of Lord Belper.

(Continued from column 7.)

democratically elected State of the Spanish people and the attempt of the reactionary forces to set up a military Fascist dictatorship with the help of Germany and Italy, denying the most elementary liberties of the people of Spain and crushing their aspiration to democratic freedom.

The meeting also adopted a resolution which formulated the immediate demands of the peasants, the workers and the middle classes.

21 delegates were elected to represent Bombay at the forthcoming ssssion of the All-India Congress Socialist Party at Faizpur.

Acceptance Of Office Will Create False Illusions Among People

BOMBAY SOCIALIST PARTY RESOLUTIONS

The Annual Report of the Bombay Congress-Socialist Party, which was adopted at the general meeting on Tuesday evening, referred to the work of members of the Party in the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, in the Labour Area and in the Bombay Corporation.

"The Party-members on the B. P.C.C. were instrumental," says the Report, "in raising important questions. These included, resolutions for the wrecking of the new Constitution, non-acceptance of Ministerial Offices, for the functional representation of workers and peasants, for the abolition of the Indian States, resistance to Imperial War, Italian aggression in Abyssinia, expressing sympathy with the Arabs in Palestine and with the Spanish Government in its fight against the rebels and various other burning questions of the day.

The Party also put forward a tentative election manifesto for the consideration of the Congress Parliamentary Board. Most of the Party's resolutions, irrespective of merits, were opposed by the officials of the B.P.C.C., and, as they controlled a majority, they were able either to hold up or negative a number of these resolutions, thereby showing that they are impervious to any radical influence.

IMPORTANT POLITICAL EVENT.

"One of the most important political events of the year in Bombay was the holding of an Anti-Constitution Conference under the presidentship of Com. Kamaladevi Chattopadhyaya. The Conference was a great success. Hundreds of delegates took part in its deliberations. The party took a leading part in promoting it.

"Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the President of the Indian National Congress, visited Bombay in May. The Party profited by this opportunity to arrange a lecture by him on "Socialism—The Next Phase." The lecture was held at the West-End Cinema and admission was by tickets ranging from Rs. 5 to annas eight. Com. Jayaprakash Narayan presided. The theatre was fully packed and the Party realised Rs. 1,700, from the sale of tickets."

IN LABOUR AREA.

After mentioning the activities of the Party members in the Labour area, the Report adds: "In accordance with its policy of bringing the working-class nearer to the Congress, the Party suggested the enrolment of a large number of workers as members of the Congress. This propaganda was carried on through 42 meetings throughout the Labour area. The Labour centre had great potentialities of developing, and the Executive Committee particularly like to appeal to party-members to take a greater interest in its working.

WORK IN CORPORATION.

"The Party's two representatives in the Municipality took a very keen interest and moved several resolutions of an important nature in that body. These included resolutions seeking to fix the minimum salary of the Municipal employees at Rs. 30 a month and maximum salary at Rs. 500; one month's leave on full pay for the entire Municipal staff; reduction in rents of Municipal chawls; restricting hours of work of shop assistants and others employed by important commercial organisations dealing in cloth, cotton, bullion, seeds, grains, etc., greater facilities to Municipal School teachers, reduction in the rates of electrical energy and the grievances of the hawkers."

PARTY ORGAN.

The "Congress Socialist" Weekly, the report stated, "during a year of existence has carved out for itself a unique place in Indian journalism, and many appreciations have come even from outside India."

The Report concludes with the hope: "If we continue on the same path with greater effort and enthusiasm, there is little doubt that the Party will be able to make even greater progress in the forthcoming year."

NEW EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

The annual general meeting of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party was held on Tuesday, at the People's Jinnah Hall. About 50 members were present.

Mr. Asok Mehta presided.

The following office-bearers were elected for the ensuing year.

Secretaries: M R. Masani and Yusuf J Meherally.

Members of the Executive: C K. Narayanswami, S. B Mahadeshwar M. M. Gandhi, G. P. Hathisingh, R. R. Khedgiker, Charles, Mascarenhas Asok Mehta, F. M. Pinto and S. S. Batliwala.

RESOLUTIONS PASSED

The meeting adopted resolutions regarding resistance to imperialist war and boycott of King's Coronation. It also passed the following among other resolutions:

Whereas the Congress has rejected in its entirety the Constitution imposed upon India by the new Act, and declared that no constitution imposed by outside authority and no constitution which curtails the sovereignty of the people of India, and does not recognise their right to shape and control fully the political and economic future, can be accepted, and whereas it has also declared that in its opinion such a constitution must be based on the Independence of India as a nation and it can only be framed by a Constituent Assembly, this meeting is of the considered opinion that the only course open to the Congress is to make the working of the constitution impossible and develop the strength of the people by forging sanctions to express their will and progressively unfold the stages of asserting it.

Adhering to this policy and objective, this meeting is of the opinion that the Congress should declare itself against the acceptance of Ministerial Offices as it would create confusion in the ranks of the Congress and false illusions among the people and divert and dissipate the forces of direct action and would be an unmistakable step towards the working of the Constitution.

NATIONAL HARTAL ON APRIL 1.

In order to demonstrate the united opposition of the Indian people against the Constitution, which will be imposed on this country on April 1, 1937, and to mobilise mass opinion which will enable an early rejection of it, this meeting is of the opinion that Congress should proclaim a complete national political hartal on that day.

CANDIDATES FOR LEGISLATURES.

While welcoming the statement issued by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel from Wardha, this meeting views with concern the tendency shown by the Bombay Presidency Parliamentary Board in the selection of the candidates for the forthcoming elections in preferring persons who have not been actively associated with the Congress struggle in the past and present to tried and active Congressmen, and regrets the failure of the Congress Parliamentary Board to select even one Socialist or Labour candidate from the Bombay City Constituencies.

IN B P. C. C.

This meeting views with great concern the attitude of consistent opposition of the B. P. C. C. officials to issues raised by the Party and the refusal to consider them on merits. This meeting further regrets their consistent refusal to take the initiative in improvising measures which would make the Congress an increasingly live organisation in the City reflecting the needs and aspirations of the people.

This meeting sends its fraternal greetings to Comrade M. N. Roy and cordially welcomes him back to the struggle for freedom.

RE-ELECT JAWAHAR.

This meeting sends its greetings to Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and congratulates him on the success he has achieved in his propaganda campaign and the wide enthusiasm roused by him in the various provinces in which he toured as President of the Indian National Congress. This meeting is of the opinion that he should be elected again as President of the Congress to enable him to consolidate his work and strengthen the Congress organisation

ON TRADE-UNION WORK.

This meeting stresses upon the necessity of active participation in the Trade Union Movement by the members of the Party. This meeting is further of the opinion that the members of the Party should enter the Unions organised on a class-basis with a view to: (1) strengthen the organisation of the workers: (2) intensify their day to day struggle: (3) unity the Trade Union Movement under a centralised leadership; and (4) to create political consciousness in the workers in order that they may participate in the struggle for freedom and Socialism;

Provide that members are permitted to enter "reformist" Unions for "franction work."

ON SPAIN.

This meeting views with horror the attempt at destruction of the

(Continued in column 8.)

RELEASE ALL DETENUS

Bengal Hindu Nationalist Party Urges Inquiry Into Suicide Cases

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

"Bengal will make it impossible for anybody, be he a Knight or anybody higher still, to accept Ministership, unless the detenus who are patriotic specimens of the Bengali youths are released", observed Mr. B. C. Chatterjee, M. L. C., presiding at a public meeting at the Albert Hall this evening to protest against the continued detention without trial of Bengali youths.

The meeting which was held under the auspices of the Bengal Hindu Sabha (not the Provincial Hindu Sabha) which comprises the newly formed Hindu Nationalist Party, called upon Government to release all political prisoners and detenus on the eve of the inauguration of the new Constitution. It also urged them to hold a full and impartial enquiry into the recent cases of suicide of detenus.—A. P.

Our Rajkot correspondent wires to say that Sjt. Popat Khetshi, a well-known Lohana Dalal, expired on Monday night at an old age. It is understood he died of heart failure.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN TREATY

Ratification Motion In Commons

LONDON, Nov. 24.

The provisions of the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty meant that Britain must protect Egyptian territory from invasion, Mr. Eden said in the Commons moving ratification of the Treaty.

He added "The safety of Egypt is the great common interest uniting that country with the United Kingdom." Because of the Canal, the integrity of Egypt was a vital factor in the interest of the British Empire as well as Egypt itself. While the Dominion's Governments were not signatories to the Treaty, they were kept informed at every stage of the negotiations.—Reuter.

DOMINIONS' ROLE IN ARMAMENTS

MONTREAL, Nov. 24.

The National Steelcar Company announces it has received a small order for shells from the British Government and expects considerable additional business.

This is an interesting sequel to the House of Commons debate on 12th November when in reply to Mr. Attlee who said that Britain had become the most vulnerable part of the whole commonwealth and it was extremely dangerous to put all the manufacturing plant in the most dangerous part of the Commonwealth, Mr. Baldwin said he hoped that in Canada steps might be taken to bring to pass the desirable end of utilising the Dominions for the manufacture of arms.—Reuter's Special.

PROTECTION FOR BRITISH GOODS

Questions In Commons Over Trade Pact With India

(Special Cable).

LONDON, Nov. 24

In the Commons, Mr. Herbert Williams asked whether advantage would be taken of the denunciation of the Ottawa Agreement by the Government of India to accord British manufacturers, where necessary, some protection against Indian manufactured goods, while continuing to afford such goods substantial preferences over foreign.

Mr. Runciman gave the assurance that the interests of manufacturers would be carefully considered during the negotiations.

RIOT ECHO IN MUNICIPAL SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

Hooligan's Attempt To Waylay Lady Teacher

A hooligan attempted to waylaid and attack a Muslim municipal lady teacher on Tuesday morning, while she was going to the Madanpura Urdu Girls' School.

The lady with great presence of mind evaded her assailant and escaped unhurt.

The Municipal Schools Committee considered a report of the incident at the meeting in the evening.

IN AFFECTED AREA

The Superintendent of the Urdu Girls' School had suggested that in view of the disturbed conditions in the city, such of the Municipal Urdu Girls' Schools as are situated in the affected areas be kept closed. These schools worked for three hours in the morning on account of the Ramzan

TILL RAMZAN IS OVER.

The Secretary of the Schools Committee advised that the Urdu Girls' schools be closed upto December 17, when Ramzan period would be over.

Mr. Curtay moved that all the municipal girls' schools in the city be closed.

AVOID SCARE

The Chairman (Mr. M. N. Talpade) said that closing all the schools might create a scare.

Mr. R. A. Gole asked why all the schools should be closed when there was no reason to close even the school at Madanpura. He suggested that the lady should be given a school nearer home.

Some members wanted to refer the matter to the Secretary for a full report of the incident.

After some discussion, Mr. M. V. Donde moved that the Secretary and the Chairman of the Committee be empowered to decide on the question and similar questions relating to the riot situation, and they be requested to take necessary action.

Mr. Donde's amendment was carried.

GRANT FOR SPORTS

The Committee then considered a letter from the South Indian Welfare Society, Bombay, requesting a grant towards the third annual sports for school children on January 10 next. The Committee had sanctioned a grant of Rs. 25 last year.

Mr. I. S. Patel vehemently opposed any grant to the Society and said that if a grant was given to the Society, similar societies would seek their help. The Schools Committee was organising Annual Sports under its own auspices and the money might be spent for that purpose.

Mr. D. S. Babrekar spoke in favour of a grant to the Society.

Rao Bahadur R. S. Avavale raised a point of order and wanted to know if sports formed part of primary education.

The Chairman read out extracts from the Rules and ruled the proposition in order.

Ultimately, it was referred to the Finance Sub-Committee.

SUNDAY'S BHENDI BAZAR OUTRAGE

Hindu Cloth Merchants Decide To Close Shops

BOMBAY, Nov. 23.

A meeting of the Hindu cloth merchants doing business in Bhendi Bazar was held to-day at 9-30 a.m. at Madhavbag to record its protest at the dastardly outrage by a Muslim Goonda on a Bhendi Bazar cloth merchant, Gabrubhai Kababhai. The following resolutions were passed at meeting:—

(1) This meeting expresses its sense of satisfaction at the providential escape of Gabrubhai Kababhai, one of our dealers, thanks to the knife having struck against a Bhagwadgita in his pocket.

(2) This meeting records its protests against such murderous outrages and resolves that all shops be closed for the day as a mark of protest. This meeting further resolves that all shops in the locality be closed till complete peace and security are restored in the locality.

(3) This meeting requests the Commissioner of Police to conduct an exhaustive inquiry in the matter of the said outrage. The merchants of the locality have been terror-stricken as the outrage was committed by the offender by entering the shop during working hours and while all the shops in the locality were open. This meeting further resolves that the Commissioner of Police be requested to make adequate Police arrangements in Bhendi Bazar so as to ensure complete peace and security in the locality.

Sd. Dharamsey Govindji.
Sd. Vithaldas Gokaldas.
Sd. Purshotam Kalyanji.
Sd. Mangaldas Vithaldas.
Sd. Karsondas Shamji.
Sd. Vrajlal Ramji.
Sd. Chandrakant Bhagwanji.
Sd. Haribhai Vrajlal, etc. etc.,

PERSONS MISSING

The Secretary, Hindu Relief Committee, Bombay, writes:—

The following persons have been missing:—

Pranlal Chaganlal Desai, aged about 42 years, a Bania at present unemployed, residing in Agiyari Lane, Girgaon Back Road, 3rd floor, Narayan Building. He has been missing since 11 a.m. Saturday, 21st instant. He is of middle stature with a fair complexion and black moustaches. His face bears faint marks of small-pox. He puts on a topee, short coat and shorts.

Bhagwan Devi, aged 20 years and her son aged one year and 5 months, a Paradeshi, residing in 3rd lane, Kumbharwada, and staying at Alibaug till 29th of October. Bhagawan Devi had been brought by some one to Bombay on the information received by her about her husband's serious illness which turned out to be false. Bhagwan Devi has a dark complexion with small marks. She is tall and slender and has one of her eyes has an old injury mark.

Khandu Pandu, aged 24 years, a Maratha, residing in 10th Lane Khetwadi. He used to carry tiffin carriers in Byculla, Pydhoni, Nagpada and Mazgaon localities. He was last seen at about 12 noon on 23rd instant.

Any person who knows anything about the aforesaid missing persons should kindly communicate with Hindu Relief Committee, Mahajan Wadi, Kalbadevi, Phone No. 30593.

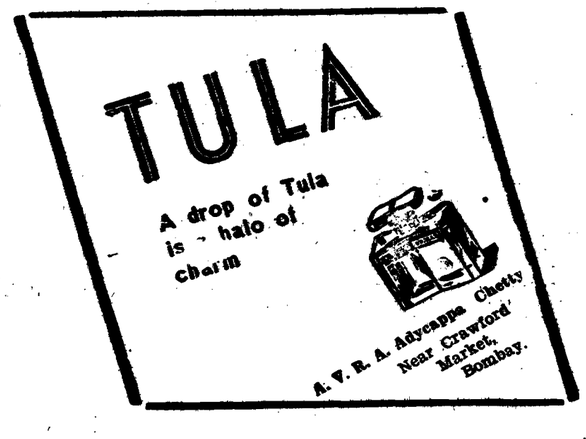
MAHASABHA'S CONTRIBUTIONS

For Relief Of Bombay Riot Victims

NEW DELHI, Nov. 21.

The Hindu Mahasabha has contributed through its provincial branch a sum of Rs. 2000 for the relief of Hindu sufferers of Bombay riots. It has also authorised the Bombay Provincial Hindu Sabha to appeal to the Hindus of India in general and those of Bombay in particular to raise funds for organising relief work among the sufferers.

The Mahasabha has sent a message to the Rulers of Bhavnagar, Porebunder, Navanagar, Dhranghdhra, Limbdi Morvi, Vankaner, Baria and Sant, drawing their attention to the resolution passed at the Lahore session of the Mahasabha in connexion with temple entry and requesting their Highnesses to throw open all State temples to all Hindus just as the Maharaja of Travancore has done. —A. P.



Indian News From Here And There

RAGINI DEVI AT BHAVNAGAR

Pattabhi To Tour Kathiawar In December

(From Our Correspondent)

BHAVNAGAR, Nov. 21.

Samaldas College did not work on Tuesday last, the opening day in memory of Sir Lallubhai. The Principal of the college spoke a few words about the Late Sir Lallubhai's life and activities as an industrialist, statesman and public worker.

DELEGATES FOR FAIZPUR.

Eight candidates for the Faizpur Congress from Dhandhuka taluka Samiti from Bhavnagar Amreli, Botad, and Dhanduka have been elected uncontested. They are Mr. Ishwarlal Vyas, Vajubhai Shah, Laxmidas Dani, Havabhai Sanghavi, Jagubhai Parik, Balwantrai Mehta, Kakalbhai Kothari, and Nandlal Thakkur. Mr. Jethalal Joshi from Viramgam urban area, and Mr. Lilchand Sheth from rural area have been elected. Most of the delegates who are elected this time in Katniawar for Faizpur Congress are young and enthusiastic, and are very strong on the problem of relations between the State subjects and the Congress.

"FULCHHAB" IN NEW GARB.

Syt. Kakkalbhai Kothari and others who were in the editorial staff of "Fulchhab" a prominent weekly have resigned as a body. Syt. Javerchand Meghani a well-known Gujerati poet and author has taken the charge of the editorship of this weekly.

RAGINI DEVI IN BHAVNAGAR

Ragini Devi, the well-known American dancer who is touring Kathiawar came here on Wednesday at the invitation of the Maharajsaheb. She gave performances for three days at the Darbar Hall. On Friday night the show which was mainly for students the Hall was packed to its utmost capacity.

DISCOURSE ON DANCING.

Ragini Devi delivered a discourse on Indian dancing and music in the Samaldas College hall on Friday afternoon. While giving a discourse she gave demonstrations and explained the significance of every movement

Bhavnagar Youth League which completes its two years is contemplating the celebration of the youth week in December. Some well-known workers from Bombay and Ahmedabad will be invited.

DIWALI RAINS AND CROPS.

Last week, some workers of Youth League were touring the Mahal villages to study the crop situation. They found that Talaja Mahuva and Kundla Mahal Village required sympathetic attitude from the Revenue Department as far as revenue collection was concerned.

Reports are reaching the Youth League office regarding the damage that has been done by Diwali rains to cotton, grass, and grain.

KATHIAWAR WORKERS LEAGUE.

Kathiawar Navjuvan Workers' League's executive is meeting in Amreli on twentiffth. The committee will chalk out the programme of Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramaiya who is touring Kathiawar States in December. The Committee will also consider plans to support and help the Congress candidate for Bombay Assembly from Dhandhuka.

Major-General Bishnu Shumshere Jung Bahadur Rana of Nepal arrived here on Monday by s. s. "Viceroy of India."

"SEPOY SHOULD BE SHOT DEAD"

Verdict Of Court Martial Enquiring Into Shooting Of Maj. Ali Hasan

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 24.

"The accused sepoy should be shot dead for the alleged offence of fatally shooting Major Aga Ali Hasan", is understood to be the verdict of the Court Martial held recently for enquiring into the incident.

The verdict has been submitted to the Nizam for his sanction to execute the accused sepoy.

It will be recalled that the sepoy, Abdul Karim, of the III Golkonda Lancers, while practising shooting at the Asafnagar Range on October 24 last, fired on the Major the bullet emerging out from the deceased's chest.

BIYANI AT ARVI

(From A Correspondent)

AKOLA, Nov. 22.

Sjt. Brijlal Biyani visited Arvi on 21st instant as the president of Third Anniversary of Marwar Bajarang Vyayam Shala. In the morning, he was taken in procession and an address on behalf of Arvi Municipal Committee was presented to him by the president of the Committee in a specially convened meeting.

In the noon, there was merchants' meeting where another address was presented to Sjt. Biyani. In the afternoon, there was anniversary function of Vyayamshala presided over by Sjt. Biyani where physical feats were shown before a large gathering. Sjt. Biyani delivered a short speech in which he showed that the modern idea of physical culture meant health and beauty and that the organisers of Vyayamshalas in India should change their outlook of physical culture.

At night there was a public meeting under the auspices of the Congress Committee where Sjt. Biyani urged that it was the duty of every Indian to vote for the Congress.

"DUTY TO SUBJECTS"

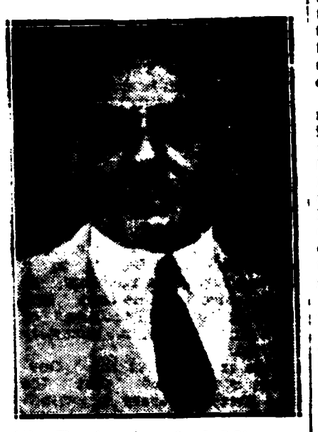
Jasvantgadh Ruler Praised For His Charity

(From A Correspondent)

The inauguration of 'The Anop Hospital' was performed by Dr. G. B. Mohile, the superintendent of Sheth Vadilal Sarabhai Hospital, Ahmedabad recently in the presence of Namdar Mansinghji Saheb the ruler of Jashvantgadh (Idar State) and the patron of the institution.

Mr. Revalal, the Hony. Secretary, in giving the history of the hospital said that thanks to Namdar Maharaja Saheb's liberal donation of more than Rs. 10,000, a small dispensary had developed itself into a big hospital.

Maharaja Mansinghji Saheb thanked Dr. Mohile and Dr. Capt. De Souza for the trouble they had taken at the time of the serious illness of Namdar Rani Saheba.



Sir Brojendra Lal Mitter, who is understood to have been offered and accepted the post of Advocate-General to the Federal Court.

and said that in helping the hospital he had only done his duty. His Highness then requested Dr. Mohile to open the hospital.

Dr. Mohile congratulated Maharaja Saheb for the steps he is taking for the welfare of his subjects and hoped that such movements be spread in other villages too. He then declared the hospital open.

Central Education Advisory Board

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI: Nov. 23.

It is understood that the Central Advisory Board of Education will meet at New Delhi in the middle of December. It is believed that the education experts, who are coming from England will be present at the meeting.

Randle Cricket Tournament

(From Our Correspondent).

BARODA, Nov. 24.

The Randle Cricket Tournament played between the Baroda Bank and Hindvijaya Gymkhana resulted in favour of the Baroda Bank specially due to the effective bowling of Dushyanta Mehta The Bank scored 198 in their first innings and the Gymkhana was skittled out for 47. The Bank scored 115 and the Gymkhana scored 100 in the second innings.

Mr. Larwood, the famous English cricketer (3rd from left), photogr aphed at the Taj with Mr. and Mrs. Tarrant and Mr. De Mello. Mr. Larwood has left for Patiala.

A Look Round The World

Austen Chamberlain Condemns German Attitude

British Statesman On Ambassador's Unusual And Ill-Chosen Words

LONDON. (By Air Mail)

It is indeed unfortunate that Herr Von Ribbentrop's first words on landing on our shores should have coupled the expression of good will to England with an invitation to regard another Power as the common enemy. Such words in the mouth of an Ambassador are as unusual as they are ill-chosen, writes Sir Austen Chamberlain in the "Daily Telegraph".

This country has no sympathy with Communism It is as alien to our traditions and as incompatible with our institutions as Nazism itself.

The encirclement of Russia has as little attraction for us as the encirclement of Germany. We are no more inclined for a crusade against the Communist than against the Nazi States. We recognise that both have come to stay, we are content to live and let live.

UNHELPFUL SPEECHES.

The verbal contests of Nazi and Bolshevik are not worth the bones of a British Grenadier. In this country, as the Prime Minister said last week in Parliament, the one only serves to create the other. Neither is worth a snap of the fingers to us.

But the friendship of a great nation is worth a great deal and it is on a mission of friendship, we are told, that Herr Von Ribbentrop has come to our shores. It is the more regrettable that the moment of his arrival should have been chosen for the delivery of two speeches in Berlin which cannot have been designed to facilitate the execution of his mission.

In opening his campaign in support of the new German Four-Year plan for self-sufficiency, General Goering warned his countrymen that they must be prepared to tighten their belts and undergo new privations, and he urged them to accept joyously the sacrifice which they would have to make.

No exception can be taken to this appeal. But the arguments with which General Goering supported his policy are quite a different matter.

Through countless loud-speakers and from every broadcasting station in Germany be proclaimed to a listening nation, which will never be allowed to hear the other side, that all these privations, all these sacrifices, are required of the German people only because their colonies were stolen from them after an 'unfortunate' war and their gold stolen from them by an unjust peace.

WHAT GOERING DID NOT EXPLAIN.

He did not stop to ask what part Germany played in bringing about that war. He did not deign to explain what fate Germany had prepared for British, French and Belgian colonies when her leaders still thought victory within their grasp.

These matters would indeed be not irrelevant but inconvenient to his theme, which was simple and direct.

Lest we should think General Goering's outburst an accident, Dr. Goebbels, unwilling to be left behind, announced two days later that Germany "will, of course, take up the fight for our colonies".

England is cast by General Goering for the role of Public Enemy No. 1. What has Herr von Ribbentrop to say, and which is the authentic voice of the German Government?

Germany Replies

BERLIN, (By Air Mail).

Sir Austen Chamberlain has been writing again on the subject of the so-called German menace to Great Britain, writes the "Deutsche Allgemeine Zeitung".

After a few courteous words for Germany's new Ambassador, Herr von Ribbentrop, Sir Austen Chamberlain, in an article published in one of the great London daily newspapers, gets excited about the fact that Germany wishes to protect the civilised world from Bolshevism. We can give no other explanation for the wrong-headed argument with which he tries to persuade his fellow-countrymen that we Germans regard England as Public Enemy No. 1. There is nothing we can do to ease Sir Austen Chamberlain's excitement which makes him blind, so far as we are concerned, he may remain blind.

COMPANIES ACT TO COME IN FORCE FROM JAN. 15

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

It is understood all proposals for postponement of Indian Companies Amendment Act have been rejected by Government of India, who have decided that the Act must come into effect on January 15, next.—United Press.

Dairy Expert Leaves For Ahmedabad

KARACHI, Nov. 24.

Dr. Wright and Party, who arrived here on Sunday, left to-day for Ahmedabad. The party visited a number of stacles and dairies in the City and studied the City's milk supply problems. Leading citizens interested in cattle trade and protection entertained the party at an 'At Home'. —A. P.

YOU HAVE LEARNED A GREAT DEAL—BUT I AM WISER!

A vigorous brain cannot function in a weak body. So I have made myself vigorous and maintain my vitality in a suitable way. For when I find myself becoming weaker for any reason whatever, I take **Phosferine** daily. This quickly restores my lost vitality and by keeping up the daily doses I store up reserves of strength against sudden calls upon my strength so that my energy may not all be sapped away.

I give it to all my family too, and they are healthy and strong like me.

PHOSFERINE

THE GREATEST OF ALL TONICS

Bowel Weakness, Influenza, Lassitude, Brain Fag, Gastric Pains, Debility, Indigestion, Sleeplessness, Exhaustion, Nerve Shock, Rheumatism, Headache, Sciatica, Maternity, Weakness, Neuralgia, Anaemia, Mental Exhaustion

Sold by all good chemists and stores, in Liquid and Tablet form, each in three sizes. The larger sizes are more economical.

Proprietors: PHOSFERINE (ASHTON & PARSONS) Ltd., London, England.

Mainly About Motion Pictures

"Janma Bhoomi" at the Opera (Bombay Talkies).

NEW THEATRE'S "MAYA"

8th Week At The Minerva

(From A Correspondent)

One of the most cleverly produced direction and acted film in New Theatre's social melodrama "Maya" now showing to crowded houses everyday in its 8th week at the Minerva.

"Maya" is a picture about which every Indian picture goer can be proud state before any foreigner that Indian pictures can be equally as good as English or American films.

It tells of a story of conflicts of thoughts. Western ideology Western outlook in daily life which sweeps our Indian society to-day create scuffle between the two schools of thought and there comes forth a dilemma in which both the parties are entangled and vainly try to seek a solution.

"Maya" is an effect to throw light over this strange sort of modern complexity rising from the invasion of Western materialistic method of living.

Pratap though living in true Indian in outlook. He comes across an ultra-modern girl, Shanta dancing in amateur theatricals and sleeping in pyjamas. She is to marry Pratap. Can she give him that peace of soul? She is living a fast life chasing the rainbow of modernity-always excited and always upto something unusual. But Pratap (Pahari Sanyal) finds place of soul in "Maya" who is but like a maid in the house of Shanta. She is calm, cool and serene-monument of magnificent to underness. Pratap thinks that only "Maya" can give him what he wanted. But does Shanta tolerate this sort of affair with "Maya?"

This intriguing story, then develops into a marvellous romance a melodrama with various tunes of human passions and emotions.

And just imagine, when there is your favourite director Pramasheh Barua—who gave you "Devdas", you can understand with what remarkable case Barua can handle his characters. And in this picture, "Barua" is really greater than any other Indian director. As far as social themes are concerned this director has no equal in our film world.

This film New Theatre's picture is synthesis of literature, art and technique.

About the character you can be rest assured of fine work when there are stars like Jamuna, Pahari Sanyal, Azuri, K. C. Dey, Nawab, Jagdish, Harimati and rajlaxmi.

The photography is brilliant dialogue and music add to the picture's charms.

Under no circumstances you can afford to miss this great New Theatre's picture, "Maya" at Minerva.

SANGEET'S "CALL OF THE SOUL"

Jaddan Bai's Social Picture At Majestic From Saturday, 5th Dec.

(CONTRIBUTED)

Since the shackles of the communal disturbance are slowly breaking away and happy signs of the restoration of peace and confidence are in view, the news of the announcement of the long awaited release of Sangeet Film Company's Social Super "Call of the Soul" from Saturday, the 5th December 1936, positively at the Majestic Cinema, Girgaum Road, will be received by the innumerable Cinema enthusiasts with a sigh of relief.

MINERVA STUDIO NEWS

(CONTRIBUTED)

After taking the rural scenes of "Atma Tarang", Mr. Sohrab Mody has now started work on the more elaborate settings of the picture. Rushi Banker the expert art director of the company, is striving to achieve novel setting effects for this spectacular production. Eruch Tarapore, the chief comedian on the staff, has a role that is guaranteed to drive away the blues. You of course remember him as the exasperated fathers of comedy hero of "Saed-E-Havas". Pl wait till you have seen him as a wayward sadhu, sworn to shun women but by nature inclined towards the fair sex. Puri and Vasant Pahelwan will play the two arch villains of the story and they are an able support to a cast headed by Sohrab Modi, Firoze Dastur and Prabha.

"Manmohan" to be released at the Imperial (Sagar).

THE "AWAKENING"

At The Krishna Talkies

(CONTRIBUTED.)

That the taste of the Indian Cinegoer, has of late improved very much is evident from the successful runs of good social pictures cleverly treat some social problem to wit the New Theatres' "Devdas" and some others. Such pictures have won over the modernised Indians who very rarely patronised Indian films. One such picture which is awaiting early release, at the Krishna Talkies Bombay is the "AWAKENING" a Bhavnani Production. One of the greatest problems facing India is that of unemployment and this picture very vividly visualises the tragedies of the tangled destinies of the millions of our unemployed, and as such presents a realistic picture. A professor after many years of teaching realises the faulty nature of our present-day education, and throwing up his post, founds an industrial home where particularly the educated unemployed can learn to earn an honest living for himself and his family. The professor's daughter though a modern highly educated girl, yet not a flippant one, is married to an educated youth, who is unemployed and taking advantage of their poverty, the unscrupulous rich want to harass them and failing to achieve their full design, the social estracism of the caste panchayet breaks their home. She then dedicates her life to the service of the sick, the suffering and the unemployed. The efforts of this father and the daughter help to usher an era of real "WAKENING" Shrimati Enakshi Ram Rau M.A. of the international "Vasantsena" comes back to the screen in the leading role of Kokila the professor's daughter in this picture and by her appropriate and touching characterisation easily wins a place in the front rank of cine artistes. Further by her exquisite presentation of such cultural and traditional dances as the temple and the Manipuri dances, which are for the first time presented on the screen in this picture she will make a name as the first Indian classical dancer on the screen. Supported by a band of select artistes like Navin Yajnik, Nayampally Parasher B.A. Vyas, Prabha and Shivrani, she presents good team work, in the form of an alround instructive entertainment free from artificialities yet very appealing and emotional, so as to be long remembered a first class picture.

Patience Cooper, Mazaharkhan and Pahelwan in "Noor-E-Wahadat" will be at the Globe soon.

New Movie Star: This is Satan, Man Killing Tiger and star of the thrilling "Bengal Tiger" coming Saturday next at Pathe

NEW THEATRE'S GREAT SOCIAL "GRIHA-DAH" OR "MANZIL"

At The Roxy

(CONTRIBUTED.)

Now that you can find all quiet in the disturbed city of Bombay, New Theatre's long awaited social super-jewel "Griha-Dah" or "Manzil" has been released at the Roxy Talkies, last Saturday, amidst a thrilling rush of the audience.

Film-critics and journalists intellectuals and aristocrats of audiences produce extraordinary words of praise for this great pictures. I have heard a noted film-critic uttering these words:—

"I have rarely seen a better-acted or more brilliant dialoguued picture there this adoption of Sarat Chandra Chatterjee's master piece-novel of Modern Indian Life."

New Theatre's great social hit "Griha-Dah" is really an extraordinary production. It is an exception to the rule that the most satisfying screen entertainment is that which confines its dialogue to the minimum and makes use of the pictorial expression, the reason being that in this case the conversation is so human and psychologically illuminating, in a manner which combines the matter of fact with whimsicality, that the absence of pictorial expressiveness passes unnoticed.

"Griha-Dah" or "Manzil" is a story of a strange home-fire-a peculiar underfire which excites the smouldering underfire in the hearths of human heart. Sarat Babu's great book deals with his characters in his own wonderful way—the way for which Sarat Babu is widely known in Indian literature and art. His characters breath with self ego. individualism, self-connected idealism and super-human psycho-pathological emotions.

All this subtle texture is brilliantly brought to life by India's greatest director Sjt. Pramthesh Barua—who gave us "Devdas"—The marvellous way in which Barua has handled the story forces severest of critics to pen out words of praise for the brilliant technique of presentation.

It is a story of three sous—Mohim (Barua) an idealistic artist Achala (Jamuna), a girl beautiful and adorable-brought up in modern social atmosphere and Sooresh (Prithviraji B.A.) a rich young medico—whose technique of life was mysterious and troublesome wherever his socalled brilliant tongue went. Achala loved Mohim. They were married Achala, Sooresh and Mohim were fast friends nay even death can't kill their friendship. But the ways of Sooresh soon deprive Achala and Mohim's married happiness. He proves himself troublesome. And thus there crept suspicion in the heart of Achala—who leaves Mohim suddenly. Thus the fire germinates in the happy home.

And there was Mrinal (Molina) an innocent girl in the village who jokingly adds fuel to the fire. The story then develops into a remarkably wonderful climax which only Barua can bring about.

This great picture is really an achievement in itself. New Theatres have shown that a motion picture is capable of tackling the psychological and emotional problems of life and use the film art for higher things of life.

The players are Jamuna, Baru, Prithviraj B.A., K.C. Dey, Molina Harimatidevi, (Radio singer) and Nemo

The photography is beautiful the dialogues are crisp and touching the very depth of heart, the musical effects and orchestra also can be termed extraordinary.

This great social hit was applauded by thousands of cine-fans who keep packing Roxy since its release.

If you love art, life and literature please don't Miss "Griha-Dah or Manzil" at the Roxy.

STUDIO NEWS

New Theatres

(CONTRIBUTED)

A new Sound Studio—New Theatres have almost completed a second Sound Studio in their No. 1 Studio. When completed, this Studio will enable the Company to produce four pictures at the same time. This second Sound Studio will be a self-contained one with its own ladies and gents dressing rooms, anti-chambers etc. The building is almost complete and 'takes' may commence at this Studio by the middle of next month.

No. 1. Studio is also being equipped with a Central Sound Station. Here in this station the Chief Sound Engineer will be in a position to control and check Sound Recordings of different units. The Central Sound Control Station will contain Sound booths for different units. It is being built and fitted with latest types of sound Recording and checking plants. The whole thing is a very complicated one and things are to be managed by the best man in the line.

Studio No. 1. now owns two beautiful Tennis Courts (soft). After the days labour Studio folks, both Artistes and Technicians, will have a nice time. These Tennis Courts have been prepared mainly through the untiring efforts of Kesar Haldar, who is one of the oldest man in the Studio. He is also mainly responsible for opening a Co-operative Stores and a canteen at the Studio.

Director Nitin Bose is progressing rapidly and half of his double version picture is complete. I have been watching him for the last two weeks and I am fully convinced of the two coming big pictures of New Theatres. The ultra-modern Sets of Nitin Bose's pictures are being conceived and constructed with a very fine artistic sense. The story of the two sister's love for the same man with all its complications, is being treated most cleverly by Nitin Bose. R. C. Boral is busy composing a newer type of Music for this production. The dialogues are short but with fine and novel twists, heretofore unheard in Indian pictures—Mukul Bose assures the Sound Recording to be of an A.1 type. I asked Nitin Bose about the merits of his different Artistes and he says that the whole troupe—Saigal, Kamlesh, Lila Desai, Jagdish, Kapoor, Nawab, Bikram (for the Hindi Version) and Saigal, Chandravati, Lila Desai, Bhanoo Banerjee, Amar Mullick, Durgadas, Indu Mukherjee and others (for Bengali Version) are all doing fine and giving a most loyal and heartful co-operation to get the best of results.

Nitin Bose had some shootings at the Bengal Chemical Factories at Manicktala the other day with Bhanoo Banerjee, Bikaram Nahar and Lila Desai. The authorities of Bengal Chemical were kind enough to extend all possible facilities to the party at their works. If the present rate of progress is maintained, the pictures will be ready for release by the end of December next.

Hem Chunder's picture is progressing—but due to an accident to Umasashi the heroine during the last Dewali night—it is hampered a bit. She was standing in the balcony of her house and a flying "Tubri" suddenly struck her forehead on the left. The left eye narrowly escaped being hurt. The injury is considered to be serious but she is progressing well and will be in a position to rejoin the shootings after a few days. Meantime Hem Chunder may go out with his party to some coalfield location shootings.

Director Profulla Roy's story and other preliminaries are complete and he will start as soon as he finds some floor free for his Sets.

Director Barua is getting ready for his next picture. His story will be ready shortly and he may start his next picture by the first week of January.

Pet hates!

Even the stars have them. You have them, too. Nail-biters, snorers, gum-chewers, stenographers who say "Oh Yeah!"

George Raft can't abide with a radio Francis Lederer detests monocles. Claudette Colbert runs from a table when a hostess...or a luckless maid serves up a dish of parsnips. Loud, effusive women cause Fred MacMurray to run. Conversation intruders start Sir Guy Standing withdrawing into his shell. Carole Lombard who is one of Hollywood's best dressed actresses, flies into a heated outburst when someone like your correspondent refers to her as one of Hollywood's best dressed women.

Bing Crosby runs from bad orchestras. Gary Cooper hates to be honized. Gail Patrick has never taken a train ride. She always travels by 'plane. Charlie Ruggles' dog business is a business and don't you call it a hobby.

And you probably hate all this trite stuff!

Question Of The Week

What is the most urgent need of Indian Film Studios?

The Right Film Producers or Competent Directors?

"Grihdah" or "Manzil" at the Roxy (New Theatres).

SAGAR STUDIO NEWS

On the auspices New Year day Mr. Hiren Bose started his new picture "Eternal Music" starring Mr. Surendra, B. A., LL. B., with Krishna Kumari and Miss Shyama.

Mr. Badami having finished his "Daughter-in-law" is busy w the scenario of "Kokila", by Mr. Ramanlal Vasantlal Desai, the famous novelist, and Sabitadevi intends to tour certain villages of Gujarat to study the proper atmosphere of Gujarat village life as she has to work as "Kokila".

Sagar have purchased the right to present on screen "Kashmiri Gulab", written by the famous Marathi novelist Prof. N. S. Phadke.

"JANMA BHOOMI"

At The Opera

"Janma Bhoomi", the Bombay Talkies film at Royal Opera House for the third week, is daily vindicating its worth by drawing ever-recurring larg crowds at every show. Now this, the city is fortunately returning to normal condition, every day at the Opera House appears to be a gala premiere and more and more people who had postponed their visits to the picture owing to disturbed conditions are now taking the earliest opportunity of seeing this beautiful picture.

Based on a theme which instantly appeals to the imagination of every right-thinking Indian "Janma Bhoomi" proves the type of entertainment we have been waiting for—clean wholesome and with a social purpose behind it. The standard of acting is uniformly high and Devika Rani adds yet another triumph to her screen achievements. Franz Osten's direction is commendable. The technical side of the picture is just as perfect. Photography is excellent without being obstrusive. Sound-recording is clear and appropriately timed and continuity and editing leave nothing to be desired.

HUNS STUDIO NEWS

(CONTRIBUTED.)

The second number of the Huns Magazine is just out and is pronounced by readers to be a most attractive bulletin. Huns will henceforth be a monthly and published in middle of every month. Director Janabirder is signed on by the Company to work on the second unit Be starts in the first week of December. Baburao Pendharkar and Vinayak will give a few surprises to their fans in this new production, also written by Principal Atre. Chandramohan will be

(Continued on Page 11, Col. 4)

From Maya at the Minerva (New Theatres).

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Chamberlain's Cough Remedy breaks up the congestion that causes coughs and colds. Swollen membranes soon become normal, the air passages are cleared, you breath freely, easily, once again. Chamberlain's contains no harmful drugs. It is entirely safe for infants and children as well as for adults. Pleasant tasting, too! K-11

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

4 ANNAS FOR 5

India In Commons

INTERFERENCE WITH ELECTIONS

Masani Ban Echo—Morgan Jones Indicts Official Attitude

PUBLIC MUST BE ASSURED FREEDOM OF SPEECH IN ELECTION ACTIVITIES

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
LONDON, Nov. 14.
(By Air Mail).

In the House of Commons questions on India are generally answered on Mondays and on last Monday (November 9) over eight members of the House took part in the oral and written questions that were put to Mr. Butler, the Under-Secretary for India.

The Duchess of Atholl learnt from Mr. Butler that in communal riots in various provinces in British India during the year 1935, 105 were killed and 516 were injured. The riots included the Karachi riots of March 19 and the Shahidganj Mosque riots of July 20 and December 1. The deaths and the injuries included the figures for Bengal and Bombay. In the former province no deaths were reported though those who received injuries numbered 20. In Bombay 47 were killed and 134 received injuries. But Mr. Butler could not give any information, except what he had given to Mr. Tom Williams on October 29 regarding the recent communal riots in Bombay. All this information the Duchess obviously desired to obtain, for in a subsequent question she entertained fears that there may be a serious increase in communal disturbances in Bombay if the control of the police is handed over under the new Constitution. Calmly Mr. Butler replied: "I have perfect confidence in the present authorities and in the authorities in future under the new Constitution." So sat down the Duchess somewhat disappointed with Mr. Butler.

"MESS OF MASANI'S NAME."

It was Mr. Morgan Jones who made a mess of Mr. M. R. Masani's name. On the order paper he asked the Under-Secretary of State for India whether he will indicate the grounds upon which Mr. Rassam, Secretary of the Congress Socialist party of India, was forbidden to remain in Punjab and deported from that area; and whether it is the policy of the Government of India to suppress all Socialist propaganda. However, before the question was answered, Mr. Jones corrected himself by pointing out that the name Mr. Rassam should be Mr. Masani. Unfortunately Mr. Butler had gone on the assumption that the name was Mr. Rassam. However, he made the correction and as regards Mr. Masani he had further enquiries to make and was awaiting an answer. To Mr. Jones's last part of the question, Mr. Butler gave the usual official reply: the answer to the last part of the question is in the negative.

A. I. C. C. LITERATURE.

Mr. Morgan Jones then asked the ground upon which the district magistrate at Allahabad had seized literature which was being transmitted to this country (England) by the All-India Congress Committee; and whether it is the policy of the Government to prevent persons in the country or elsewhere from obtaining information as to the trend of events in India. Mr. Butler replied that the action was taken by the district magistrate of Allahabad because he was advised that this literature came under the definition of unauthorised news sheets as laid down in the Indian Press Emergency Powers Act, 1931. The answer to the last part of Mr. Jones's question was in the negative. In a supplementary question Mr. Jones asked: Is the Hon. Gentleman aware that this literature is just the same as that which has been sent, over a very long period to Members of this House and to persons outside this House who are interested in these problems? Mr. Butler replied: This literature, the magistrate was advised, came under the Act. Warning was given to the Congress and that warning was disregarded with the result that this action was taken. May I add that the President of the Congress has now applied for permission to issue certain news sheets and the matter is under the consideration of the local Government.

Mr. Jones: Do I understand that information in the old form is not to be transmitted in future?

Mr. Butler: I would not say that. I would rather leave it for the local Government to consider the application from the Congress.

Mr. Sorensen: Does the Hon. Member realise that under the present interpretation any typewritten circular would come under a ban?

Mr. Butler: I think the Hon. Member had better await the consideration by the local Government of the matter, which is of some importance.

ELECTIONS & PARTY PROPAGANDA.

Mr. Morgan Jones asked the Under-Secretary whether he can assure the House that complete liberty is being afforded to all political parties and organisations in India to present their programme to the electorate either by speech or by means of literature?

Mr. Butler: I would refer the Hon. Member to the speeches of the Home Member and the Law Member in the Indian Legislative Assembly on the 1st and 5th October, of which I will send him a copy. The Government of India have lately called special attention to the subject, emphasising the necessity for strict impartiality on the part of the Government officers, and I am satisfied that all political parties are free to carry out all legitimate activities in their election campaign.

Mr. Jones announced that would raise this matter on the motion for the Adjournment at the earliest possible moment.

COLOURED BALLOT BOXES.

Mr. Sorensen asked the Under-Secretary whether he is aware that it is proposed to place differently coloured ballot boxes in urban areas during elections; and whether this will also be done in rural areas where they would be most needed?

Mr. Butler: I understand that some local Government intend to adopt this system for all constituencies, one at least for urban but not for certain rural areas, while other local Governments do not propose to adopt the system at all. The choice in the matter lies with the local Government concerned.

Mr. Sorensen: Will the Hon. Gentleman use his influence to establish the method of coloured ballot boxes at the elections, particularly in the rural areas, where, obviously there will be larger proportion of illiterate voters than in the urban areas?

Mr. Butler: I must leave the matter to the local Government. In certain cases they find the system of symbols and other systems more effective.

IS IT NOT A FARCE?

Mr. H. G. Williams wanted to know whether the supporters of the respective candidates will be permitted to wear uniforms in match the ballot boxes. Sir A. Knox enquired whether the necessity for these ballot boxes does not show that the whole system is a farce. But neither of the questioners received any reply from the India Under-Secretary.

Mr. Sorensen asked what steps were being taken to prevent court of wards in Allahabad and elsewhere from encouraging the active opposition of officials to Congress candidates and from mischievous interference with the freedom of electors?

Mr. Butler: I would refer the Hon Member to an extract from a speech of the Home Member in the Indian Legislative Assembly on 8th October dealing with this matter, of which I will send him a copy.

BAN ON MASANI.

On the following day (Tuesday November 10) Mr. Morgan Jones moved the adjournment of the House at 11 o'clock in the night. In the course of his speech he said he desired to raise a matter of which he gave notice the previous day. In the course of the Question Time he addressed to the Under-Secretary on the previous day three questions, each of which was related to other, which raised generally the subject of the alleged interference on the part of the Government of India with those various people who are participating in the elections in India at this particular moment. The first question which he put to the hon. member concerned a person named Mr. Masani. Mr. Masani happens to be the secretary of the Socialist Party of India, which is affiliated, he believed, with the Congress. He did not propose to go into the details of the case except to say that Mr. Masani in the course of his ordinary work as secretary of the Socialist party of India undertook a journey to the Punjab district, but, apparently, before he had the chance to open his mouth or do anything at all he was accused of doing something that was prejudicial to the peace of the neighbourhood, and on that account he was invited to leave the district and was deported at Delhi. The importance of that question was this, that in the course of discussion on the Government of India Act, when it was before the House, we were frequently assured by the representatives of the Government that there would be complete freedom for all parties participating in the necessary work preliminary to an election. Mr. Masani, naturally, as secretary of the Socialist party was going to a meeting for this particular purpose. If the secretary of an organisation of this sort is not permitted to go to an area and undertake preliminary work in connection with the election, then, clearly, the election is nothing but an absolute farce.

CIRCULAR OF COURT OF WARDS.

I associate with that question a second question, said Mr. Jones, which is of a nature rather graver. I refer now to the district of Allahabad. In that district there happens to be a body called the Court of Wards. I gather that this Court of Wards is an organisation upon which Government officials participate, in the work, and their particular work is to act as trustees of very large estates. I am not now discussing whether it is proper for officials of the Government of India to act in such a capacity, but when an election of this sort comes up there is a tendency for those who are in charge of landlords interests to regard certain political organisations as tendoing to be inimical to the interests of the landlords, and in proof of that I propose to quote not from an unofficial but from an official circular."

INTOLERABLE SITUATION.

After quoting the circular the Secretary of the Court of Wards of the United Provinces dated 9th July 1936 Mr. Jones continued: It really is an intolerable situation if Civil servants in India are to be permitted to issue to officers in other parts of the provinces documents of this sort, in which they specifically invite people to work against a particular candidate for Parliament. It is a contravention of repeated pledges made to us in this House when the Government of India Act was being considered. I know that there is keen controversy in Indian relation to this letter. I know that the Government of India believe the Congress party entertain somewhat revolutionary ideas. I am not arguing that matter now, but I say that the Government, if they believe in the policy embodied in the Government of India Act, should make the conditions for its working as favourable as possible. You are making the conditions as unfavourable as you can if you give the impression that the Government is acting in such a way as to prevent one particular section of candidates having a chance of approaching the electors. This is really a question of the freedom of all candidates to approach the electorate in the way that seems to them best. I really must protest strongly against this action which seems to be engaged in by the Government of India.

NEWS BULLETINS.

There is one other observation. There has been sent to the Labour party in this country and to individual members of the party, bulletins containing news of events which have taken place in India, but recently the organisation responsible for sending these bulletins suddenly found their offices raided and the bulletins, apparently in that form, are not to come to this country. The point I wish to make is this. As I understand it, no allegation was made as to the impropriety of anything contained in particular bulletins; in fact, the authorities who send bulletins specifically invited the magistrate concerned to state to which bulletin he objected, and his answer was that he did not refer to any particular bulletin but to the lot. If that is the way a controversy in India is conducted there is no such thing as freedom as we understand it in this country. If that is the situation, we really have no right to fling stones at Germany or Italy as to what is happening in their countries. We want these people to learn the art of self-government, and to become acquainted with democratic methods of Government but if they are to be prevented from circulating their views, although the circulation cannot be proved to be inimical to the law, then we have reached a condition of things in which there is no freedom at all. If, it can be shown that a given document violates the law, then the authors of the document should be prosecuted; but do not carry your enthusiasm for suppression to such a degree that you prevent the circulation of any documents which explain the views of a particular party in India.

FREE ACCESS TO ELECTORATE.

The three points that I have raised are all inter-related, for they raise the fundamental issue of the freedom of people express in unpopular views to expound them as long as they do not break the law in so doing. I appeal to the Under-Secretary to give an explicit statement—a pledge if he will allow me put it in that way—that there shall be for all people, whether they belong to big organisations or small ones, free access to the electorate in order that may have a chance of getting representation if their point of view in the Assembly at Delhi. We have argued in this House before that, however generous one may be, these people will not be over-represented there—that has been secured by the Government of India Act, 1935. That being the case, we ought to be generous in allowing the minorities which will remain minorities, to have as much chance as possible of acquiring for their party as many adherents as possible. Therefore, I hope we shall receive a reassuring statement from the Under-Secretary.

UNDER THE NEW ERA.

Mr. Sorensen endorsed all that was said by Mr. Morgan Jones. He added: "We do not want these elections to take place under the shadow of a Swastika, even though it should be a British Swatiska. We want them to take place in the atmosphere of honest discussion and freedom of speech to which we are accustomed in this country. It is true that many do not realise the great changes that are taking place in India, but it is up to the Under-Secretary and his chief to instruct those who are so backward, that, in fact, a new era has begun. I hope a message will go forth from the House to India, tonight to assure the people of India, whatever their political opinions may be, that we in this country are desirous to have the elections conducted fairly, and that these intimidations and threats to freedom of speech and thought will be speedily removed so that an atmosphere may be created in which the Indian people can choose their own destiny, within the very narrow limits which have been laid down for them.

BUTLER'S ANSWER.

Mr. Butler, the Under-Secretary of State for India: May I state my answer by saying that the Government welcome the opportunity of making their attitude on this important subject perfectly clear? It is the view of the Government and of my Noble Friend, that we have no wish to interfere officially in the Indian elections. We do not wish any sinister shadow of the Swastika, or anything else, to be cast upon those elections, and we said during the passage of the India Act about making the conditions for working these elections as favourable as possible, stands as true to-day as it was when we said it. We wish the officials to conduct themselves according to the Public Servants' Conduct Rules which I think it would be well to read to the House. An official is asked to subscribe to these Rules about taking part in politics and elections:

"Subject to any general or special order of the local Government, no Government servant shall take part in, subscribe in aid of or assist in any way, any political movement in India or relating to Indian affairs." and further: "No Government servant shall canvass or otherwise interfere in or use his influence in connection with or take part in any election to a legislative body, whether in India or elsewhere."

These rules, it will be seen, are perfectly explicit, and in order to make sure that they are observed, as we believe they will be, steps have been taken—I think I can safely say, in all the Provinces to draw the attention of Government officials to these Rules and to ensure the fulfilment of the desire which the Hon. Members opposite have in mind. I expect Hon. Members will bear in mind that when we pass from an old system to a new there are certain considerations which must be remembered. The official himself has to accustom himself to a new atmosphere, and I think it is valuable, therefore, to have this opportunity of reminding the House that officials are being inspired with the view that they should accustom themselves to this new atmosphere of the new reforms in India.

IN TRANSITION PERIOD.

Certain cases have been put forward by the Hon. Member, and I shall try to show him that I believe his suspicions in those cases are virtually unfounded, and that there is no intention of the Government, through its officials, to take part in the elections. As to any isolated, detailed cases, in every case which we have investigated, if there has been any possible breach, appropriate action has been taken, and I am glad to say that the cases have been very few indeed.

What should the Government attitude be to the transition period? The Government's attitude, surely, should be to keep the elections free and open, a fair field and no favour. It should also be to keep the situation tranquil and quiet, which is a matter of supreme importance, particularly in a transition period, when power is to be transferred to Indian Ministers.

MASANI, A COMMUNIST?

"I have said that Mr. Masani is not, we believe, a Communist, but he has Communist affiliations, which can be proved by his record. His invitation, for instance, in a speech at the end of last June, when he advocated a widespread strike of the transport services for the overthrowing of Imperialism. It is that sort of case which it is important that the Government should make clear at this stage cannot be tolerated in a period when we want the elections to be free from anything that savours of direct action or affiliation with Communism. I must remind Hon. Members that Communists in India are declared to be an unlawful body, and anything that savours of affiliation with Communism cannot be tolerated by the Government in a transition period.

Mr. Morgan Jones: Is it declared illegal to be a Communist?

Mr. Butler: The Communist body is declared to be an unlawful association.

Mr. Grenfell: What does the Hon. Gentleman mean by Mr. Masani's Communist affiliation?

Mr. Butler: I mean his association with Communists, from information which is in the possession of the local Government of the Government of India. I hope that he will wean himself from these associations, but as long as he continues with associations which in India are not those which the Government can tolerate, the Government are obliged to take action they have taken.

In conclusion, I should like to say that in the democratic structure of the new Constitution a combination of freedom and order is absolutely essential. The Government cannot abrogate its functions for preserving order or weaning any particular person from Communist affiliations, because of its elections. Its object is to create a fair field and no favour, not to encourage sedition or to abdicate its responsibility for law and order.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

The British Army And The Police In India

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I am urged to write on a subject of great importance to serving soldiers in India who have ideas of joining the Police. It is my wish that these soldiers and their commanding officers may read this and "Look before they leap."

The greatest points to consider from an Englishman's point of view are:

(1) Once in the Police as a Subordinate all hopes of seeing England and the old folk must be given up, free passages are not granted even after serving twenty to thirty years. There has been plenty of talk about passages but nothing is ever done.

(2) The superior officer receives free passages perhaps because of their large pay and over-seas pay. Whether born in India or England does not matter.—Yours, etc.,

"CAUGHT".

Nov. 23.

Musalmans & The Curfew Order

A correspondent writes:—

The change in the hours of the Curfew Order made by Government the other day, does not at all satisfy the religious needs of the Musalmans during this month of fasting. The Musalmans have to get up for their "Sahri" in the early hours of the morning, and since a majority of them are compelled by circumstances to take their meals at the hotels, they cannot do so, as the "Sahir" time is over at 5-30, i.e., half an hour before the Curfew ends. The inconvenience thus caused to thousands of Musalmans is too obvious to require any elucidation at one's hands. I, therefore, request the authorities to meet the wishes of the Musalmans so far as the "Sahri" time is concerned. They will not grudge even if the old time of 10 p.m. is again enforced in order to give them relaxation and lattitude in the latter part of the night, at least in localities which are purely Muslim. What they actually want is that the Curfew hours should be fixed from 10 p.m. to 4 a.m. instead of 11 p.m. to 6 a.m. as is the case at present.

Danger Spots

"A Humanitarian" writes:

The most important feature of the present situation in Bombay is the dastardly assaults on the unwary passers-by that are being made almost every day at one place or the other. All these passers-by must be innocent persons indeed, unconcerned with the communal tension. Although peace has been re-established in most of the localities, yet there are some danger spots where human beings are still being mercilessly stabbed or slaughtered. It appears that there are people behind the scene who connive at the culprits or shield them for various reasons. The portion of the Tilak Bridge near the Plaza Cinema is one such danger spot. Hardly a day passes when a brutal assault is not made on some passer-by or the other. I do not know how many persons have so far been stabbed, but there is no doubt that their number is considerable. These unchecked assaults have created a sense of insecurity among the residents of Dadar. I, therefore, request the Director of Information to issue a statement giving therein the total number of such assaults together with the details of measures taken every time the outrage was committed, so that the public may rest assured that proper steps were promptly taken on each occasion. The Director of Information should also state what steps were taken by the guardians of law and order to trace out the culprit behind the brutal outrage in front of the Kohinoor Cinema.

In this connection I want to utter a word of gentle rebuke to the residents in the neighbourhood of the Tilak Bridge. They are either businessmen or office-going people. Surey they have no heart in the hooliganism, but what prevents them from disclosing the identity and whereabouts of mavalis who indulge day in and day out in their nefarious game, thus bringing a slur on the fair name of Bombay? Will they help the authorities in re-establishing perfect peace and tranquillity in the city?

POINTS FROM LETTERS

Stringent Measures

A CITIZEN deplores the present reign of terror in Bombay and requests the authorities to adopt more stringent measure for the complete restoration of peace.

Santa Cruz Gymkhana

A MEMBER of the Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana of Santa Cruz compliments the committee of the Gymkhana on its recent revision of the rules, and pays a tribute to Mr. Kharas for his great help to the institution.

Willingdon Catholic Gymkhana Of Santa Cruz

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Apropos of the annual report, recently published, of the above Gymkhana, I am expressing the general regret of the Santa Cruz public that the general body of the Gymkhana did not see its way to approve of the proposal made to alter the name of the club to that of Kharas Catholic Gymkhana in recognition of the signal services rendered by Mr. Shapurji Burjorji Kharas to the said Gymkhana. It is true that there is a movement now to raise a subscription among his many admirers for a full size oil painting portrait to be hung in the pavilion but in my humble opinion Mr. Kharas deserved a better recognition of his services. His donations have been numerous and liberal, from a flagstaff, which the club was badly in need of to the several challenge cups he has presented to be competed for by members and non-members. It is due to him the Gymkhana is packed to its seating capacity every evening with youngsters, who formerly used to loiter near the culverts of Santa Cruz but now, thanks to the generosity of Mr. Kharas, are able to become student members enjoying the many privileges that a Gymkhana can offer them.—Yours, etc.,

A MEMBER.

Santa Cruz.

Congress Elections At Bijapur

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I crave space in the esteemed columns of your paper regarding the recent delegate-elections for the Faizpur Congress Sessions held in Bijapur District. I am writing to you with the hope that you will give publicity to this complaint which might effectively help the Congress Committee to run on more organised lines.

Before these elections were held it was required that the Voters' list must have been completed by the 1st of Nov. 1936. But in Bijapur the Voters' List was not completed not only by the 1st of Nov. but it remained incomplete even to the last day for giving applications. It thus caused great handicap to the candidates and personally, it weighed with me so much that I could not come to any decision due to this. I could not examine the voters' list to my satisfaction. I have sent my complaint to the Provincial Congress Committee and I hope it will consider the matter.—Yours, etc.

"CONGRESSMAN."

A Query

Sir,—It will be very kind of you if any of your readers lets me know, if there is any high-class washing institution in Bombay which is ready to impart instructions in washing to desirous students. And I shall esteem it a great favour if any of them kindly also give me the names of some useful and practical books on washing cloths and oblige.—Yours, etc.,

N. R. MALAVIYA.

"Om-Bhavan",
P. O. Solan (Simla),
Nov. 8.

Luqman's Rezavi System And Aberration

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In the Sunday edition of the "Bombay Chronicle" of 18th October my attention was drawn to the article heading "New theory which challenges accepted astronomical system" by S. R. Luqman. Though curiously enough many astronomical phenomena are explained by his Rezavi system as he affirms; yet however it's a great problem whether the phenomena of aberration, the most emphatic reason of accepting the motion of the earth round the sun, is explained by his system or not. Ancient astronomers of course did believe in the motion of the sun round the earth, the earth being supposed to have no revolving motion. But they were perplexed in many astronomical problems by the acceptance of this view and at last after the discovery of the phenomena of aberration by Bradley, the fact of the earth's motion was accepted by the astronomers without the least shadow of doubt.

Aberration is the strongest proof in favour of earth's motion of revolution. Aberration is the name given to the combined effect of the displacement of the bodies caused by the earth's motion and by the velocity of Light Bradley, one of the greatest astronomers, about the year 1729 discovered from the observations of certain stars that they appeared to be displaced and the displacements were periodical for all the stars, period being one year for each. Now if these displacements have no connection with the orbital motion of the earth how can they be periodical for all the stars, preserving the same period for all? Again, if the earth were supposed fixed the displacement shall be only caused by the velocity of light and the displacement thus calculated due to velocity of light alone won't agree with actual displacement observed as some other factor is also at work in causing the resulting displacement. It is also quite evident that sun's motion round the earth (if accepted) has nothing to do with the displacements of stars (not due to velocity of light), observed from earth. Hence taking into consideration the periodicity of displacement, what else, except the earth's revolving motion can explain the effect of the factor at work, in causing displacement that is not due to the velocity of light? What other hypothesis can account for this phenomena? Is it even possible that Mr. Luqman's Rezavi system in which earth is supposed to be fixed, may explain the cause of periodical displacements of the stars by accepting adequate and consistent hypothesis?—Yours, etc.

RAMESH CHANDRA AMIN

Baroda.

'PLANE CRASHES AT DELHI

But Pilot And Passenger Escape Unhurt

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

A Gypsy Month 'plane belonging to the Aeronautical Training Centre, India, piloted by Cadet Bless crashed near the Pusa Institute grounds this afternoon. The pilot and his passenger Cadet Modi escaped unhurt.

Taking off from the Delhi Aerodrome for Patiala, the 'plane had hardly covered 4 miles when it developed engine trouble and had a forced landing. The propeller was smashed.—A. P.

PATNA 'VARSITY MATRICULATION

Senate Adopts Vernacular As Medium Of Instruction

PATNA, Nov. 24.

The Patna University Senate at its annual meeting to-day passed a resolution adopting the vernacular as the medium of instruction for the Matriculation Examination.—A.P.

INDIAN COMPANIES (AMEND.) ACT.

(Continued From Page 6)

sheet calls unpaid by managing agents. In the original Bill calls unpaid by directors were also required to be shown separately but this was dropped by the Select Committee for reasons which it is not easy to understand.

(2) The items relating to loans secured and unsecured have been recast and classified under suitable headings. In particular liabilities to subsidiary companies are required to be separately shown according as they are secured or unsecured.

(3) Under the head "Fixed Capital Expenditure" additions to and deductions from such expenditure during the year will now have to be shown separately in every case. Again where sums have been written off on a reduction of capital or a revaluation of assets every balance-sheet after the first balance-sheet subsequent to the reduction or revaluation will have to show the reduced figures with the date of and the amount of the reduction made.

(4) Discount allowed on the issue of shares on so much thereof as has not been written off will have to be shown separately.

(5) The existing head "Book Debts" has been replaced by the heading "Book Debts." Evidently this is an error. Under this head two important alterations have been made. Firstly, debts considered good and fully secured will have to be distinguished in the case of all companies not merely in the case of banks as at present. Secondly, debts considered good, doubtful or bad will be required to be distinguished in all cases. In other words the reservation made in the case of banks by the Governor-General's Notification some years ago to the effect that banking companies need not show bad or doubtful debts if provision has been made to the satisfaction of auditors has now been done away with.

(6) Under the head "Advances" loans given to subsidiary companies as well as loans including temporary advances made at any time during the year to directors or managers are required to be shown separately. The provision as to disclosure of loans to directors or managers is rather ambiguous but the object seems to be to safeguard against window dressing methods. Similar disclosure was desirable in regard to the credit held by a managing agent in current account as per new section 87D(2). An amendment to secure this disclosure however proved unsuccessful.

The method of valuation of stock-in-trade under the existing practice still remains indefinite in spite of efforts made to improve the same.

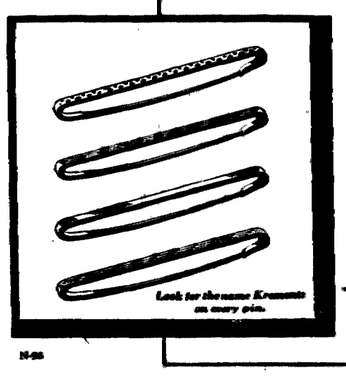
HUNS STUDIO NEWS

(Continued from Page 9.)

launched on his picture from January; he too has something unexpected of his sleeve. In the meantime 'Dharmaveer' has come to its last big setting, a street scene. There is said to be heavy advance booking from most of the important exhibiting stations.

A small feather in the Huns plume was the successful tour of Indira Wadkar to Allahabad for the Music Conference. She created a very good impression in that important U. P. City.

Dharmaveer will be released at the Majestic (Bombay), sometimes in December. Already many impatient Huns Fans are trying to exert private influence to see the 'rushes' of 'Dharmaveer' at the Film City Projection Hall!



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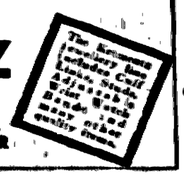

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HEPILEX embodies blood-forming, calcium, iron, potassium and liver extract—it is widely prescribed in all cases of poverty of blood and kindred complaints e.g., brain fag, 'nerves' anaemia, sleeplessness and skin trouble.
Take HEPILEX in milk, water, or fruit juice—its taste is delicious.

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Unfortunate Riots in the City spoiled your Happy Divali.....
But TO-DAY.....
Now enjoy DEV-DIWALI.....by seeing

New Theatre's Ltd.'s Superb Social HIT ever produced

Griha-Dah

OR

MANZIL

Starring:
Jamuna, Barua, Molina, Prithviraj, K. C. Dey, Harimati

Directed by: Sjt. P. Barua creator of "Devdas"

Time:—Daily 3 shows:—2-45, 5-15, and 8
Special Show on Sunday morning at 10-30 a.m.

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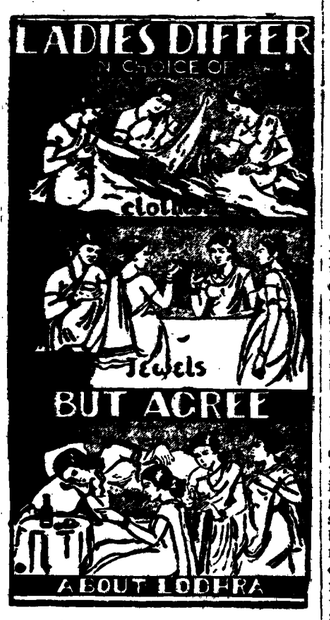

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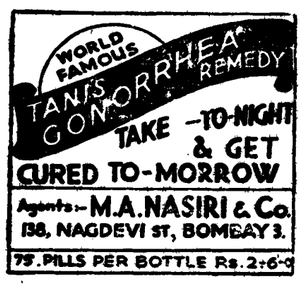

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Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar of Baroda.

(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897)

Capital Subscribed	..... Rs	60,00,000
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Head Office:—Mandvi BARODA

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LONDON AGENTS:—The Eastern Bank, Limited.

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Loans, Overdrafts and Cash Credits.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved Securities.

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Sole Distributors:—
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World Financial Survey

Boom In Rubber Shares

Outlook For European Consumption Of American Cotton

Lancashire Cotton Corporation's Scheme Of Capital Reorganisation

(By Our London Correspondent).

LONDON, Nov. 3.
(By Air Mail).

Mad Monday conditions prevailed in the London Rubber market yesterday. It was quite impossible to get near any dealer except by queueing up, and, consequently, it was impossible to get dealings prices through the offices. Orders had to be given down with limits very often without the slightest idea whether they were likely to be practicable or not.

The reason was that the boom in rubber shares continued unabated yesterday. Active and excited bidding was in progress throughout the day, and many issues closed with spectacular gains. Business was on a colossal scale not exceeded even in the boom days of 1925, when rubber rose to nearly 5s. a pound. The commodity, after rising to 8 5-16d., reacted on profit-taking to close unchanged at 8¼d. The Netherlands Indies authorities again raised the export duty on native rubber to 53fl per 100 kilogrammes.

The huge public and professional demand for the shares which sprang up at the close of last week grew to amazing proportions yesterday, and continued from the opening of the Stock Exchange until long after the close. From the start jobbers were surrounded by a widly excited crowd of brokers who were bidding hustily for virtually every share in the market. Buying orders were received from public investors and speculators in all parts of the country, and there was hardly a share in the market which was not at some time or another the subject of keen and excited bidding. The demand was characterised by a complete lack of discrimination both as regards the merits and prices of the shares. Most of the public orders specified no limit in respect to price, brokers merely being instructed to buy "at best." Orders for more than a few hundred shares were frequently impossible to execute and had to be cut down drastically. If buyers could not obtain one share they specially transferred their affections to another. In addition to the big public demand, there was a very heavy demand by professional operators who were no less anxious than members of the public to participate in the boom and who were equally unselective in their purchases.

SEQUEL TO SPECULATIVE ACTIVITY.

The major part of the recent rise in raw rubber is the result of speculative activity, and in view of the policy of moderation which has been consistently followed by the International Rubber Regulation Committee. It is considered unlikely that these speculators will attempt to carry the rise much further. It is thought much more probable that many of them will quickly secure what must be very handsome profit.

Two messages circulated yesterday by a news-agency further emphasise a change in the cotton trade, which, though previously noted, is continuing in a remarkable degree. The first, from Washington, quotes a report by the United States Bureau of Agricultural Economics to the effect that the tendency of American production to represent a smaller proportion of world production and consumption implies that changes in the supply of American cotton tend to have a considerably smaller influence upon world cotton prices generally and to some significant extent a less influence on the prices of American cotton.

COTTON CONSUMPTION OUTLOOK.

The outlook for European consumption of American cotton does not indicate any increases in the coming season, as any possible gains in England will probably be offset by Germany buying Brazilian cotton. The other message received yesterday from Reuter's Trade Service states that exports of cotton from Brazil for the period January to July were about 106,000 metric tons, an increase of 22,000 tons on the first seven months of 1935. The United Kingdom took 32,656 metric tons this year; Japan 29,207 tons compared with 2,316; and France 11,211 tons, compared with 7,513. Germany was the only country that bought less this year than last year, the amount being 13,226 tons this year and 49,060 tons last year. For the past three years "outside" growths have formed more than half of the world crop, and according to the Liverpool Cotton Service there is every prospect that the forthcoming season will again show a large percentage for cotton grown outside the United States. The export trade in United States cotton has obviously suffered from the "prosperity by scarcity" programme of the Hoover Administration, but it is doubtful whether the declining importance of the cotton crop is wholly due to crop restriction, or due even to the extent claimed by the anti-restrictionists. Every country capable of growing cotton has sought to increase its cotton area with the object of replacing less profitable crops or expanding primary production.

LANCASHIRE C. C. SCHEME.

Details of the Lancashire Cotton Corporation's scheme of capital reorganisation and reconstruction have now been issued. Meetings of the holders of the various securities to consider the proposals will be held in the next two months. The meetings of the Debenture stockholders will be held in London and the other meetings (those of Preference shareholders, Ordinary shareholders, Deferred shareholders) in Manchester.

In a circular to the Debenture stockholders, the trustees (Messrs. Baring Brothers and Co.) state that the scheme has been drawn up by the directors of the Corporation in consultation with the Bankers Industrial Development Company. It has been submitted to a committee appointed by the Association of Insurance Companies and of Investment Trusts, who are recommending its acceptance to their members. "Under the scheme," add the Trustees, "the First Mortgage Debenture stockholders receive new Five per cent. First Mortgage Debenture stock in respect of 75 per cent. of their holdings, the remaining 25 per cent. being satisfied by the issue of new Preference stock. On the other hand the guarantor of the interest on your Debenture stock up to March 31 last, whose claim for the repayment of the sum of £627,500 paid under the guarantee ranks "pari pasu" with the First Mortgage Debenture stock, is to receive new Preference stock in respect of the whole of its claim.

Moreover, £250,000 of new money is to be provided by the subscription at par of a like amount of new Preference stock. Not only, therefore, will the existing first charge on the corporation's assets, now amounting to £2,627,500, be reduced to £1,500,000 but the value of the assets will be increased by the £250,000 new money. Consequently the new Debenture stock will be considerably better secured than the existing First Mortgage Debenture stock. The new Preference stock, having rights of conversion into Ordinary stock up to March 31, 1951, will give holders the opportunity of benefiting from any future improvement in the business of the corporation. Having regard to these feature of the reconstruction, we are of opinion that to accept the scheme, which preserve the business and goodwill of the corporation as a going concern, would be more advantageous to the First Mortgage Debenture stockholders than to enforce the security and attempt to realise the assets."

COTTON INDUSTRY'S WELCOME

According to reports from Manchester it appears that the scheme of the Corporation has been welcomed by the cotton industry generally. There has been favourable comments on the splitting of the Six-and-a-Half per cent. Debenture stock into new Five per cent. Debenture stock and new Five per cent. Non-Cumulative Preference stock, and also the funding of the amount due to mortgage debenture guarantor into the new Five per cent. Preference stock. In addition, the promise of the Bankers' Industrial Development Company to undertake the provision of £250,000 in cash for Preference stock indicates a confidence in the future of the Corporation's working. Cotton men realise that since it was first formed the Corporation has scrapped a total of 80 spinning mills, and as the original values of these were represented in the present capital sum of £12,925,115, the scheme finally wipes out this fictitious asset. Shareholders had no real equity in the mills. The general opinion is that the present scheme prevents forced liquidation, under which a "scrap" value would have been placed upon the mills.

However, there are a few shareholders who take the view that the drastic scheme of reorganisation of the Corporation is not of any permanent material benefit to anyone concerned. As one of the shareholders has pointed out in the "Manchester Guardian", the 60 mills (out of the 140) retained by the corporation are valued at £3,216,580, or approximately 12s. 6d. per spindle. These mills are from 30 to 60 years old. Good ring mills of a much earlier age have recently changed hands as going concerns, at less than 3d. per spindle, and good mills have been sold at as low a figure as £5,000 fully equipped. The correspondent that such mills can be bought to-day at this figure. The report for the past year ending October 31, will be out in a few weeks' time, and if it provides for proper depreciation and first mortgage interest (which it has never done previously) it appears it will not be very encouraging.

BUCKET-SHOP ACTIVITIES.

Complaints of the activities of bucket-shops and share-pushers are being received almost daily by the police of the City of London. The joint-stock banks believe that the position has become so grave during the past few months that they are making every endeavour to combat what they regard as a parasitic development of a legitimate boom in the stock market. Warnings have been issued to all their customers.

For the past two weeks all pass-books issued by Lloyds Banks have contained slips of paper stating "Lloyds Bank Ltd. recommends its customers who receive communications from unknown parties offering facilities for investment to take advantage of the service provided by the bank's information department, which is obtainable through any branch. The more urgent and confidential the offer of investment opportunity, the more imperative is it to make full inquiries before transacting business." During the last few months it is understood that more than a score of firms offering such facilities have disappeared from their offices in the City. Each of the Big Five Banks maintains its own information bureau and is something like a miniature Scotland Yard.

The ingeneous methods used by the bucket-shops and share-pushers to obtain money from the public were explained to pressmen by an official who has been investigating the matter. The official said that first an office is taken in the City and the firm given a name which sounds trustworthy. Usually one man works alone, but sometimes two or three enter into partnership. A broadsheet is printed and circulated to a number of possible clients over a period of several months. This contains genuine information and tips, usually taken from the legitimate financial journals. The client is then offered a number of shares in some well-known company at below the market value. If he accepts, he is sent a receipt and is told he will receive the transferred shares in a few days.

Before the transfer is due, however, he is called on and persuaded to sell his shares at rather more than he paid for them, and to reinvest the money in the shares of a new company. These shares are in properly constituted companies with high-sounding titles, but they have never been dealt in on the Stock Exchange. The client is told that he can buy the shares at considerably under the price at which they will be quoted when they are dealt in. These shares are not worth more than the paper they are printed on, and the clients lose their money. Prosecution is difficult, for these firms rarely remain at one address for more than six months.

REPORT OF J. C. S. A.

The official report on the results of operations in the first half of the current year issued by the Japan Cotton Spinners' Association states that business results were unsatisfactory on the whole, partly because of the difficulty of spinning coarse counts on a paying basis, and partly because of the slackening of export trade. The aggregate net profits of the 68 firms in the association decreased by about 6 per cent as compared with the previous half-year, and eleven companies paid smaller dividends, only one, which was something of a special case, making an increased distribution. The average rate of dividend on the paid-up capital, however, was reduced only by 0.6 per cent., to 11.4 per cent. The following table illustrates the position of the companies in the aggregate:—

(000's omitted.)

	1st half of 1936. Yen.
Paid-up capital	454,640
Debentures and Loans	139,831
Reserves	278,307
Fixed Assets	665,026
Depreciation charged	17,110
Balance brought forward	54,690
Net Profit	33,016
Dividend Paid	25,038
Dividend per cent	11.4
Put to Reserves	4,972
	2nd half of 1936 Yen.
Paid-up capital	444,931
Debentures and Loans	136,793
Reserves	274,446
Fixed Assets	619,228
Depreciation charged	17,971
Balance brought forward	62,946
Net Profit	35,173
Dividend Paid	26,283
Dividend per cent	12
Put to Reserves	5,418

Transfers to reserves, sums written off fixed assets, and balance carried forward have been reduced, but fixed assets, capitals and debentures and loans have increased, largely, it is believed, because of the installation of further machinery especially spindles.

UPLIFT OF POOR CHILDREN

Kanara Institution Doing Valuable Work

The Rev. Father George, O.S.A. of the Honavar Orthodox Syrian Mission writes:

The 19th anniversary of the St. Anthony's Educational Institutions, Kanara, was celebrated with great eclat at Honavar on November 17.

The Institution buildings were gaily decorated with flags and buntings. The teachers and pupils of the village school under the management of the Institutions were also present.

The day's celebrations began with a Holy Mass solemnized by Rev. Father John, the Vicar in charge of the Orphanage at Honavar.

In the afternoon all the Christian boys were sumptuously feasted at the Orphanage and the Hindu boys at a Hindu hotel.

A public meeting was held in the evening.

The President eulogized the good work that has been done by the Institution for the uplift of the poor and illiterate children during the last 19 years. He remarked that an Institution like this can become a useful instrument for the unification of the masses in India, who are now separated by castes and creeds.

Then followed a very interesting programme of songs, dialogue and other items which were much appreciated.

The President in his concluding speech appealed for the sympathy and help of the public and said that if the Institution works with the same ideal with which it was started 19 years ago it can do immense good to India.

Sweets were distributed to the school children at the close of the function.

RT. HON. SRINIVASA SASTRI ARRIVES AT DELHI

NEW DELHI, Nov. 24.

The Rt. Hon'ble V. S. Srinivasa Sastri, Leader of the Deputation to Malaya, arrived at Delhi this morning.

He is staying with Sir Girja Shanker Bajpai, Secretary to the Government of India, Education, Lands and Health Department, and leaves for Calcutta on November 26, whence he sails for Malaya on the 29th inst.—United Press.

To Tour Ceylon After Malaya

An Associated Press message from Nagpur states:

The "Associated Press" understands that the Rt. Hon'ble Srinivasa Sastri, after completing his mission in Malaya, is likely to pay a brief visit to Ceylon on his return journey to India, when he hopes to meet leaders of the Indian community in the island so that these discussions will enable him to have a first-hand information about the present position of Indians, their disabilities and their demands.

Mr. Sastri's visit to Ceylon will be in his personal capacity and not as Government of India's delegate.

KEEP YOUR DOG FIT

If you want your dog to be always lively, happy and in good condition, you must give him Sherley's Tonic and Condition Powders. The cause of Moodiness, Poor Coat, Lost Appetite, Listlessness, Itching, Scratching, 'Hair Shedding,' etc., is over-heated blood. But a dog's blood only gets over-heated when it is *impure*. Keep your dog's blood PURE and you will keep his blood cool and healthy!

Sherley's Tonic and Condition Powders are especially suitable for dogs who have to live in hot climates. They purify the blood, restore appetite, revive energy, rebuild vitality. Don't let your dog get ill—KEEP HIM WELL by giving him a regular course of Sherley's Tonic and Condition Powders.

USE ALSO SHERLEY'S
Worm Capsules and Powders
Canker Lotion and Powder
Skincure—Insect Powder—Shampoo.

Get Sherley's DOG BOOK
From Chemists, Bazaars and Stores. A. P. Sherley & Co., Ltd., 36, Manchester Road, London

SHERLEY'S
Tonic & Condition Powders

SAVE TIME
SAVE MONEY
WITH
PHILLIPS
CYCLES

Phillips' "Chromex" and "Excelsis" Cycles are built to give complete satisfaction—lasting service—at a reasonable price. Bull Dog (Brand) Tubing is used exclusively—the finest made.

From All Good Dealers.

A PLEASURE TO RIDE

In the four quarters of the globe, and for over a century, Bristol's Sarsaparilla has been used with the greatest results.

That is why today it is universally known as the vegetable tonic and the best blood purifier in cases where the blood is poor, where there is a general run-down condition, and to combat eruptions, pimples, boils, disorders of the spleen, liver or kidneys.

To correct these troubles, try a few bottles of Bristol's Sarsaparilla, a product of fame and renown, and you will never regret it.

For Sale at All Chemists

BRISTOL'S *Sarsaparilla*

HEALTHFUL
ENERGY

Recognised by Medical science all over the world, LECIFERRIN contains OVOLECITHIN and IRON—elements which enrich and tone the blood and the nervous system.

LECIFERRIN restores energy, strength, vitality.

Palatable and immediately effective. In all cases of Debility, Anaemia, Chlorosis, Nervousness and Brain-fag nothing is Better Bottle of 8-oz. Rs 2/-.

BUY THAT BOTTLE ONLY WHICH BEARS OUR AUTOGRAPHED SIGNATURE

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Made in Germany
MALGHAM BROS. 28, Old Custom House Rd., Fort, BOMBAY.

Strict Adherence To Principles Of English Law

INDIAN ASSURANCE CHAMBER'S SUGGESTIONS TO GOVT. ON INSURANCE LEGISLATION

The following Representation has been forwarded by the Indian Assurance Chamber (Bombay Presidency) to the Secretary, the Government of India Department of Commerce, Secretariat, New Delhi, and in the course of which, it is stated:—

Every insurance company in India should be made to deposit before the commencement of the business, with the Government of India, certain amount in respect of each separate class of insurance business. For the life insurance business we suggest that an insurance company should be allowed to commence business on the company depositing with the Controller of Currency, Government securities of the face value of Rs. 50,000. This deposit would give sufficient security to the policy-holders and will also adequately protect their interests as well as the interests of the life offices in India. Our Committee would further suggest that all Indian companies should be statutorily required to invest at least 30 per cent of their assets in securities authorised by the Indian Trust Act.

In any event we suggest that with regard to the existing life insurance companies they should not be called upon to make any further deposit than is already made by them and is allowed by law at present or that in the alternative such present existing companies should be given a time limit of at least fifteen years to make up the requisite amount of non-terminable statutory deposit which should not exceed Rs. 100,000. From the experience of the successful life insurance companies at present existing in India it is apparent that the above suggested time limit is necessary, as even the best of the companies show that in the past during their heyday without any business competition, as exists at present, they took eight to twenty years to accumulate and to set aside the amount of Rs. 100,000, or more as and by way of non-terminable statutory deposit.

SEPARATE INSURANCE DEPT.

We suggest, that the present day needs and existing economic crisis do not justify the creation of a separate department which would mean additional burden on the treasury or on the companies. We fear that if the costs of the insurance department are thrown on the insurance companies in India the insurance business which is in its infancy will receive a setback and the said burden will not be in the interests of the policy holders. If the Government desires to have such a department we suggest, that the costs thereof be borne by the Government and that the said department be maintained like the Actuary portfolio.

NO CHANGE IN VALUATION.

With regard to the valuation and the assumption of the rate of interest we do not think that the present practice needs amendment. The methods suggested in the representation made to you on the 8th July 1935 by the Indian Life Assurance Offices Association will result in paralysing the growth of many new offices. That the practice in vogue at present has been successfully worked out is apparent from a statement prepared from Insurance Year Book which is annexed herewith. The said practice has not proved disadvantageous to any of the parties including the policy holders and the share holders and has protected many of the Insurance companies in their infancy. The said practice if amended would result in majority of the existing insurance companies being deprived of the advantages which have all along been enjoyed by the present day flourishing companies, in their infancies. In any event we suggest that with regard to the existing life insurance companies for a period of at least first five valuations from the inception they should be allowed to work out the valuation on the existing basis and system.

NO CONTROL OVER EXPENSES.

As the matter of expenses concerns purely the internal management of the offices and as the said expenses cannot be uniform with regard to several insurance companies we suggest that this matter should be left entirely in the hands of the controlling bodies of the respective institutions. There is, we suggest, no need of any legislative enactment regarding the same. In the case of fire insurance companies, from actual experience, it is found, that the tariff as laid down by the bodies work successfully and there has been no Government interference or any legislative enactment in that connection. Such an arrangement, if adopted, will be worked out very successfully and prove to be flexible and give full scope for suitable changes from time to time as may be found necessary, according to the exigencies of the occasions. A legislative restriction in internal working would result in manipulation of figures.

ADOPTION OF CANADIAN LAW.

We suggest that instead of adopting the line of Canadian Legislation in matters of insurance, it is in the interests of the Indian insurance companies to adopt, as has been the practice of all legislations, the principles of English Law in so far as they are applicable to the conditions prevailing in this country. Any legislation on Canadian lines would prove disastrous in its results, as most of the insurance companies incorporated in Canada are backed by big business. In India the small traders have been the backbone of the business world and the big business is not yet the tradition. We would therefore suggest a strict adherence to the principles of the English Law in this respect.

EXCITEMENT AMONG BEAWAR WORKERS

Walk-out From Conciliation Board Meeting

BEAWAR, Nov. 23.

The Secretary of the Labour Union, Beawar wires:

The Board of Conciliation consisting of Rai Bahadur Tirlokinath, Chairman, Seth Jajodia, Labour Representative and Pandit Naurang Rai, mill representative met here yesterday.

Mr. Jamaluddin Makhmoor who represents the labourers before the Board and who was even unable to sit on the Chair owing to his serious illness applied for an adjournment and although supported by Seth Jajodia the labour member of the Board the adjournment was not granted and the chairman started recording evidence exparte where upon Mr. Makhmoor left the court room. As a protest Seth Jajodia the Labour member of the Tribunal also walked out.

In the evening a resolution strongly protesting against the Chairman's attitude towards the labour representatives was adopted by a public meeting of the local labourers.

ASSAULT ON UNION MEMBER.

Padmaji an active member of the Union and one of the ten signatories who applied for the Board of Conciliation was, in the early hours of Sunday morning, on some pretext taken out of his house and in the vicinity of Edward Mills reported to have been assaulted. The man is lying in a precarious condition in the local hospital.

Great excitement prevails.

MADRAS COAST GETS LOCAL RAIN

Southern India To Have Fall: Light Showers Likely In Frontier

POONA, Nov. 24.

Local rain occurred in North Madras coast, while a few falls are reported from Madras Deccan, Lower Burma and Assam. Western disturbance caused extension of cloud along the North-West Frontier.

Chief amounts of rainfall are:—Dibrugarh and Nellore 1½ inches each and Sibsagar 1 inch.

FORECAST

Rainfall will occur locally in the Madras Presidency and Mysore. A few light showers are likely to occur along the North-West Frontier and extend to Kashmir. Scattered thundershowers will also occur in Burma and Assam.—A.P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 24th November 1936.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —011 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 79.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 72.8 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 92.0 degrees 3.6 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 74.1 degrees 3.1 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 73 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. ENE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 8 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 157 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 18 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy. eq. 10). 7.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED NOVERBER 24.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.0 degrees F., a mercury barometer wihout index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.12 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.10 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali

The 34th Annual Report of the above Mandali records the following activities:—

The Saraswat Vidyarthi Sahayak Mandali owes its origin to the keen sense of service and cooperation evinced by a small band of public-spirited and far-sighted young men of the Gond Saraswat Brahman Community who decided, on 11th May, 1902, to pool their slender resources and then to appeal to the generous instincts of the community at large with the object of establishing an Institution for the benefit of the poor and deserving students of both sexes in the whole community.

The Mandali has, during the last 34 years, advanced in all nearly Rs. 1,96,767 to 895 students from different parts of the country to enable them to pursue their courses of study in various directions.

WIDOWS' EDUCATION FUND.

In 1920, the Mandali extended its useful and philanthropic service in still another direction, viz., Widows' Education Fund. 63 widows have so far availed themselves of this help to the extent of Rs. 18,444 and the fact that many of them have established themselves as useful and self-supporting members in the community has amply testified to the useful purpose served by this fund.

During the year ending 31st May 1936, scholarships to the tune of Rs. 14,657 were awarded to 290 students of both sexes, and still many applications had to be rejected.

The Mandali's students, residing in Bombay and the Suburbs are subjected to a Medical Examination every term. The results are fairly encouraging, as the students are taking a greater interest than before in their physical education.

Arrangements have also been made for providing free medical aid to the Mandali's students residing in Bombay and its Suburbs.

The Mandali appeals to the Goud Saraswats to contribute their mite so that cases of deserving students will not be neglected.

Mr. Vinayak Mehta As Dewan Of Bikaner

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail)

Confirmation is now available of the Lucknow message indicating the possibility of Mr. V. N. Mehta, Commissioner, Allahabad Division, being appointed as the Prime Minister of Bikaner. Mr. Mehta's appointment as Prime Minister of Bikaner State appears to be almost certain. It is not known when he will join his new appointment and who will succeed him as Commissioner, Allahabad Division.—A. P.

A Few Medical Hints For Pilgrims To Hejaz

(Indian Medical Officer attached to the British Legation, Jedda):—

The following precautions should be taken to guard against illness whilst on pilgrimage, says Dr. Abdul Hamid, M.B.B.S.

SMALL-POX:—This disease is endemic in the Hejaz and Nejd; vaccination has therefore been made compulsory for all purchasers of steamship tickets. It is essential in the interest of pilgrims themselves that no attempt should be made to avoid this regulation, especially in the case of children. If this advice is neglected, and any member of a pilgrim family is attacked by small-pox, the whole family lay themselves open to endless trouble.

CHOLERA:—Although it is a long time since Cholera appeared in the Hejaz, yet in such a large gathering of pilgrims from all parts, there is a possibility of its outbreak. Consequently inoculation against it is now compulsory for all purchasers of steamship tickets. No pilgrim should start on the pilgrimage without having this inoculation in his own interest.

DYSENTERY, DIARRHOEA AND TYPHOID:—These diseases very often result from the use of impure water, infected food and fruit. Available water is of three kinds:—

(1) Rain water, usually discoloured.

(2) Condensed water, clean and pure.

(3) Spring water, in Jedda this water.

Is slightly saline, but in Mecca it is good. In order to be safe, all water from whatever source should be boiled before use, or alternatively a few grains of potassium-permanganate should be mixed with each bucketful of water which should then be left to stand for sometime before it is used. This precaution should be rigidly adhered to while in Mina, Arafat and on the way to Medina, as in these places the water available is not safe.

FOOD:—As to food, all vegetables should be well washed with good water before being cooked. Raw vegetables should be avoided at all costs. Meat should be taken in moderation especially by those with weak digestion. Care should be taken that bowls move regularly at least once a day. Fruit should also be taken with care, raw and over-ripe fruit being avoided. The milk sold in the Hejaz is always unboiled, it should be well boiled before being taken. 'Dahi' (Curdled milk) this food which is used in various parts of India is not very suitable for the cold season in Jedda, but in the dry and hot climate of Mecca, it is a very suitable addition to diet. However, it should always be kept covered so that it may not be infected with flies and dust. It should always be made from boiled milk.

As the pilgrimage is drawing every year nearer the cooler season, the taking of tea infusion or with milk will be found a good addition in the Hejaz. If nothing else is available, boiled water should be taken.

MALARIA:—This disease being very prevalent, due to mosquitoes, special care must be taken to guard against it. During the whole of their stay in the Hejaz, pilgrims are advised to take Quinine in doses of five grains or ten grains at least twice or three times a week. Mosquito nets, should be used or if one is not available, the hands, feet and face should be rubbed either with Oleum Anisi or Oleum Citronella which afford some protection against mosquito bites. Sleeping at night under the open sky is not advisable. At Jedda, specially, dew may cause rheumatism, etc.

COLD WINDS:—Cold winds are often experienced at Jedda and pilgrims of weak constitution and children should be well protected with suitable clothing. Neglect of this precaution may cause serious illness. Moreover the pilgrimage being in the cold season, the "Ihram" worn should also be of thicker and warmer quality.

PROTECTION AGAINST DUST:—The dust at Mecca, Mina etc. may give rise to colds, sore throats and coughs. Pilgrims are advised to rinse their noses and throats regularly with warm water containing a little common salt. Daily baths are also advisable but with a little luke warm water in cold days.

Although the pilgrimage season will be cool, yet the sun-rays are still strong enough to cause sun stroke; consequently pilgrims are advised to use umbrellas when they go out in the sun.

Notes:—(1) Medical aid and medicines can be obtained free of charge at the Government of India dispensaries at Jedda, Mecca, and Mina by day and night.

(2) Unlicensed medical practitioners being forbidden by the local Government, any pilgrim who may be a medical man should refrain from issuing prescriptions or practising, even gratis, whilst on pilgrimage, unless he first obtains a permit from the Saudi Government.—United Press.

Rare Sanskrit Manuscript From Tibet

PATNA, (By Mail)

After a seven months' stay in Tibet, Mahapandita Rahula Sankritayana has returned to Patna with a collection of Sanskrit manuscripts from some of the oldest monasteries in Tibet.

In the interview he stated that he was able to discover more than 80 bundles of palm-leaf manuscripts dating from 10 to 12 centuries A.D., which were transferred from India to Tibet ages ago. The discoveries of some of these manuscripts, he said were regarded as of the greatest importance in the field of Indological research.

The importance of the discovery could be realised, he added, when the world's greatest Indologist, Dr. Tscherbatski of Leningrad had been communicating his desire to come to India to see these materials.—A.P.

Bihar Nominations For Council Of State

PATNA, (By Mail)

A Gazette Extraordinary announces that the following candidates have been duly nominated for the Bihar and Orissa Muhammadan constituency of the Council of State under the Council of State Electoral Rules:—Shah Muhammad Naimatullah and the Hon. Hussain Imam.—A. P.

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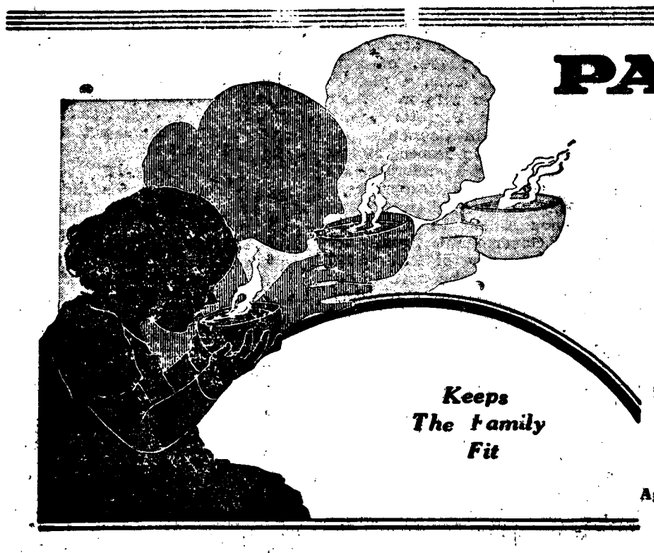

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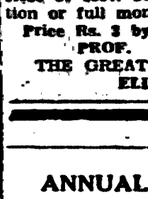

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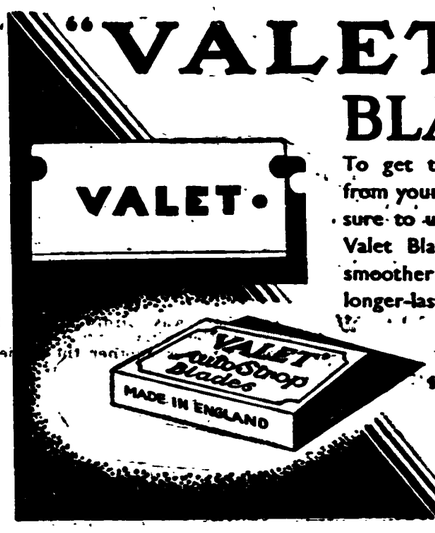

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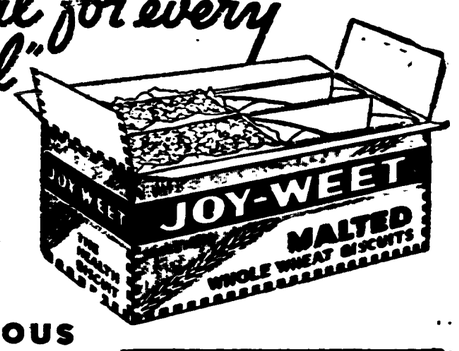

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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON UNCHANGED

Bullion And Wheat Easy But Jute Higher

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

On Tuesday crossrates ruled quiet.
N. Y. COTTON QUIET.
New York cotton ruled firm on better spot enquiry and very little liquidation. The closing tone was however quiet.
BULLION EASY.
London gold and silver were easy.
WHEAT WEAK.
Wheat ruled weak on bearish Argentine crop report. Jute was firm rubber was quiet.
SECURITIES QUIET.
The London Stock Exchange was generally steadier on scattered buying. Giltedged securities were quiet but steady with very little doing.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1937.

New York, Nov. 24.

Previous closing	11.60
To-day's opening	11.64
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	11.60
Difference	Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1937.

Liverpool, Nov. 24.

Previous closing	6.52
To-day's opening	6.48
Difference	—.04
To-day's closing	6.52
Difference	Nil.

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May ..... Rs. 217-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov. 24.

New York cotton displayed decided strength to-day on the lessening of December liquidation after the notice day while improving trade conditions induced fairly good buying although the enquiry on the whole was restricted owing to the uncertainty abroad.

Operations in March commenced at 11.64 i.e. 4 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and better spot enquiry while very little liquidation appeared giving the market a healthier tone under the influence of which March rose gradually to 11.67 with a good undertone.

New York cotton finally closed unchanged at 11.60 for March delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov. 24.

The following were the opening ranges:—

December (11.78/11.77) 11.69/11.68
January (11.72/11.72) ...
March (11.71/11.69) 11.64/11.64

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov. 24.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American December (6.54) 6.48
American January (6.53) 6.47
Egyptian November (11.35) 11.99
Egyptian January (10.54) 10.57

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 24.

The market was closed at night.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov. 24.

The rates at 3-30 p. m. were as follows:—

METALS

Tin (£231 1/2 buyers £231 3/4 sellers Quiet) £232 3/4 buyers £233 1/4 sellers. Very steady.
Lead (£23 9/16 buyers £23 11/16 sellers. Strong) £23 7/16 sellers. Irregular
Electrolytic Copper (£48 7/8 to £49 3/8) £48 3/4 to £49 1/4
Glasgow Iron (£78) £78

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay November December (£13 13/16 sellers) £13 7/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta November December (£13 11/16 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers.
Linseed La Plata November (£11 5/16) £11 5/16 sellers
Groundnuts Coromandal November (£14 7/8 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers.

TEA

Indian Pekoe (0-11 1/2) 0-11 1/4
Indian Pekoe higher (1-1) 1-4 1/4
Ceylon Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 0-11 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2) 2-2

JUTE

New Crop November December (£18 7/8 buyers) £18 11/16 sellers.
Dunlop December (£22 1/2 sellers) £22 1/2 sellers
Lightning December (£20 1/2 sellers) £20 1/2 sellers

RUBBER

Spot (8 11/16 paid and value) £8 5/8 buyers.
Forward January (8 11/16 paid and value) 8 5/8 paid and buyers.

BOMBAY BULLION

Latest Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 24.
6-0 p.m.

Silver ready	51	8	0
Silver 1st settlement	51	9	0
Silver 2nd settlement	51	11	0
Gold ready	35	1	3
Gold 1st settlement	35	1	3
Gold 2nd settlement	35	1	3
Sovereigns	22	3	0

There was no business at night.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov. 24.

Previous closing	4.90 1/8
To-day's opening	4.89 3/4
To-day's latest	4.89 5/8

(At the time of New York cotton closing.)

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov. 24.

Previous closing	4.89 13/16
To-day's opening	4.90 1/8
To-day's closing	4.89 9/16
Difference	—.00 1/4

FRANC RATE

London, Nov. 24.

Previous closing	105.13
To-day's opening	105.16
To-day's closing	105.13
Difference	Nil.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov. 24.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.90 1/8 and then weakened to 4.90 on lack of support while the rate further eased on some selling pressure.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.89 9/16.

Franc opened at 105.16 and then improved to 105.13 on some speculative buying with a steadier tendency.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 105.13.

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov. 24.

The following cable information was received from London to night.

"Indian and general selling. Small support. Market quiet."

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov. 24.

	Last Price.	To-day's Price.
Spot	21 1/8d.	20 15/16d.
Forward	21 1/8d.	20 15/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov. 24.

Gold per fine ounce (£7-2-2) £7-1-10 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Nov 23

3 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.
4 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent.
6 months (5/8 to 3/4 per cent) 5/8 to 3/4 per cent

CROSS RATES

London, Nov. 24.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (7.936) 7.934
New York on Bombay (36.97) 37.05
Berlin in Bombay (0.91 3/4) 0.91 3/4
London on Milan (92-93) 93.03
London on Shanghai (1-2 9/16) 1-2 9/16
London on Kobe (1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 25.

Chicago wheat opened quiet with December at 1.16 3/4. Prices eased in sympathy with weaker outside cables and local selling influenced by bearish crop estimates from Argentine.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 25.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 95 1/2, March 92 3/8 and May 92. After steady opening prices eased on weakness of overseas cables and bearish estimate of Argentine crops with general sentiment apathetic in the absence of any buying interest.

BROWN BULD LINSEED
May 1937 Delivery.

London, Nov. 24.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

	Rs.	a.	p.
Rates at 11-0 p.m.	7	3	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	3	6
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	3	9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	3	6

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 24.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Wheat January 1937	5	4	3
Wheat May 1937	5	2	9
Linseed May 1937	7	3	6

Wheat and Linseed steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov. 24.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 5/8 as against the previous closing at £99 3/4.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov. 24.
3-30 p.m.

After being firmer markets were generally quieter. Foreign bonds and oil shares were dull. Home industrials were generally steady to firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85) £84 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£110) £110
5 per cent Indian Loan (£117 1/2) £117 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£106 1/2) £106 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£115 3/4 £115 1/2

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese 2nd Preference (19-0) 19-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (£4 5/8) £4 5/8
Hydro Electric (dol 9 1/2) dol 8 3/8
Musical Industries (23-9) 23-9
Pinchin Johnson (53-4 1/2) 53-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical (42-9) 42-9
Imperial Chemical Ordinary (10-10 1/2) 10-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ford (166-3) 168-9
Realisation 1930 (£93) £92 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (35-9) 34-9
Unilever Ordinary (40-3) 40-3
Ford Motors (33-7 1/2) 33-7 1/2
Cables and Wireless (£6 3/4) £6 1/2
British American Tobacco (131-3) 131-3
Carreas A (£9 7/8) £9 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (£174 3/8) £174 3/8
P and O S N Company Defd (29-9) 30-6
Distillers (117) 117-6
Bredford Dyers (9-10 1/2) 9-10 1/2
British Celanese (9-3) 9-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (54-0) 54-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (56-3) 56-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-9) 9-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (34-0) 35-0
Inter Nickels (£64) £64
Bengal Iron and Steel (11-3) 11-3
Tata Iron and Steel (£104 1/2) £104 1/2

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov. 24.
3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian (£99 1/2) £99 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£115 1/4) £115
4 1/2 per cent 1958-63 (£118 1/4) £118
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 (£109 3/4) £109 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942/47 (£113 1/2) £113 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954/59 (£106) £105 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945-75 (£112 7/8) £112 7/8

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (18-0) 18-0
Donaro Tea (44-0) 44-0
Empire of India Ceylon (27-6) 27-6

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (38-1 1/2) 38-1 1/2
Gula Kelampong (42-6) 41-3
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (38-3) 38-3

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£9 1/2) £10 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandy (62-6) 61-3
Burma Corporation (13-10 1/2) 13-10 1/2
Rio Tintos (£19 5/8) £20
East Rand Proprietors (76-6) 76-6
Rand Imam (£9 1/4) £9 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£15 7/8) £15 3/4
Gedule New (£10 7/8) £10 3/4
New Modders (38-9) 38-9
Sub Nigel (£12 7/8) £12 7/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (41-10 1/2) 42-6
Union Corporation (ex. 5/-) £9 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezulela Persian (53-1 1/2 53-3
Anglo Iranian (93-1 1/2) 93-1 1/2
Burma Oil (103-1 1/2) 103-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (26-4 1/2) 27-1 1/2
Shell Transport (£113 3/4) £113 3/4
Royal Dutch (42 1/8) £43

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£62 1/2) £62 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£33 3/4) £33 3/4
L N E R Defd (£6 1/4) £6 1/4
Southern Dutch (£26 5/8) £26 5/8
London Paris 5 per cent (£137) £137
London Transport 'C' Stock (£97 1/2) £97 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov. 24.

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 70) dol 69 1/2
Anaconda Copper (dol 49 1/4) dol 49 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 73 5/8 dol 73 1/2
U S Steel Preference (dol 150 1/8) dol 149

WOOL SALES

London, Nov. 24.

There was strong competition in good selection. Large clearance was effected at full rates.

Greasy Lower 0-9
Greasy Higher 1-11
Scoured Lower 1-0 1/2
Scoured Higher 2-6 1/2

BRIGHTER SENTIMENT IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Sharp Rise In Egyptian Cotton

(SPECIAL CABLE).
LONDON Nov. 24.

On the Stock Exchange brighter sentiment which developed towards the close yesterday continued but apart from Spasmodic bargain hunting buyers remained in the background. Consequently markets wer erather ragged.

In commodities cotton Egyptian Sakellaridis rose sharply on speculative buying.

Wall Street opened steady and improved fractionally.

JUTE SHARES QUIET

Steady Tone In Coals

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

Jutes ruled quiet but steady and fair business was put through. Coals continued to be steady but trading was not on a broad scale. There was only small doing in teas. Miscellaneous displayed less activity. Rates in almost all instances kept steady and remained unchanged. Government securities were quiet but steady.

Following were the closing quotations:—

Government securities:—Three and a half per cent paper 100/2 small lot; 4 per cent loan (1960/70) 115/6; five per cent loan (1945/55) 121/15 small lot; five and a half per cent loan (1938/40) 108 small lot; five per cent U. P. (1944) 117/6 small lot.

Banks:—Imperial conty 394/8; Reserve Bank 138/4.

Railways:—D. H. ordy 89; Hardwardehra 126/8.

Cottons:—Bengal Nagpur ordy 14/4; Benareo cotton and silk 1/1; Dunbar ordy 12 small lot; Kesoram 3/12.

Coals:—Amalgamated 23/4 small lot; Bengal 314; Aldih 3,9; Burrakur 15/12; Equitable 36/4; Katras Jherriah 21/14; Hurriladie 13/12; Khas Kajora pref 11/4, Mundulpore 7/10, new Tetturya 3/4; South Karanpura 6/14; Tulcher 2/8.

Jutes:—Adamjee 13/12; Agarpara 23/4; Alliance 274, Anglo India 413/8; Auckland 203/8; Bally 204/8; small lot; Barnagore 150/8; Belvedere 370; Birla 18 15; Budge Budge 298; Caledonian 451; Champdany 168/8; small lot; Clive 26/14; Dalhousie 333; Delta 368; Fort Gloster 514; Fort William 273/8 small lot; Howrah 53.13; Hukumchand 10/12; India 345; Kamarhatty 528; Kanknarrah 434, Kinnison 133/6; Keloni 525; Lansdowne 164 small lot; Lothian 244/8; Lawrence 440 small lot; Naihati 378/8 small lot; Megna 30/12; National 25; Nuddea 49/8, Orient 190, Presidency 4/10; Reliance 73; Standard 301/8 small lot; Anion 434,8; Waverley 2/3;.

Rubbers:—Amalgamated Malay 2-20; Indragiri 1.49; Kempas 2.40; Mentakab 60 cents Sungei Tukang 1.32 ex div.

Teas:—Bateli 6; Hasimara 42/4 small lot; Hattikhira 22/12; Leebah 5/8; Tezpore 9/4.

Debentures:—7 per cent (1919/32/45) Gohpur tea 107; three and a half per cent Rangoon Municipal 100/7; eight per cent New India sugar 1st mortgage 106; 2nd mortgage 102.—A.P.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

The following communique has been issued by the Reserve Bank of India:—

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Tuesday, the 24th November 1936. Total amount offered was Rs. 2,25,75,000 Tenders at Rs. 99-13-0 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-9 allotted approximately 87 per cent. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tender being Rs. 0/12/10 per cent. per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Tuesday, the 1st December 1936. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday, the 4th December 1936. Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 20th November 1936. Treasury Bills for Rs. 39,50,000 were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Drop In Groundnuts

Bombay, Nov 24

The squeeze in London Copra, took a sudden downward trend and prices which advanced to £19-10 from £15 yesterday declined to £18-10. Those who were caught short bought groundnuts in London and prices advanced to £15 from £13-12-6 but to-day eased off to £14-11-3. In the local market there was considerable selling from London and prices weakened. Dhoraji prices also declined to Rs. 41/2 from Rs. 43/9. Arrivals of groundnuts are delayed owing to rains but large receipts are expected. Castorseed and cottonseed markets were quiet. Groundnuts opened at Rs. 41/8 and declined to Rs. 41 to improve to Rs. 41/4. To-day's quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts February	41	6	0
Castorseed May	36	8	0
Cottonseed January	19	15	0

Okha Port News

OKHA, Nov. 24.

The Port Officer wires:—The S. S. "Birk" of the Scindia Steam Navigation Company arrived on the 13th instant, loaded 1 530 tons of cement for Rangoon and left on the 17th instant. S. S. "Clan Macbe," of the Clan Line arrived on the 19th instant. discharged 138 tons of general cargo from Glasgow, Liverpool, Swansea and left on the 20th instant. S. S. "Rabenfels" of the Hansa Line arrived on the 20th instant discharging 350 tons of general cargo from Hamburg, Bremen, Antwerp and left on the 21st instant.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

Imports And Exports

ARRIVALS.

Bombay: Nov. 24.

B I S N Coy's s s Tanfield of 2776 reg tons, Capt. R R Pottinger arrived from Bassein via Colombo, Tuticorin, Cochin, Calicut and Mangalore with rise and general cargo.

O S Kaisha's s s Mantai Maru of 4259 reg tons, Capt K Eguchi, arrived from Karachi with cotton and general cargo.

Turner Morrison and Coy's s s Pasha of 3196 reg ton, Capt T H B Tottle, arrived from Calcutta via Malabar Coast Ports, Pondicherry and Cochin with coal and general cargo.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay: Nov. 24.

Killick Nixon and Coy's s s City of Benares of 6720 reg tons, Capt. A Lee, sailed for Marseilles, Liverpool and Glasgow via Karachi with local and same bottom cargo.

Scindia Steam Navigation Coy's s s Jalavihar of 3381 reg tons, Capt F T W Lewis sailed for Bassein in water ballast.

Turner Morrison and Coy's s s Islami of 3617 reg tons, Capt. T R Doro, sailed for Jeddah and Red Sea ports via Karachi with pilgrims and general cargo.

LOADING.

The following steamers entered for Loading on 24-11-36:—

S.S. Rotenfels (L E) for Europe and American Ports.
" Pres. Harrison (F F C & Co) for Europe and American Ports via Suez.
" Alhena (L E) for Europe and American Ports via P. Okha. and Karachi.
" Chyebassa (M M & Co) for Calcutta.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay: Nov. 24.

1 Tiradentes 2913, Colombo, N F, L Edwards, Ltd.
2 Chitral 8773, N.F., N.F. M M & Co.
4 Mantai Maru 4259, Singapore 26-11, O S Kaisha.
6 Shunko Maru 5027, Karachi 25-11 O S Kaisha.
7 Gazana 3191, Karachi 24-11, M M and Co.
8 Hamburg Maru 3159, Kobe 26-11 O S Kaisha.
9 Sturmfels 3834, Karachi, N F, L Edwards, Ltd.
11 Viceroy of India 10027, London 27-11, M M & Co.
15 Kenya 4646, Durban 25-11, M M and Co.
16 City of Benares, 6720 Karachi, 24-11 K Nixon & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1. Pasha 3196, Calcutta 24-11, T Morrison and Co.
2. Tanfield 2776 N. F., 25-11 M. M & Co.
3 Bankura 1896, P Gulf 25-11, M M and Co.
4 Vasna 2026, Busrah 26-11, M M and Co.
15 Tunni 724, Malabar Coast 24-11, Malabar Steamship Co., Ltd.

PRINCE'S DOCK

A Housefield 3228, Colombo 25-11, M M & Co.
C R Jalavinar 3381, Rangoon 24-11, Scindia S. N. Co.
F Islami 3617 Jeddah, 24-11, T. Morrison and Co.
K Alavi 2161 Jeddah N F. T. Morrison and Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Nagpore 26-11, M M & Co.
Ranpura 10-12, P & O S N Coy.
Rawalpindi 24-12, P & O S N Co.
Kaiser-I-Hind 17-12, P & O S N Coy.
Rajputana, 26-11, P. and O S N Co.
Narkunda 3-12 P & O S N Co.
Mirzapore 2-12, P & O S N Co.

FROM DURBAN

Tairea 28-11 M. M. and Co.
Karanja 12-12, M M and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL

Castalia, 25-11, Graham's Trdg Coy.
Hallzones 27-11 James Finlay and Co
City of Venice 30-11, Killick Nixon and Co.

FROM SYDNEY.

Maloja 5-12, P & O S N Coy.

FROM CHINA JAPAN

Ginyo Maru 1-12, N. Y. Kaisha.
Koshin Maru, 10-12, O. S. Kaisha.
Tokiwa Maru, 16-12, N. Y. Kaisha.
Naples Maru 18-12, O. S. Kaisha.
Hokushin Maru 29-11 O S Kaisha.
Borneo Maru 24-12 O S Kaisha
Buyo Maru 21-12, O S Kaisha.
Genoa Maru 26-12, N Y Kaisha

FROM JAVA PORTS.

Salawati 2-12, Volkart Bros.
Silverceder 6-12, Volkart Bros.

FROM GENOA.

Carnaro, 28-11, Lloyd Triestino.
Conte Verde 16-12, Lloyd Triestino.

FROM RANGOON.

Nowshera 26-11 M M and Co.

FROM BASRA

Varsova 28-11, M M and Co.
Bandra 3-12, M M and Co.
Barpeta 26-11 M M and Co.

FROM KARACHI

Ratenfels 26-11, Lionel Edward.

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Harrison, 26-11, F F Campbell and Co.
City of Dundee, 5-12, F. F. Campbell & Co.
Steel Worker 28-11, M M & Co.
City of Auckland 16-12, F. F Campbell and Co.

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalarajan 27-11, Scindia Steam Navg. Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Barenfels, 28-11, Lionel Edward.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON.

Viceroy of India 28-11, P & O S N Co.
Maloja 5-12, P & O S N Coy.
Carthage 12-12, P & O S N Co.
Strathnaver, 19-12 P and O S N Coy.
Ranchi, 26-12, P and O S N Coy.
Nowshera 9-12, M M and Co.

FOR SYDNEY.

Narkunda 3-12, P & O S N Co.

FOR LOS ANGELES.

Salawati 18-12, Volkart Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Castalia 7-12, Graham's Trading Coy.
City of Benares 7-12, Killick Nixon & Co.

FOR NEW YORK

Pres. Harrison, 27-11, F F Campbell and Co.
City of Dundee, 8-12, F F Campbell and Co,
City of Auckland 20-12, F F Campbell and Co.
Pres. Hayes 11-12, F F Campbell and Co.
Pres. Wilson 25-12, F F Campbell and Co.

FOR GENOA

Carnaro' 1-12 Lloyd Triescino.
Victoria, 2-12, Lloyd Triestino.

FOR CHINA & JAPAN

Conte Verde 16-12, Lloyd Triestino.
Denmark Maru, 23-11, N Y Kaisha.
Hamburg Maru 30-11 O S Kaisha.
Mantai Maru, 24-11, O S Kaisha.
Rajputana 27-11 P & O S N Co
Mayebashi Maru 3-12, N Y Kaisha.
Ginyo Maru 12-12, N Y Kaisha.

FOR BASRA.

Bankura 25-11 M M and Co.

FOR KARACHI

Braunfels 1-12, Lionel Edwards.
Rotenfels 26-11, Lionel Edwards.

FOR DURBAN.

Karanja 23-12 M M and Co.
Kenya 25-11 M M and Co.
Tairea, 9-12, M M and Co.

FOR JEDDAH

Islami 24-11 Turner Morrison and Co.

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S.S. Tanfield 23-11-36
" Vasna (boats) .... "
" Haideri ..... "
" Victoria Marie .... "
" Parvati ..... "
" Sonavati ..... "

EXPORTS.

Bombay: Nov. 24.

S S Viceroy of India, for Marseilles:—1280 bags groundnut seeds M Bhuta and Co; 364 bags kang grain and mustard seed, S M Rajgor and Co; 25 bls cotton fly, Sapt Tex Products, Ltd.

For London:—9 cases Calcutta bristles, D Abraham and Sons; 95 bdls skins, Grindlay and Co, Ltd; 60 bls skins, H A Aminoff; 50 bls skins, I F Levy; 45 bls skins, Cox & King, Ltd; 8 bls carpets, M M & Co; 6 bls carpets, Q Ketaty; 123 nags metal ingots, P Mathradas, 500 bags ghatty massoor, M Bhuta and Co; 593 bags linseed, M Bhuta and Co; 124 bags gr. kernels, S M Rajgor and Co; 1000 bgs gr. oil cakes, K Prasad and Co, Ltd; 969 bdls teak wood S D D Gilder and Co; 31 bls hides, J J Rahimtoola & Co; 230 bls skins tanned, M R Shaffi and Co; 14 bls skins tanned, A K Abdul Rasool.

S S Hamburg Maru, for Kobe:—600 bls cotton, Patel Cotton Co, Ltd; 250 bls cotton, A Podar and Co; 500 bls cotton, M Amersey and Co; 101 bls cotton, B Bharmal and Co; 500 bls cotton, K Devchand & Co; 551 bls cotton, V Bros; 500 bls cotton, Japan Cotton Tr. Co; 400 bls cotton, A Khimji and Co; 500 bls cotton, B Gangadhar and Co.

For Osaka:—800 bls cotton, V Bros; 500 bls cotton, Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

S S Castalia, for Glasgow:—3366 bags linseed, Ralli Bros; 14280 bags gr. oil cakes, Ralli Bros; 154 dls castor and gr. oil, The Swastik Oil Mill.

For Manchester:—2932 bags linseed, Ralli Bros; 39 dls castor oil, Wilson Latham and Co; 125 dls castor oil, The Swastik Oil Mills.

For Liverpool:—1980 bags massoor, Ralli Bros; 2346 bags linseed, Ralli Bros; 700 bags gr. oil cakes, H A K Oomerbhoy and Co; 53 dls gr. oil, The Swastik Oil Mills, Ltd.

S S Mantai Maru, for Osaka:—1000 bls cotton, Japan Cotton Tr. Co.

For Kobe:—1000 bls cotton, Japan Cotton Tr. Co; 400 bls cotton, R Kanji and Co.

For Antwerp:—1500 tons manganese ore, The Shivrajpur Syndicate, Ltd; 110 bls cotton yarn, A Virji and Co; 50 bls cotton T waste L O Vora; 135 bls cotton waste clean, M Chandulal and Co; 4432 bags crushed bones, Messrs. Craft Mody and Co; 55 bls cotton, Amardas and Co.

For Bremen:—101 bls cotton waste clean, M Chandulal & Co; 25 bls cotton waste clean, S M Vyas & Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay: Nov. 24.

S.S. Warfield, Agents M M & Co, from London:—25 cases fruit salt, 45 c s elect motors, 63 c s. elect goods, 55 c s chalk, 35 c s medicines, 70 c s lub grease, 85 c s lub oil 50 c s whisky, 50 bags farine, 11 sheets lead, 20 kegs potash, 225 bls newspapers, 265 c s spirit, 30 c s Blanko, 57 c s tinned goods 42 c s toilet goods, 170 c s gin, 30 loose tubes, 120 sacks whiting, 115 cases boot polish, 96 bdls motor covers, 65 c s beer, 75 c s ale, 45 c s paper, 20 c s golden syrup, 32 c s oil var-42 d s elect cable, 788 pkgs powder, 25 drums aniline dyes, 14 c s Ovaltine, 20 c s Crown corks, 30 cks lithopone, 19 c s confectionery, 105 bdls G copper sheets, 33 bdls Lime juice, 60 c s cyder, 32 bdls tyres and tubes, 10 c s soap, 558 nongs loose covers, 22 c s cardials, 47 c s cycle and parts, 200 kegs borax, 80 c s storage cell, 36 c s machinery, 142 loose tyres, 83 c s wine, 47 pkgs auto parts, 30 dls disft. fluid, 192 pkgs dry distemper, 50 c s fruit syrup, 66 bls old newspapers, 5945 P sacks cement, 42 d s elect cable, 788 pkgs white paint, 40 drums white zinc, 187 c s provision, 114 c s oil stores.

DECREE AGAINST SECRETARY OF STATE

Pleader's Claim On Forged Government Loan

Mr. Justice Engineer at the High Court passed a decree for Rs. 3,444-15-0 in favour of Parshottam Balwant Gole, a pleader of Akola, and his wife in their suit against the Secretary of State for India in Council.

The claim was in respect of loss arising from forged endorsements on their Government securities.

In 1932, the first plaintiff instructed one Kelkar to purchase for him Government Promissory notes of the value of Rs. 5,000. Kelkar entrusted the work to one Acharya who gave him three Government loans of Rs. 1000 each promising to give two more loans of the same amount later on.

FORGED ENDORSEMENTS

It transpired that Acharya took back the three notes from Kelkar, representing that they were required to be produced in a court in Travancore

Subsequently, Acharya forged the first plaintiff's signature on the three notes and finally endorsed them in favour of the Bank of India. The Bank exchanged these notes for new ones at the Public Debt Office.

The plaintiffs, as the owner of the three notes, claimed to recover the same or the equivalent of their value.

The defendant contended that the loss had arisen from the plaintiffs' own negligence and, therefore, they were not entitled to be indemnified.

JUDGMENT

In the course of his judgment, His Lordship observed that in order to establish defence, the defendant must prove that the negligence of the plaintiffs was in course of the transaction and was the proximate and immediate cause of the loss sustained by the plaintiffs. In this case, there was no contractual liability as existed between a banker and his client. Further, the negligence which the defendant must prove against the plaintiffs was also of a different kind.

His Lordship held that in this case the fraud was not the result of any negligence on the part of the plaintiff. On the contrary, it was due to the false endorsement on the loans. The plaintiffs were, therefore, entitled to succeed in their claim.

Operators In Cotton Hesitant Pending Political Developments

Pre-Notice Long Liquidation

Indian Selling In Liverpool

BOMBAY, Nov. 24.

There was considerable Indian selling in Liverpool cotton market on Monday.

Operators in New York were hesitant pending European Political developments.

There was some long liquidation in December position before tenders.

The market needs support although textile sales continue large.

On Monday trading on the Chicago market was quiet with operators hesitant pending foreign developments while the New York cotton market where buyers were occasionally very nervous due to European political situation was subjected to enough hedge selling to give the market a heavy tone in the absence of general buying.

The market opened steady in moderately active trading but operations were largely confined to December liquidation and exchanging to distant months.

It is generally expected that notices to-day will be from 20,000 to 25,000 bales as the certified stock is 37,300 bales.

Prices declined on the weakness of the stocks but domestic spot situation and textiles were firm. There was general selling and the tone of the market was quiet. In the absence of any important buying prices are keeping easy and despite large sales of cloth, the market needs constant support.

World cotton crop which was formerly expected to be 300,51,000 bales now looks like 29,751,000 bales owing to unfavourable weather experienced recently.

The New York cotton futures market opened at about the highest level of the day at a decline of 2 points with March 11.69 and a further decline of 10 points was reached with March 11.59 which was the lowest level for the day. In the afternoon the market was quiet and after fluctuating within a narrow range closed at a net decline of 15 to 10 points. Spot cotton prices declined 12 points at 12.10c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 14 to 16 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 15 points at 12.05c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET.

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened very steady at a rise of 7 points with March 6.56. Bull's U. S. Textile reports bolstered sentiment. There was foreign buying which met heavy Bombay selling.

Later prices reacted on hedge selling against American and outside growths. The market closed at a rise of one to five points. Middling American spot cotton prices advanced 3 points at 6.76d.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures were steady and closed at a rise of 4 points. At the close January, March and May options were quoted 5.50.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was also quiet but steady and sakels futures closed at a decline of one to two points. Uppers were unchanged.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

The Alexandria cotton futures market was irregular with a scattered business. Sakels futures declined 7 to 12 points but Ashmouni futures gained 4 to 9 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York March highest (10 a.m.) ..... 11.71.
New York March lowest (12-34 p.m.) ..... 11.59—12
Liverpool March highest ..... 6.56+07
Liverpool March lowest ..... 6.51+02

Messrs. Deykaran Nanjee have received to-day the following cable advices from their foreign friends:

New York: "Market affected unfavourably by political situation in Europe, December liquidation before the first notice day of November 24th and hedge selling. Think market will go higher after liquidation is over."

New York: "Certificated stocks of 37,300 bales December liquidation absorbed by trade interests. Poorer political outlook causing unsettlement. General trade conditions are favourable."

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:

Liverpool: Market steady on strength of America. Declined on Indian selling, heavy hedge selling and local liquidation of near deliveries. Bullish for long shot.

Liverpool: Market declined since the opening owing to hedge selling against the East Indian cotton crop. Market feels the want of outside support. The sales consist largely of growths not American.

Liverpool: Market still lacks decided trend. Increase in Southern hedging met steady trade offtake. Outside speculation still inclined to look on.

New York: Pre-notice liquidation of December and hedging distants.

Messrs. Patel Brothers have received the following cable from New York Cotton Exchange Service:—

Due reduction Indian prospect, world crop estimate tentatively lowered 30051000 to 29751000. America: Situation phenominally favourable; sales exceeding production. England: Quieter; buyers resisting higher prices. Continent: Little changed; politics disturbing. Japan: Sales above production.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 23

December	11.65—12
January	11.60—15
March	11.60—11
May	11.55—14
July	11.51—10
October	11.20—10
Middling Spot	12.10—12

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Nov 23

December	11.64—14
January	11.55—56
March	11.55—14
Middling Spot	12.05—15

NEW YOK

New York, Nov 23

11-00 A.M. RANGES—

December	11.76 to 11.76
January	11.68 to 11.68
March	11.68 to 11.68

NOON CALL—

December	11.73
March	11.67

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, Nov 23

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	49,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	nil
Day's exports to the Continent	10,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 23

November	6.57+02
December	6.53+01
January	6.52+02
February	6.52+02
March	6.52+03
April	6.50+02
May	6.50+03
June	6.48+03
July	6.47+04
August	6.38+05
September	6.28+05
October	6.23+05
November	6.19+05
Middling Spot	6.76+03

10-12 a.m. quotations

January	6.56
March	6.55

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 23

F G F SAKELLARIDIS—	
November	11.65
January	10.51
March	10.34
May	10.24
July	10 14
September	10.14
F G F Spot	11.40

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 23

BROACH—	
Fully Good (good staple)	5.48
Fine (Good staple)	5.63
Superfine (good staple)	5.78
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.52
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.67
Choice (No. 1 staple)	5.82
BENGAL—	
Good	4.31
Fully Good	4.41
Fine	4.53

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 23

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£75
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£87 3/4
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£99 3/4
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£115
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£84 7/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£107 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£106 3/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£117 3/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£115 5/8
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£15 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	£107 1/2
National Bank of India	£47 3/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 24

Following a decline of 11 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 217/4 for Broach A/M delivery and improved to Rs. 217/8 on scattered buying but later on there was some selling which depressed prices to Rs. 217/4. The undertone of the market was quiet and business was restricted.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of 4 points and it opened 4 points lower. The local market was quiet and closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Broach A/M.	217	4	0
Oomra D/J.	197	8	0
Oomra March	197	0	0
Bengal D/J.	161	4	0
Bengal March	161	8	0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, Nov. 24.

	Extra Spr-fine	Sup Fine	FG.	Good
M. G.—				
Bengal U. P.	173	170	167	164
Punjab	173	170	167	164
Oomra No. 3	210	207	204	202
C. P. No. 1	224	221	218	216
C. P. No. 2	214	211	208	206

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 24.

Bengal Superfine	174/176
Bengal Fine	179/181
C.P. 1 Fine	214/217
C.P. 2 Fine	202/207
Arvi Fine	202/207
Ellichpur Fine	202/207
Berar Fine	196/202
Khamgaon Fine	198/204
Mulkapur Fine	197/202
Khandesh Fine	192/197
Jalna/Sailu Fine	192/195
Burwah Sanavad Fine 1935-36 crop.	197/203
Broach	212/217
Dhollera	202/207
Punjab/American	202/207
Sind, N. T.	222/227
Punjab 289F.	237/242
Cambodia	252/257
Compta	205/212
Westerns	202/207
Miraj	202/207
Jagadia Ankleshwar	237/239
Surat	247/249
Navsari	255/257

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, Nov. 24.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.	2 days	Since 1st Sept. This year
Khandesh	155	4,315
Central India	355	8,905
Barsi and Nagar	326	10,921
Hyderabad-Gaorani	226	1,579
Berar	1,929	37,423
Central Provinces	160	5,087
Total Oomras	3,131	68,230
Dholera	...	2,011
N.-W. Provinces	50	1,654
Rajputana	85	2,081
Sind-Punjab	2,131	40,695
Broach	...	2,188
Coompta and Dharwar	256	6,025
Westerns-Northerns	208	4,322
Cocoanada	...	16
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	967
Persian	...	2
American	...	1,302
Egyptian and African	615	47,209
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	1
Total	6,476	176,712

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales.	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,096	54,082
Japan and China	8,088	110,822
Coast Ports	...	4,201
Up-country by Rail	...	40,877
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	21,523
Total	9,184	231,505

American Cotton Figues

F.P. Bales.	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 23-11-36	4240000	4430000
Receipts Yesterday 23-11-36	49000	56000
Exports to date 23-11-36	2183000	2233000
Stock at Ports 20-11-36	2880000	3023000
Stock at Interior Towns 20-11-36	2373000	321000
Stock at Liverpool 20-11-36	823000	530000
Visible Supply 20-11-36	6665000	6770000
Quantity in sight 20-11-36	7853000	7543000
Quantity out of sight 20-11-36	4440000	3879000

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, Nov 24

Java ready	13 3 0
Nov Dec shipment	3 11 6
Jan Mar shipment	3 10 [illegible]
July Sept shipment	3 12 6
Kesar ready	12 10 6
Saraya ready	12 10 0
Spot Java	F. 4.40

Osaka Sampin

Osaka, Nov 24

November	245.00+250
January	238.00—70
February	231.00—120
March	225.30—140
May	217.70—10

LONDON RUBBER

London, Nov 23

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb	
Sellers	8 3/4

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, Nov 24

Yesterday London Gold prices were unchanged at £7-2-2. London Paris Exchange was 2 points down at 105.13. Dollar sterling cross rate was 4.90 1/16. London silver market was quiet and prices declined 1/16d. 21 1/8. There was small Indian selling and the market was dull. New York silver prices were raised 1/4 cents to 45 3/8 cents and Montreal futures were 65 points down. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 17/32.

In the local market there was increased selling which depressed prices of both gold and silver.

	Rs.	a.	p.
GOLD—			
Ready	55	1	6
Kartak	35	1	6
Magsar	35	1	3
SILVER			
Ready	51	11	0
Kartak	51	11	0
Magsar	51	13	0

Montreal Silver

Montreal, Nov 23

November	46.20—65
December	46.30—65
March	46.50—65

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 23

Spot	21 1/8
Forward	21 1/8

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 23

Gold Bars Fine per oz.	£7-2-2

N. Y. Silver

New York, Nov 23

Spot silver prices were raised 1/4 cent to 45 3/8 cents.

HALF HOLIDAYS IN COTTON

The local cotton market will close at 3 p.m. on Wednesday the 25th instant and Saturday the 28th instant being Hindu Half Holidays.

High & Low Cotton Prices

Bombay, Nov 23

Broach A/M 1937 opening 219; highest 219; lowest 218 1/4; closing 218 1/4

Oomra D/J opening 200 1/2; highest 200 1/2; lowest 199; closing 199

Oomra March opening 200 1/4; highest 200 1/4; lowest 198; closing 198

Bengal D/J opening 164; highest 164; lowest 162; closing 162

Bengal March opening 164; highest 164; lowest 162; closing 162

Tejimandi for Broach A/M settlement (21-12-36) Rs. 5 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/May (31-3-37) Rs. 15

Cotton Arrivals

STATISTICS

	Bales.
Receipts into Bombay on 21st November	6,429
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936	170,236
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	231,576
Decrease	61,340

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: January 163 May 164 at Cross Rate 4.90 1/16

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 217 Liverpool May 6.46 Rs. 64 1/4 at Exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 217 New York May 11.55 Rs. 45 at Cross Rate 4.90 1/16

LONDON PRODUCE

London, Nov 23

Wheat Rosario Santa Fe Jan Feb sellers	35
Wheat Barletta Russo Jan Feb sellers	35
Wheat South Australian December sellers	40

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, Nov 23

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	8 1/2

LONDON SEEDS

London, Nov 23

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. Nov sellers	£11-6-5
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. Nov. Dec sellers	£13-12-6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. Nov Dec sellers	£13-15-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. Nov Dec sellers	£12-17-6
Castorseed Bombay Hull Cont Nov Dec sellers	£13-16-3

LINSEED OIL

London, Nov 23

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Dec sellers	25
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Jan April sellers	25

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Nov 23

Bank Bills 3 months market rate 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

Bank Bills 6 months market rate 5/8 per cent to 3/4 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent

Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate 2 1/2 per cent to 3 per cent

Interest day to day loan 1/2 per cent to 1/2 per cent

Interest 7 days' market loan 1/2 per cent

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 23

T T London on:	
New York closing rate	4.89 13/16
Paris	105.13
Berlin	12.18 1/2
Madrid	nominal 56.50
Amsterdam	9.03 3/4
Brussels	28.95 1/2
Milan	93.06
Berlin	12.16 1/2
Prague	138.25

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov 24

2 3/4 per cent 1958/52	101/5
3 per cent 1951/54	104/0
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	105/2
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	100/7
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	107/14
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	112/1
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	115/14
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan	120/10
3 per cent U P Bonds	100/2
5 per cent 1939/44	109/1
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan	111 15
3 1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	107/10
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	121/9
4 per cent 1958/63 Loan	113/12
4 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	107/10
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	128
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P T 1974	112/12
4 per cent M Deb 1974	112/2
5 per cent M Deb 1950	120/8
6 per cent M Deb 1954	132/12
6 per cent K P T 1936	132/12

Note: 3 1/2 per cent Government paper fluctuated within a narrow range.

Indian Sterling Loans

London, Nov 23

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	87 3/4
3 1/2 per cent	99 3/4
3 1/2 per cent 1954/59	106
4 per cent 1948/53	109 3/4
4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	115
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68	118
5 per cent 1942/47	113 1/2
3 per cent 1949/52	101 3/4
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	84 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion	107 1/2
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	106 3/8

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, Nov 24

B C RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/32
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D—	
	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 5/32
Banks buying 3 mos	1/6 3/16
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	373 3/8
Banks selling T T	371 3/8
Banks buying T T	369 1/8
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	787
Banks buying T T	802
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T	77 5/8
Banks buying T T	77 5/8
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	69
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 5/8
HONGKONG—	
Banks selling D D.	83 1/2
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81 1/4
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	136 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	90 3/4
RUSSIA—	
New York London	
23rd instant	4.90 1/8
London London	
24th instant	1/2 1/32
Java London	
24th instant	8.99 1/2
Hongkong London	
24th instant	1/3
Shanghai London	
24th instant	1/2 17/32
London Paris	
23rd instant	105.13
London Belgium	
23rd instant	28.95 1/2
London Switzerland	
23rd instant	21.31
London Berlin	
23rd instant	12.16 1/2
London Stockholm	
23rd instant	19.39 1/2
London New York	
23rd instant	4.89 13/16
London Amsterdam	
23rd instant	9.03 3/4
London Italy	
23rd instant	93.06
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Steady.	
Gold 21st instant	£7-2-2
Gold 23rd instant	£7-2-2
Silver London Ready	
21st instant	21 3/16
23rd instant	21 1/8
Silver London Forward	
21st instant	21 3/16
23rd instant	21 1/8
Silver New York Ready.	
21st instant	45
23rd instant	45
London Discount 3 Mos	
21st instant	5/8 p.c.
23rd instant	5/8 p.c.
London Discount 6 Mos	
21st instant	3/4 p.c.
23rd instant	3/4 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	2 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—	
Call	1/2 p.c.
3 Mos.	3/4 p.c.
6 Mos.	1 p.c.

Tone:—Easy.

Produce Receipts

Bombay, Nov. 24.

	Cwts.
Wheat	3,037
Gingellysood	354
Poppyseed	28
Groundnuts	3,011
Castorseed	967
Rice	5,562
Myrabollams	378
Cottonseed	12,493
Gram	1,876
Joowar	59
Barley	1,063
Bajree	5,267
Indian Sugar	6,344
	Tons.
Coal	751

Bombay Metals

Bombay, Nov 24

London market quotations—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£44 12 6
Standard copper 3 months	£44 17 6
Electroiytic copper	£49 5 0
New York—	
Blue Eagle	10 cents.
Non-Blue Eagle	10.75 cents.
Bombay market quotations—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 35 4 0
Copper sheets	Rs. 45 4 0

Tone: Very steady.

Considerable Unloading In Shares

Sharp Break In Prices

Bulls Withdraw Support

BOMBAY, November 24.

As anticipated the local market ruled easy to-day with heavy unloading and prices registered sharp declines.

There was a marked absence of any important buying and professional bulls withdrew their support. There was general selling and all sections suffered sharp drops.

The market was overbought and urgent short interest being covered up, the technical position of the market was rendered weak and needed readjustment.

Thus now the market is under a process of readjustment and weak bulls are unloading. The confidence is impaired but in view of cheapness of money and favourable state of our industries, we do not look for any material decline, although the present downward reaction may continue further in the near future.

TEXTILE MILLS.

Bombay, Nov. 24.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	280	10
250 B'bay Dyeing	750	0
100 Century	146	4
100 Central India (Rs. 4)	238	12
100 Colaba (nil)	133	12
100 Coorla (nil)	95	0
250 David	90	0
250 Dawn	300	0
1 5 D Sassoon (nil)	9	8
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	111	14
100 Gokak (Rs. 2-8)	207	8
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1606	0
100 Indore (nil)	46	14
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	73	8
100 Kohinoor (Rs. 8)	237	8
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	586	4
250 Madras United	11	0
1000 Morarji (nil)	850	0
250 Model	45	0
50 Mysore (Rs. 3)	90	0
200 New Great (nil)	160	10
100 Oosmanshahi (nil)	52	0
100 Phoenix (Rs. 10)	265	0
25 Sassoon Silk (Rs. 2)	48	0
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	1350	0
50 Simplex (Rs. 1-2)	74	6
100 Swadeshi (Rs. 4)	167	8
100 Swan (nil)	92	8
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1230	0
1000 Western	737	8
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs 2-8)	116	8
25-50 Central (Rs. 12)	35	10
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1,570	0
125-500 I. Comty (Rs. 7-8)	390	0
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	134	4
100 Reserve Bank (Rs. 3-3-4)	140	4
5 Union (As. 4)	5	9
CEMENTS.		
10 Bundi (Re. 1-6)	38	8
100 Coimbatore	184	6
70 Gwalior (Rs. 5)	137	8
160 Indian (Rs. 10 plus 3)	508	12
40 Katni Def. (Rs. 63-3-9)	2,287	8
100 Katni Ord. (Rs. 10)	376	4
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	293	12
10 Punjab (Rs. 12)	28	14
100 Shahabad (Rs. 13-8)	497	8
70 United (Rs. 2-8)	156	4
INSURANCE		
80 Empire	876	4
15-100 Jupiter (Rs. 12)	17	4
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	46	8
20 Mercantile	48	12
200 Oriental (125)	5470	0
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	6
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Old (6)	168	12
1000 Andhra Valley (45)	1702	8
10 Ajmer (As 4)	14	6
50 B'bay Tram (3-8-0)	155	10
100 Bombay Suburban	215	0
10 Broach	13	8
100 Karachi (4)	265	0
100 Poona (4)	265	0
100 Surat (Rs. 8)	208	2
100 Tata Hydro (Rs. 5)	190	0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Nov 24

Century (136/4) 151 146
Bombay Dyeing (773/12) 767 760 765 752 757 750
Kohinoor (246/4) 243 238 237
Central India (253/2) 250 240 238/12
New Great (160/4) 163 160
Simplex (61/4) 73 74 75 74/6
Swadeshi (197/8) 192 188 187/8
Bundi (30/6) 39/2 38/12 38/6
I Cement (550) 515 508 511 507 500
Punjab (29/?) 29 28/14
Shahabad (500) 498 496 497
Andhra (1727/8) 1725 1715 1717 1712 1702
Tata Hydro (198/7) 193 192/6 192/8 190
Tata Power (1671/4) 1680 1645 1660 1650
1635 1633 1627
Tram Ord (155/15) 155/15 155/10
T Steel Defd (858/12) 865 861 857 850
837 838 830 821 823 820
T Steel Ord (218/4) 215 2 215 216 213
215 214 211/8
Tata Steel 2nd pref (184/4) 179/8 179
Beilapur (213/2) 213 210 209
B Steam (293 12) 290 279
B Burma (854/6) 858 843 835 832/8

1000 Tata Power (Rs. 40) 1627 8

RAILWAYS.

500 Ahmedabad Prantij 915 0
100 C. Province 90 8
100 Dhond Baramati 105 8
100 Gujarat 94 0
100 Mandra Bhon 102 0
100 Pachora Jamner 90 0
100 Sara Sirajgunje 102 4
500 Tapty Valley (17-8) 777 8

MININGS.

10 Shivrajpur (As. 8) 43 4
30 Tata Steel Def. (7-3-3) 820 0
75 Tata Steel Ord. 211 4
211 8

MISCELLANEOUS

100 Alcock (Rs. 5) 255 0
50 Belsaur Sugar (Rs. 10 plus 2) 208 2
250 Bombay Steam (Rs. 15) 270 6
125 B'bay Burma (10) 532 8
[illegible] dom [illegible] ma Contributory (4) 183 2
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil) 5-13-6
50 B. Telephone (128) 1-8d. 115 4
100 I. Bleaching (Rs. 4) 137 8
100 I. Radio defd (12) 2nd 0
100 I Radio ord (15) 522 8
1600 Port Canning (Rs. 25) 630 8
15 Scindia (Re. 1) 19 10
30 Premier Const. (Re. 1-1) 88 0
25 Tata Oil (nil) 15 6

PREFERENCE.

7 p.c. Andhra Valley 1575 0
6 p.c. Bombay Steam 315 0
7 p.c. Bombay Trams 88 0
5 p.c. Central India 532 8
7 p.c. Katni 1st 136 4
7 p.c. Katni 2nd 140 4
7-1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement 13 2
7 p.c. Tata Hydro 162 8
7½ p.c. Tata Power 1615 0
6 p.c. Tata Steel 1st 201 14
7½ p.c. Tata Steel 2nd 179 0
5½ p.c. Tata Mill 9 8
7 p.c. Vishnu 577 8
(Last Dividend in Brackets)

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Nov 23

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Com	11
Amer Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	67
Amer Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	47
Electric Bond Common	20
Electric Bond 5 dol Pfd	68
United Corporation	7
American Tel and Tel	153
Western Union Telg	88 1/2
Chesapeake and Ohio Rly	7
Erie Rly	15
Great North Pfd Rly	36
New York Central Rly	41 3/4
Northern Pacific Rly	25
Pennsylvania Rly	40
Southern Pacific Rly	40
Union Pacific Rly	131
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	19
Amr Cyn B	35
Gen Amr Transportation	67
Bethelehem Steel	69
United States Steel	72
Youngtown Sheet	50
Anaconda Copper Mining	49 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	62 1/4
Chrysler	124
Ford Motors of Canada A	23
General Motors XD	60
General Electric	50 1/4
American Radiator	43
Socony	15 3/4
Amr Tobacco B	109
Amr Celanese	27
Chase Bank	41 1/2
National City Bank	36
Amr Car Foundry	47
North Amr Com	39
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	85
Mathieson Alkali	40

Linseed & Wheat

Bombay, Nov 24

The local market was quiet to-day with increased selling. Foreign advices were discouraging and stocks of wheat are increasing at Karachi. Argentine crop advices were favourable.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed May	7	3	9
Wheat January	5	4	3
Wheat May	5	3	9

New York Sugar

New York, Nov. 23.

December	2 83—6.
January	2 81—5.
May	2 83—6.
July	2 86—8.

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, Nov. 23.

December	98 7 8d.
March	99d.
May	98 1, 2d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, Nov. 23.

December	dol. 1.16 7/8
May	dol. 1.15 1/8
July	dol. 1.04 3/8

St. Regis P.	7
Brazilian Traction	17

Reactionary on war news and profit-taking and also on weakness in stock exchange abroad. Purchases look advisable on further decline. North Amr Com has declared a dividend of 25 cents; extra dividend of same amount 3rd December.

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REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1936

JUPITER GENERAL
has claim settling agents throughout the world.
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Bombay Delegates For Faizpur

President Waives Constitutional Obstacles To Elections

The President of the Congress has permitted the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, as it is composed to-day, to exercise its vote in the Election of the Congress President for the Faizpur Session.

According to the Constitution, the B.P.C.C. loses its right of voting for the Presidential Election as delegates to the Faizpur Session have not been elected. This election ought to have taken place sometime in the middle of this month, but owing to the Communal situation it had to be postponed.

At the last meeting of the B.P.C.C. it was decided that the Congress President should be requested to allow the delegates to the Lucknow Session of the Congress, who form the present B. P. C. C. to vote in the election of the President, which is to be held on December 6.

The B.P.C.C. also made a request that, if necessity arose, the present delegates should be allowed to attend the Faizpur Session also as delegates. It appears that, the President has instructed the B.P.C.C. to carry out the election of delegates before the Faizpur Session, so also the election of the A.I.C.C. Members.

Election In 4 Or 5 Days

According to the Provincial Congress Committee Constitution there should be a difference of eight days between the election of the delegates and the first meeting of the newly constituted B.P.C.C. There should be a difference of a fortnight between the election of the delegates and the election of the A.I.C.C.

As there have been disturbances in the city, it would appear that the President in virtue of the powers vested in him, has waived the constitutional bindings and the election of the delegates and A.I.C.C. members might be held within four or five days.

The suggestion made at the last B.P.C.C. was that, in case the riot situation in the city did not improve, the same delegates and A.I.C.C. members that were elected sometime ago should be permitted to attend the Faizpur Session.

Socialists Objection

The Socialist members were not in favour of that suggestion. They held that though they were not against the present delegates attending the Faizpur Session they were against the present A.I.C.C. members doing so.

The reasons were that, if fresh A.I.C.C. elections are held, they are sure of one of the four seats of which they are deprived now. That had to be so because, according to the Bombay amendment to the Constitution only two delegates could be sent from Bombay. After the amendment of the constitution at Lucknow, Bombay was permitted to send four.

As there were already two A. I. C. C. members, two others were elected later. If the election of all the four had been held at the same time, the Socialists were sure of one seat, as they are even now, if the election is held afresh.

In all probability, the Congress President will ask the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee to elect the four A. I. C. C. members afresh, if they cannot hold their general election, before the Faizpur Session.

DELEGATES TO FAIZPUR

Quota From Each Province

The following are the latest figures of delegates to the Faizpur Congress from each one of the twenty-one Provinces.

The delegates and members represent more than six lakhs of Congress members all over the country.

Province.	Delegates	A.I.C.C. members.
Ajmer	20	4
Assam	30	4
Bengal	359	45
Burma	20	4
Gujarat	97	12
Kerala	28	4
Mahakoshal	122	15
N. W. F.	34	4
Sindh	20	4
United Provs.	263	33
Vidharbha (Berar)	31	4
Andhra	210	26
Bihar	275	34
Bombay	25	4
Delhi	36	5
Karnatak	124	16
Maharashtra	255	19
Nagpur	21	4
Punjab	106	13
Tamil Nadu	223	28
Utkal (Orissa)	23	4

Total Delegates 2,222; A. I. C. C. Members 286.

"DAWN OF NEW DAY IN INDIA"

Methodist Christians' Greetings To Viceroy

(From Our Correspondent).

NEW DELHI, Nov. 23.

The following telegrams have exchanged between the Secretary of the Conference of the Methodist Christians of North-west India, Aligarh, and the Viceroy:—

From the Secretary: "Representatives of over 100,000 Methodist Christians assembled at Aligarh at the 45th session of the North-west India Conference wish to offer to Your Excellency respectful loyalty and devotion. We pray at the dawn of the new day of India divine wisdom, courage and grace may be granted to Your Excellency, that during Your Excellency's term of office, this great country may enjoy the blessings of peace, prosperity and goodwill."

From the Viceroy: "I am sincerely grateful to the North-west India Conference for its kind and good wishes, which I greatly appreciate."

Congress Elections In Tamil Nad

MADRAS: Nov. 23.

The delegates elected from the Tamil Nad for the Faizpur Congress will meet at Vellore on 6th December finally to make their nomination to the pro-presidentship and also elect 28 members to the A.I.C.C.—A. P.

The Spanish Government who have flown to Valencia from Madrid, with Premier Largo Caballero (in centre.)

POLICE GAG CONGRESSMAN

Arrest Speaker For Refusing To Obey "Absurd" Order

KARAIKUDI, Nov. 23.

Mr. S. Lakshmirathan Bharathi of Devakottai a leading Advocate was arrested by the local Police Inspector yesterday while addressing a meeting in support of the Congress candidate from this area.

Mr. S V. Naidu, President of the meeting, while referring to the merits of both the candidates, Messrs. Periyanan Chettiar and Kandaswami Pillai, mentioned their names in the meeting when a police head constable informed the speaker not to make personal references in a public meeting. Mr. Bharathi said that no election was possible without mentioning the names of respective candidates for a particular circle.

Afterwards, the Circle Inspector of Police Mr. Sankaranarayana Pillai, came to the meeting and the speaker pointed out the absurdity of the head constable's statement that no names should be mentioned.

The Inspector had no objection for mentioning names but said that no personal abuse should be made.

Order To Stop Speaking

Subsequently, Mr. Bharathi made a reference to Raja Sir Annamalai Chettiar, when the Inspector ordered the speaker to stop. The speaker refused, saying that he could not stop him before knowing what his reference was and the reason for such a reference and added that no abuse was intended against any individual.

When the speaker continued, the Inspector arrested Mr. Bharathi. No case was registered for any particular offence and Mr. Bharathi is unwilling to come out on bail unless the offence and the Section are made known to him. In consultation with some friends, he has decided to fight out the matter in the best interests of the public.

Dr. Subramaniam and Mr. Sankaran Pillai hurried to the Inspector and enquired what the offence was for which Mr. Bharathi was arrested. The Inspector is reported to have said that the arrest was to prevent a breach of the peace.

Support Congress Only

Mr. Bharathi before proceeding to the police station advised the gathering to remain very calm and show themselves to be disciplined Congressmen. Messrs. Kantaswami Pillai, M. Natarajan Abdul Sattar and D. S. Rajagopalan and Thanga Meeran Sahib addressed the gathering exposing defects of the opposite party's candidate and appealed to them to show their feelings roused by the incident in concrete action by supporting only the Congress candidate from that area.

The incident has created much stir among the voters in the Chittinad.

BENGAL'S NEW POLITICAL PARTY

Out To Defend Hindu Interests

CALCUTTA, Nov. 24.

A new grouping of political interests has materialized in Bengal in the shape of a Hindu Nationalist Party reports the "Statesman".

The party proposes to run candidates in the coming elections on the issue of safeguarding Hindu interests without in any way encroaching upon the legitimate rights of Bengal Mohammedans. Candidates will be set up in every constituency in opposition to men, whether Congress nominees or otherwise, who in the Party's opinion cannot be expected to uphold Bengali Hindu interests.

An election board has been formed with Mr. B C. Chatterji M. L. C., as president and Babu J. N. Basu M. L. C., Liberal leader as treasurer.—A.P

JAWAHAR PAYS UP ARREARS

Pandit Motilal Nehru's Rs. 20,000 Income-Tax Dues Settled At Last

(From Our Correspondent).

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 24.

It is understood Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, has at last paid the arrears of Income-tax of his father, amounting to about Rs. 20,000. It is stated the payment was made recently.

Inconsistent With India's Fight

It will be recalled that Pandit Motilal Nehru had persistently refused to pay these arrears as he considered such payment inconsistent with national struggle. His son also refused to pay these arrears for a long time, which led to attachment of some of his shares in the railway companies, though the interest from these shares was not much.

On his recent return from England, the Income-tax authorities appear to have again opened the question and Pandit Jawaharlal is said to have expressed his willingness to pay the arrears. The attachment of shares, was, thereupon, withdrawn.

CONGRESS ELECTIONS IN SIND

Five Socialists On Karachi District Committee

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Nov. 22.

The Ward Congress Committees held their annual elections this evening and elected 47 members to the Karachi District Congress Committee five being Socialists. The newly formed Committee meets on Dec. 5 for electing office-bearers. On receipt of the A.I.C.C. circular that the names of Faizpur Congress delegates should reach the A.I.C.C. office by Dec. 1, the Sind Provincial Congress Committee has submitted the names of 16 delegates, so far elected. These include Mr. Jairamdass Doulatram and Dr. Chotiram Gidwani.

For one woman seat non-Muslim Constituency the Sind Parliamentary Board has nominated Miss Jethisia Himalani.

U. P. Congress Council Meeting

BAREILLY, Nov. 22.

The office of the Council of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee met yesterday and deliberated for a long time.

It is understood the Council discussed at length the Agrarian Committee's report and the report of the Sub-Committee formed to enquire into the District Board affairs of Lucknow.—United Press.

Travancore Ruler Formulates 21 Rules For Temple-Entry

TRIVANDRUM, November 24.

The rules under the Travancore Temple-Entry Proclamation have been issued to-day over the Maharaja's signature.

His Highness in his Proclamation "has declared, ordained and commanded that subject to such rules and conditions as may be laid down and imposed by us for preserving their proper atmosphere and maintaining their rituals and observances, there should henceforth be no restrictions placed on any Hindu by birth or religion on entering or worshipping at temples controlled by us and our Government".

The rules, now published, seek to carry out these objects of the Proclamation.

The rules number 21. They provide for the maintenance of customs and usages relating to worship and ceremonies obtaining in temples consistent with the great reform introduced by the Temple entry Proclamation. They lay down "inter alia" that none shall do any act which tends to derogate from the purity and cleanliness of temples and their premises. It shall not be lawful to use temple buildings and premises for purposes not connected with or arising from worship, usages and observances in such temples.

One important rule lays down that "restrictions to the entry and worship which according to usage and customs apply to all communities alike, shall continue to apply".

Executive Powers

Powers are vested in the chief executive officer of the temple to give consistently with the objects of the proclamation, such directions as are necessary from time to time for regulating the time of entry and worship or limiting the number of those who may enter for worship at a time or maintaining such special customs and usages as are applicable to certain individuals and communities who have a specific purpose.

The rules specify the classes of persons who shall not enter the compound, walls or premises of the temple. These include all persons who are not Hindus, persons, under pollution arising from birth or death in their families, drunken or disorderly persons, women at certain times, professional beggars, etc.,

Dress And Behaviour

The rules go on to lay down in general terms the dress and behaviour of persons entering temples, the objects they are prohibited from taking into temples, parts of temples they are prohibited from entering etc. They also lay down provisions in the case of transgression of the rules.

In the case of doubt or dispute regarding the interpretation of these rules or emergencies and unforeseen difficulties the Dewan's decision will be final.—A.P.

Karachi Harijans Thank Travancore Ruler

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, Nov. 22.

A number of caste Hindus attended the annual gathering of Harijan schools when an interesting programme was gone through.

The president, Mr. Shivrattan Mohata, addressing said that the Harijan Sangh, had 23 schools with nearly 1,000 students and it also loaned over Rupees one lakh through banks to various districts in Sind and spent nearly Rs. 40,000 for the welfare problems.

The gathering passed a resolution expressing a deep sense of gratitude to the Maharajah of Travancore for opening temples to Harijans and hoped that the example would be followed by the Princes of other States.

HARIJAN CRUSHED WHILE DIGGING

AHMEDABAD, Nov. 24.

One Harijan labourer died and two other labourers including a woman were seriously injured as a result of a huge cake of earth falling upon them.

While the coolies were digging deep to make trenches for water drains, a huge cake of earth fell down. When they were extricated, one was found dead. The two injured were sent to hospital, where the condition of the woman is reported to be grave.—United Press.

STONES THROWN AT WORKERS

Incident At Pondicherry Meeting Causes Injury To Several

PONDICHERRY: Nov. 23.

At the close of a largely attended meeting of workers addressed by Mr. V. V. Giri, stones were thrown at those who had gathered there causing injuries to some workmen, one of whom was seriously hurt and was removed to hospital.

Mr. V. V. Giri and other leaders were invited by the French Governor to the Government House.

Later the Governor and M. Justin Godart met the workers and advised them to be quiet. Mr. Giri also met M. Godart at noon.—A.P.

EX-JUDGE'S SOCIALIST SON ARRESTED

ALLAHABAD, November 24.

Sajjad Zahir, Bar.-at-law, Secretary of the local branch of the Socialist Party, son of Sir Wasir Hasan, ex-Chief Judge, Oudh Chief Court was arrested to-day under section 124 in connection with a speech delivered by him on November 7.

RELEASED ON BAIL.

Mr. Sajjad Zahir who was arrested this morning under section 124A I.P.C. was released at about 4-30 p.m. on bail granted by the Sessions Judge of Allahabad. His case will be taken up in jail by the City Magistrate to-morrow.—A. P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade— *The Clever One*

PETER!
CLIFTON!— SPEAK UP, MAN!— WHAT HAPPENED?
10-24
I SHOT HIM — I DON'T REMEMBER IT, BUT I MUST HAVE SHOT HIM!
OH!
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IT'S HALE, ALL RIGHT!
I REMEMBER WE WERE FIGHTING — THE NEXT THING I KNEW EVERYTHING WENT BLANK — WHEN I CAME TO, HE WAS DEAD — I KILLED HIM AND I CAN'T REMEMBER!
CLIFTON, THERE'S SOMETHING FISHY ABOUT THIS!— KILLING IS ONE THING YOU CAN'T FORGET!
LYMAN ANDERSON

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